ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE MOOLAMATTOM (AUTONOMOUS)

UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMMES SYLLABUS

SJC-UGP

(2025 Admission Onwards)



Faculty: Social Sciences

BoS: Economics

Programme: Bachelor of Arts (Honours)

Economics

St. Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous) Arakulam - 685591, Kerala, India

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Board of Studies, Economics, St Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous)

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Syllabus Index

Name of Major: Economics

Semester: 1

Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di	Hour Distribution Week		
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	O
SJC1DSCECO100	Essentials of Economics - I	DSC A	4	5	3		2	
SJC1MDCECO100	Economics and Finance in Everyday Life	MDC	3	4	2		2	

L — Lecture, T — Tutorial, P — Practical/Practicum, O — Others

Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di	Hour Distribution / Week		
η		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	О
SJC2DSCECO100	Essentials of Economics - II	DSC A	4	5	3		2	
SJC2MDCECO100	Understanding Indian Economy	MDC	113 M	4	2		2	

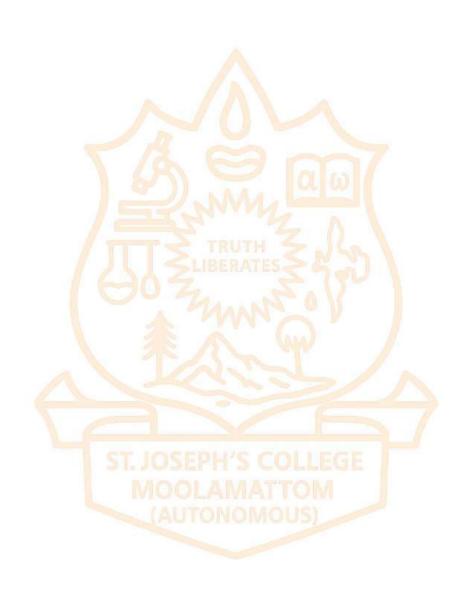
Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di		our outio eek	n /
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	0
SJC3DSCECO200	Microeconomics - I	DSC A	4	4	4			
SJC3DSCECO201	Quantitative Economics - I	DSC A	4	5	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO200	Introduction to Data Analysis for Economics (Specialisation for Econometrics and Data Analysis)			5	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO201	Financial Economics (Specialisation for Finance)	TRUTH	ES S	5	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO202	Life Insurance (Specialisation for Insurance)	DSE*	4	5	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO203	Monetary Economics	XX.	4	5	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO204	Navigating Surveys for Academic and Professional Success	SEPH'S	COLLE	5 3E	3		2	
SJC3DSEECO205	Economics of Health and Education	UTONON	(0143)	5	3		2	
SJC3DSCECO202	Basics of Fintech Entrepreneurship	DSC B	4	5	3		2	
SJC3MDCECO200	Understanding Global Economy	MDC	3	3	3			
SJC3VACECO200	Gender and Economics	VAC	3	3	3			

^{*} Choose any one course from DSE Basket

Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di	Hour Distribution / Week		
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	O
SJC4DSCECO200	Macroeconomics - I	DSC A	4	4	4			
SJC4DSCECO201	Quantitative Economics - II	DSC A	4	5	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO200	Exploring Economic Data Analytical Tools (Specialisation for Econometrics and Data Analysis)	DSE*	a	5	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO201	Financial Risk Analysis (Specialisation for Finance)	TRUTH	4	5	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO202	Insurance and Marketing (Specialization for Insurance)	W	4	5	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO203	Economics of Innovation and Entrepreneurship		4	5	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO204	Agricultural Economics	SEPH'S	co ⁴ LE	5 <u> </u>	3		2	
SJC4DSEECO205	International Finance	OLAMA	4	5	3		2	
SJC4DSCECO202	Basics of Fintech Entrepreneurship	DSC C	4	5	3		2	
SJC4SECECO200	Digital Economy Skills for Enterprise Development	SEC	3	3	3			
SJC4VACECO200	Sustainable Development Strategies and Governance	VAC	3	3	3			

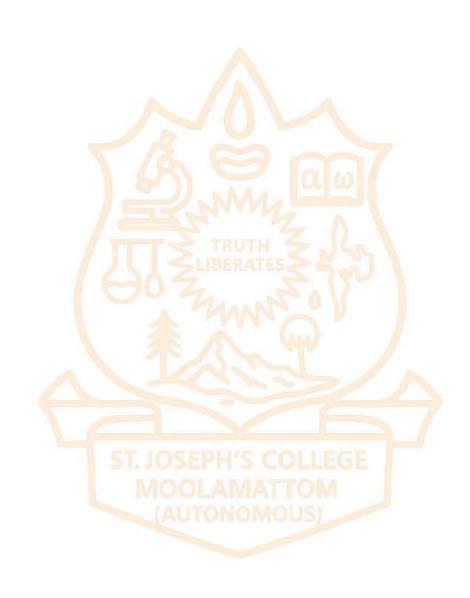
	Internship	INT	2			
SJC4INTECO200	(Summer)					

^{*} Choose any one course from DSE Basket



Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week		Hour Distribution		
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	О
SJC5DSCECO300	Econometrics -I	DSC	4	5	3		2	
SJC5DSCECO301	International Economics	DSC	4	5	3		2	
SJC5DSEECO300	Data Analysis for Economics Using Python (Specialisation for Econometrics and Data Analysis)		4	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO301	Financial Regulation and Supervision (Specialisation for Finance)	TRUTH	24 E5 3	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO302	Actuarial Science and Risk Management in Insurance (Specialisation for Insurance)	DSE*	40	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO303	Digital Economy and Business Transformation	SEPH'S	4 F	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO304	Public Economics -I	OLAMA	4	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO305	Institutional Economics	TOTONOR	4	4	4			
SJC5DSEECO306	Business Economics		4	4	4			
SJC5SECECO300	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	SEC**	3	3	3			
SJC5SECECO301	Economics of Rural Entrepreneurship		3	3	3			

- * Choose any three courses from DSE Basket ** Choose any one course from SEC Basket



Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week		We	utio eek	n /
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	О
SJC6DSCECO300	Indian Economy - I	DSC	4	5	3		2	
SJC6DSCECO301	Development Economics -I	DSC	4	4	4			
SJC6DSEECO300	Econometrics -II (Specialisation for Econometrics and Data Analysis)	70	4	5	3		2	
SJC6DSEECO301	Fundamentals of Fintech Entrepreneurship (Specialisation for Finance)	TRUTH	4°12	5	3		2	
SJC6DSEECO302	General Insurance (Specialisation for Insurance)	DSE*	4	5	3		2	
SJC6DSEECO303	Behavioural Economics	-C.	4	5	3		2	
SJC6DSEECO304	Economics of Management and Organizational Behaviour		4	5	3		2	
SJC6DSEECO305	Economics of Artificial Intelligence	OLAMA	TTOM	5	3		2	
SJC6SECECO300	Integrated Skills for Applied Economics	SEC	3	3	3			
SJC6VACECO300	Foundations of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG)	VAC	3	3	3			

^{*} Choose any two courses from DSE Basket

Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di	Hour Distribution Week		
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	О
SJC7DCCECO400	Microeconomics - II	DCC	4	5	3		2	
SJC7DCCECO401	Macro Economics - II	DCC	4	4	4			
SJC7DCCECO402	Mathematical Economics -I	DCC	4	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO400	Time Series Econometrics	V E	4	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO401	Insurance Banking and Financial Services	TRUTH	4 A N	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO402	Quantitative Economics -III	DCE*	4	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO403	Public Economics - II		4	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO404	Resource Economics and environmental Accounting		4	4	4			
SJC7DCEECO405	Research Methodology for Economics	SEPH'S	COLLE TTOM	GE ⁴	4			
SJC7DSEECO400	Techniques for Fieldwork and Research	UTONON	(0143)	4	4			
SJC7DSEECO401	Foundations of Economic Data Analysis	DSE**	4	4	4			
SJC7DSEECO402	Contemporary Economic Policies	DSE	4	4	4			
SJC7DSEECO403	Artificial Intelligence and the Economy		4	4	4			

- * Choose any three courses from DCE Basket
- ** This DSE basket is for other disciplines, i.e. learner who are opting economics as their Minor can choose any three courses from this basket.

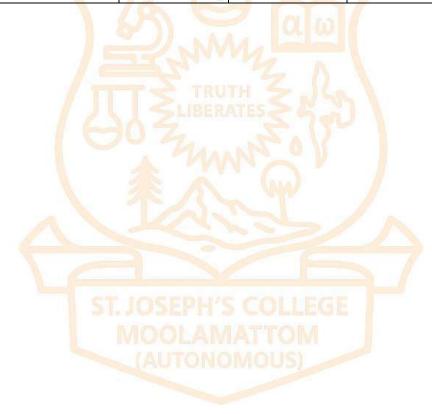


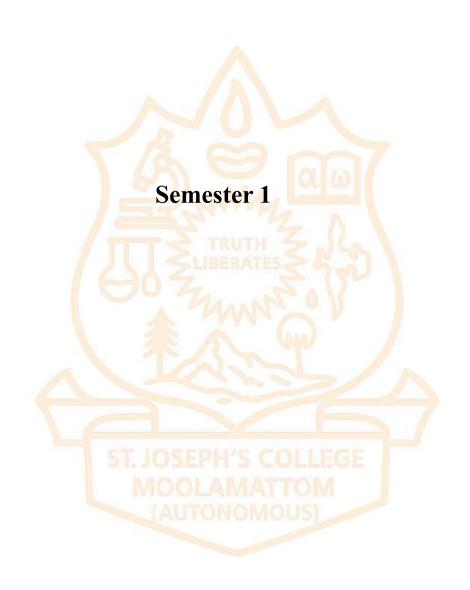
Course Code	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Credit	Hours/ week	Di	Ho strib Wo		n/
		DSC, MDC, SEC etc			L	T	P	O
SJC8DCCECO400	Indian Economy - II	DCC	4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCCECO401	Development Economics - II	DCC	4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO400	Economics of Innovation and Technological Change		4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO401	Mathematical Economics - II	7MM	4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO402	Fire and Marine Insurance	TRUTH	4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO403	Responsible Publication Ethics in Academic Research	DCE	4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO404	Kerala Economy: Pattern and Challenges		4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO405	Open Economy Macroeconomics		4	5	3		2	
SJC8DCEECO406	Heterodox Economics	SEPH'S	- 4 -E	5	3		2	
SJC8PRJECO400	Project (Honours / Research)	PRJ	(12)					

Recommended Courses (for respective semesters) for Econometrics and Data Analysis (ED) Specialisation

For those colleges choosing the specialisation of Econometrics and Data Analysis (ED), the Board of Studies strongly recommends two specialisation courses at higher difficulty level (300-399) and hence suggests the following combination of courses for this specialisation as ideal; assuming that the students will complete their specialisation courses in the Sixth Semester.

Recommended course combination for Econometrics and Data Analysis (ED)						
	Semester III	Semester IV	Semester V	Semester VI		
Course	Introduction to Data Analysis for Economics.	~~(C	Data Analysis for Economics using Python.	Econometrics – II.		







St. Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous)

Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	omics						
Course Name	Essentials of Economics - I							
Type of Course	DSC A	/ >	/ ()`	1				
Course Code	SJC1DSCECO10	00	(8)		7			
Course Level	100-199		ZHWI	42 1				
Course Summary	This course is designed to provide the learners with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamentals of Economics. By exploring the basic principles of economics, students will explore key concepts such as market mechanism, the role of government and the significance of trade. The course also aims at equipping the learners in viewing the real world scenarios and problems from the perspective of Economics.							
Semester	1	I	Credit		4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others			
	Approach	3	EPH'S OLAMA	TTOM IOUS)		75		
Pre- requisites, if any								

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand some of the basic concepts and principles of economics	U	1,2,3,10
2	understand how the market mechanism works	U	1,2
3	analyze the various types of elasticities and their economic implications.	An	1,2,10
4	evaluate the fundamental ways of government intervention in the market mechanism.	Е	1,2
5	understand the role of trade in an economy	U	1,2,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Economics – Concepts and Principles	23	
	1.1	Economics: meaning, definition, nature, scope and significance – The twin branches of economics - Microeconomics and Macroeconomics - Conceptual differences – Economic Agents: Consumer – Producer - Government - External Sector - Financial System.	5	1
	1.2	Ten Principles of Economics - How people make decisions?: people face trade-offs – everything comes with a cost – thinking at the margin – people respond to incentives, How people interact?: significance of trade – role of markets – role of government, How the economy works?: standard of living of an economy - general price level and money - the inflation - unemployment trade off.	6	1

			1
	1.3 Scientific method – Economics as a science – Role and nature of assumptions in economics – economic models and the real world – Positive and normative analysis - Difference in scientific judgement and values.	3	1
Practicum:	 Prepare a chart showing the activities of different economic agents. Draw a map/flowchart that shows the different types of financial institutions working in an economy and their products and services. Design an experiment to study how incentives influence people response (among students or general public). 	9	1
	4. Analyse a case study on how a government intervention (like control on money lenders, sand mining etc) have produced the impact.	7	
	5. Prepare a trade-off matrix about career and course selection.6. Collect photos that reflects the general standard of living of economies that have different level of per capita income.		
	7. Discussion – on trade off among different economic goals like risk and return, efficiency and equity, development and environment etc.		
	8. Discussion on relevant hot topics that enables students to understand the concepts of thinking at margin, individual's response to incentives.		
	9. Discussion on: Positive question: Is lack of skill set the reason for higher youth unemployment in India? Normative Question: Would student migration from Kerala benefit the state in the long run?		
2	Market Mechanism	20	
	2.1 Markets – Interaction between Consumer and Producer - competition - competitive and non-competitive markets	2	2

3	Efficiency of markets and role of Government	19	
	 degrees of competition. 6. Visit an active local market (like where production are auctioned, high volume trade is conducted etc.) and prepare a report on the nature of the working of the market. 7. Make a study on ice creams, seasonality, product differentiation, price elasticity, competition through advertisement, selling methods, etc. through a field study. 		
	Pandemic on Demand and Supply of different markets in Kerala like real estate market, labour market, etc. 5. Create a compilation of goods categorized according to the		
	 3. Conduct a social survey related to consumer behaviour or a market survey to identify the most demanded vegetables/fruits in the nearby market. 4. Discuss Cases (a) Market for Eggs and Market for College Education in Kerala (b) Wage Inequality in Kerala (c) Covid-19 	4	
Practicum	 Analyse demand for various categories of goods available in the market such as necessities and luxuries. Class room simulation through role play as consumers and producers deploying different tools -price, advertisement, differentiating the product slightly and giving freebees. 	9	2
	2.4 Market equilibrium and the price mechanism - Changes in market equilibrium – shifts in demand and supply curves	2	2
	2.3 Producer in the Market: Supply – Supply schedule, equation and supply curve – Factors determining supply – Shift in supply curve - Price elasticity of Supply and its measurement - determinants of price elasticity of supply – price elasticity and the supply curve	3	2
	2.2 Consumer in the market: Demand – individual and market demand – Demand schedule, equation and curve – Factors affecting demand – Expansion and extension of demand curve- Elasticity of demand: Measurement(point and arc elasticity) – degrees of elasticity - price, income and cross elasticities – determinants of price elasticity of demand – price elasticity and the demand curve	4	2

	3.1	Consumer surplus and the demand curve - Producer surplus and the supply curve	3	4
	3.2	Total surplus and the market efficiency – market efficiency and market failure	3	4
	3.3	Demand, Supply and Government Policies: Control on prices – Price ceiling – Price ceiling and market outcome - Price floors and market outcome	2	4
	3.4	Taxes on sellers and market outcome – Taxes on buyers and market outcome – Tax incidence and deadweight losses – The effect of demand and supply elasticities on the tax burden	3	4
Practicum:	1. Disc Service	cussion – Application of price ceiling in Uber and OLA es	8	4
		cussion - M <mark>inimum Support Price and its impact on pad</mark> dy		
		duct a survey/Discussion – Increasing tax on alcoholic ges and its tax impact in Kerala		
4		Trade and the External Sector	13	
	4.1	Determinants of trade – equilibrium without trade – world price and comparative advantage	3	5
	4.2	Winners and losers from trade – gains and losses of the exporting and importing countries – other benefits of international trade	3	5
	4.3	The rationale for trade restrictions – Jobs – National security – Infant industries – Unfair Competition – Bargaining Power	3	5
Practicum	Discussion – Major trade partners and the trade mix of India Debate – Free trade versus Protection			5
5		Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching
and
Learning
Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge

Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- o CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- o CD3 Class Seminars
- o CD4 Peer group Discussions

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA					
Field study, Survey, Report writing, Class Tests					
Assignments					
Seminar/Viva					
Project/Quiz/Book Review.					

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

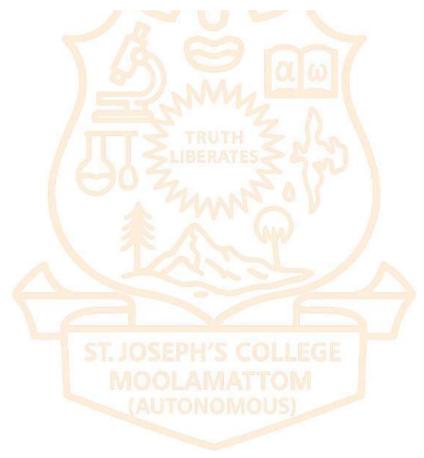
End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
	Total Marl	ks	70		

References

1. Mankiw, N. G. (2023). Principles of economics. Cengage Learning.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pindyck, Robert S., Daniel L. Rubinfeld, and Sreejata Banerjee. *Microeconomics*. 9th ed., Pearson, 2020.
- 2. Stiglitz, Joseph E., and Carl E. Walsh. Principles of Economics. W.W. Norton & Co., 2011.
- 3. Samuelson, Paul A., and William D. Nordhaus. *Economics*. 19th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2019.
- 4. Koutsoyiannis, Apostolos. Modern Microeconomics. 2nd ed., Palgrave Macmillan, 2012.
- 5. Salvatore, Dominick. *Microeconomics Theory and Applications*. 4th ed., Oxford University Press, 2014





St. Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous)

Programme								
Course Name	Economics and Finance in Everyday Life							
Type of Course	MDC							
Course Code	SJC1MDCECC	0100	I/Λ	1				
Course Level	100-199	10	Z.					
Course Summary	Acquiring life skills is an important objective of education. Some of those skills can be provided directly through courses under programmes. The Economics and Finance in Everyday Life is designed to equip the students to take right decisions based on the logic of economics, especially related to finance and management. When acquiring such knowledge and approach, the students can navigate through the life challenging situations so that they emerge as successful individuals. Similarly, the students should be conditioned with right perspective in their decision making responsibility as consumers, citizens, managers and public servants.							
Semester	1		Credits	ZON	3			
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach	2	EDLI/C	OLLEGE	9	60		
Pre- requisites, if any		MO	DLAMA TONOM	TOM				

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	examine the role of different rational and psychological factors in configuring economic and financial decisions.	E	3
2	understanding time element and other factors influencing investment decisions.	U	2

3	analysing financial decisions using different tools like decision matrix, financial ratios etc.	An	9,10
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4	examining the various risk in dealing with financial decisions.	E	9, 10
5	understanding the various methods of secure and stable personal finance management.	U	7,9
6	providing an awareness about the risks and opportunities of various personal finance options.	U	7,9

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Human Behaviour and Economic Decisions		
	1.1	Basic concepts related to economic decisions: Scarcity, choices and rational decision making-Importance of choices -Every decision bears a cost: recognising opportunity cost (e.g. making investment in bonds or equities)-Value of informed decisions and the problem of asymmetric information-Rational and emotional factors (features) in decision making-PACED model-Trade-offs in financial decision making (e.g. between risk and return).	5	1
	1.2	Heuristics, bounded rationality-Risk and uncertainty-Role of different cognitive biases influencing financial and economic decisions.	2	1
	1.3	Mental accounting and financial decisions-Benefits of human capital formation (investing in yourself) and entrepreneurship (working for yourself).	2	1
	1.4	Economics of Happiness-Altruism-Neuroeconomics.	1	2
Practicum	Prepare a brief review of the behavioural factors influencing economic decisions. Analyse the trade off in financial decision making. Design a behavioural case study where bounded rationality influences economic decisions. Prepare a report on how altruism configures modern social approach.		10	2
2	Personal Finance and Economics in the Digital Era		20	
	2.1	Time element and rate of return: Importance of time value of money in assessing future income flows-Rate of return: annual rate of return, real rate of return and expected rate of return-Simple and compound interest.	3	2

		and bonds. ne how important are KYC norms in the current digital banking t.		
Practicum:	import Exami import Compa	e a list that determines the creditworthiness of a borrower. Discuss the ance of CIBIL score in personal finance. ne the key ratios to assess stocks by taking the examples of most ant stocks. are and contrast the various factors to be considered while investing in	10	6
	3.3	Investment in securities market: Procedures for starting equity trading in India-Primary and Secondary market investment-Key ratios for assessing common stocks-Stock market simulators/virtual/paper trading platforms.	4	6
	3.2	Need for financial planning and budgeting-Investment: Debt vs equity investment.	1	6
	3.1	Types of credits: Personal loans, mortgage loans-Digital loans-Triple C in credit: Capacity, Character, Collateral-Problems of over-indebtedness-Calculation of credit score (CIBIL)-Credit report-Building and maintaining a good credit score – KYC norms-Credit cards-Precautions in credit card use.	5	6
3		onal Financ <mark>e and Wealth Ma</mark> nagement for Economic M <mark>an</mark> agement	20	
Practicum	liquidi	e a decision matrix for bonds and equities with features of return, risk, ty and marketability using a large language model. ut the various risks emanating from cyber world, especially data and y risks.	10	4, 5, 6
	2.4	Cyber security issues and digital transactions-phishing-social engineering-pharming-Spear phishing-Spoofing-malwares and router security issues – Best cyber security practices including 2FA -Key personal and financial credentials and ensuring their security in the digital world-Money laundering-Ponzi schemes and money chains and the risks involved.	3	4
	2.3	Impact of smartphones and digital economy in consumption and investment activities-Impulse buying-Need for the control of addiction and impulse behaviours in consumption and financial decision making-Prospect theory-Use of decision matrix in economic and financial decisions-Preparing decision matrix for financial products using large language models.	3	4
	2.2	Features of saving and investment as two financial alternatives- Relationship between inflation, interest rate and savings.	1	5,6

Teaching a	nd Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Learning	The course covers life related challenges and opportunities. Hence, the teacher can
Approach	adopt suitable course delivery methods in accordance with the topics.
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- CD1 -Lecture methods.
- CD2 Experience sharing by students and from the general public using the inputs from newspapers and published works.
- CD3 Demonstration: For digital and cyber security, the services of external resource persons like cyber security can be adopted.
- CD4 Peer group Discussions.
- CD 5-Student assignments on personal wealth management using *paper wealth* allocation and the measurement of its return.
- CD6- Expert talk: For classes on crypto assets, ponzi schemes etc. the services of financial sector experts, government advisories etc. can be used
- CD 7- Role playing as portfolio managers with paper wealth or mock fund allocation.
- CD 8 Identifying and listing of credentials: Instructing the students to prepare a list of the various important personal and financial data credentials and the need to keep them in a secure manner.
- CD 9: Use of computer lab.

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 Marks

Components of CCA

Class Test, Mini Project: on addiction in consumption/investment (or similar topics), questionnaire based min project (for topics like impulse buying and emotional buying) (both projects can be done with industry collaboration), Industry Expert Interaction Report, Chart/Work book/Other specific assessment/open book test, Seminar/Assignment.

Assessment Types

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Semest	er Examinatio	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30	minutes
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30
	Total Mar	ks	50

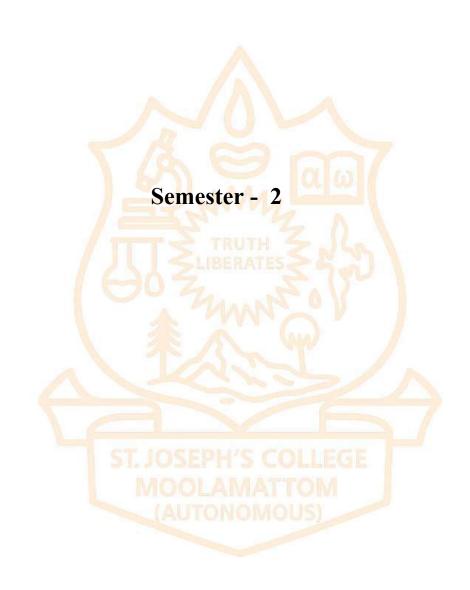
References

- 1. Housel, Morgan. The Psychology of Money. Jaico Publishing House, 2020.
- 2. Harford, Tim. The Undercover Economist. Abacus, 2007.
- 3. Kahneman, Daniel. Thinking, Fast and Slow. Penguin, 2015.

- 4. Rodrik, Dani. Economics Rules: The Rights and Wrongs of the Dismal Science. W. W. Norton & Company, 2016.
- 5. Dixit, Avinash K., and Barry J. Nalebuff. Thinking Strategically: The Competitive Edge in Business, Politics, and Everyday Life. W. W. Norton & Company, 2018.
- 6. Acemoglu, Daron, James A. Robinson, and Simon Johnson. Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Poverty and Prosperity. Random House Trade Paperbacks, 2013.
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- 9. Plagnol, Anke, and Philip Corr. Behavioural Economics: The Basics. Routledge, 2023.
- 10. Rajiv K Tayal, Art of Handling Money and Investments: A practical guide to Personal Finances, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd, 2023.
- 11. John S. Hammond, Ralph L. Keeney, and Howard Raiffa, Smart Choices: A Practical Guide to Making Better Decisions, Harvard Business Review Press, 2015.
- 12. Jacinta Chan, Financial Times Guides to Technical Analysis: How to trade like a professional, Financial Times Publishing, 2011.
- 13. Richard D Wyckoff, How I Trade and Invest in Stocks and Bonds, Martino Fine Books, 2011.
- 14. Apurva Parikh, Secrets to improve your CIBIL Score, Kindle, 2021.
- 15. Mayur Jariwala, The Cyber Security Roadmap: A Comprehensive Guide to Cyber Threats, Cyber Laws and Cyber Security Training for a Safer Digital World, Kindle, 2023.
- 16. Dave Ramsey, The Total Money Makeover: A Proven Plan for Financial Fitness, Thomas Nelson Publishers, 2024.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Harari, Yuval Noah. Sapiens: A Brief History of Humankind. Harper Perennial, 2015.
- 2. Kiyosaki, Robert T. Rich Dad Poor Dad: What the Rich Teach Their Kids About Money That the Poor and Middle Class Do Not!. Plata Publishing, 2017.
- 3. A Standard Personal Finance Curriculum, Federal Reserve Banks of Atlanta and St. Louis, 2020.





St. Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous)

Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics	A			
Course Name	Essentials of Eco	nomics — II	$\sqrt{\Lambda}$			
Type of Course	DSC A	B	Z		*	
Course Code	SJC2DSCECO10	00		αω/		
Course Level	100-199					
Course Summary	contemporary issue	ues. Through oles and met cs. The course	this course, thodologies, e also enables	ration of economic learners gain a pra enabling them to the learner to under	ctical under comprehend	estanding of real-world
Semester	2	T	Credit	s	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	
	Approach	ST. 3OS MOC	EPH'S ()LAMA TONON	COLLEGE TTOM OUS)		75
Pre- requisites, if any						

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon the completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the basic concepts related to economics and human nature.	U	6, 7, 8, 10,
2	understand the role of time in economic decisions.	U	1, 2, 10
3	examine the role of information in economic decision making.	An	1,2
4	examine the significance of social behaviour and instincts in economic decision making.	С	1, 2, 3
5	understand the structure of financial system in an economy	U	1,2,3
6	understand the fundamental ideas of macroeconomics	U	1,2,3

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	1	Foundations of Economic Behaviour	13	
	1.1	Rationality in Economics – Different views of Human Nature: Classical, Neo Classical and Behavioural.	3	1
	1.2	Economic decisions: role of time – emotions - constraints and information – influential factors – Self-interest and altruism – the neuroeconomics perspective	4	2
Practicum:	2. Discu Conduct	Rationality game in the classroom ssion: Why do people give tips at restaurants? Is it necessary? an open classroom poll and discuss ssion: the nature of human beings (Self-interest versus altruistic ars).	6	2

2		Economics of Information and Social Economics	23	
	2.1	Asymmetric information - Adverse selection (Used car market and Insurance market) – Market solution to adverse selection: Signaling – Moral Hazard (Labour market and Insurance market) – Government policy in the world of asymmetric information.	7	3
		The Economics of Charity and fairness – The economics of revenge and trust – How others influence our decisions – Where do our preferences come from – The economics of peer effects–Following the Crowd: Herding - Cooperation, negotiation, conflicts of interest, and social norms.	6	4
Practicum:		sion: Adverse selection issue in the used car/mobile phone d suggest ways to overcome it]		
		se demand for various categories of goods available in the market	10	3,4
		et a social survey related to consumer behaviour or conducts a rvey to identify the most demanded vegetables/fruits in the arket.		
		sion: Why do People give Charity? Play a trust/cooperation ne classroom.		
	1. Play a	nn ultimatum game in the classroom.		
3	Fi	nancial System and its components	18	
	3.1	Role of financial system in an economy – Formal and informal sector - Components of financial system: institutions, markets, instruments and services(overview only)	4	5
	3.2	Banking and Non–Banking Institutions - Role of the Central Monetary Authority (overview only)	3	5
	3.3	Financial Markets – Primary and secondary markets – money market and capital market - Stock Exchanges(overview only)	2	5
	3.4	Financial Instruments – money market instruments – capital market instruments(overview only)	1	5

Practicum:		ssion on the Indian Financial system and its structure ate how trading happens in stock exchanges	8	5
		ss how the money market and capital market has evolved in India past few decades		
4	E	conomy as a whole – Macroeconomics	21	
	4.1	Circular flow in the economy – National Income, expenditure and Output – Methods of measuring National Income - Aggregate Demand, Aggregate Supply and the macroeconomic equilibrium(basic concepts only)	5	6
	4.2	National Income Concepts: GDP and its components-GNP-NDP-NNP, Factor Cost and Market Price	4	6
	4.3	Cost of living – measurement – PPI and CPI - GDP deflator – Real, nominal interest rate and inflation - unemployment(concept only)	4	6
	4.4	Fiscal and Monetary Policy – Instruments (a general overview)	2	6
Practicum:	2. Identif	ession – Practical difficulties of measuring national income in the of own labour, housewife services etc. Ey and discuss the experiences of high inflation and its ences on different nations. Ession – Dearness Allowance and inflation	6	6
5		Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching
and
Learning
Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge

Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Course Delivery Methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- o CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- o CD3 Class Seminars
- o CD4 Peer group Discussions

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

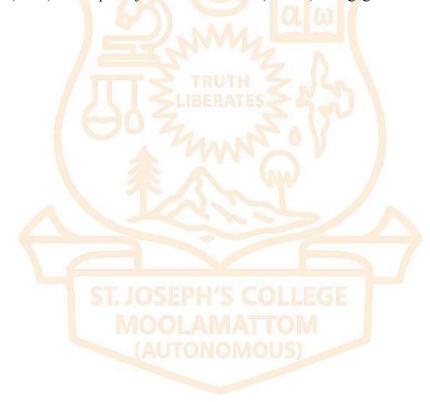
Components of CCA	
Class Tests	
Assignments	
Seminar/Viva	
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc	

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
	70					

Reference

- 1. Mankiw, N. G. Principles of Microeconomics. Cengage India, 2018.
- 2. Goodwin, Neva et al. Microeconomics in Context. Routledge, 5th ed., 2021. Chapter 7 Link: https://www.bu.edu/eci/files/2019/05/MIC 3e Ch7.pdf
- 3. Acemoglu, Daron et al. Economics. Pearson, 2019. Free eBook Link: https://www.yumpu.com/en/document/read/65840393/daron-acemoglu-david-laibson-john-a-list-economics-pearson-international
- 4. The CORE Project. The Economy. CORE, 2016. Free eBook Link: https://core-econ.org/the-economy/v1/index.html
- 5. V Pathak, B. (2018). *Indian Financial System* (5th ed.). Pearson.
- 6. Mankiw, N. G. (2022). Principles of Macroeconomics (8th ed.). Cengage.





St. Joseph's College Moolamattom (Autonomous)

Programme						
Course Name	Understanding Indian Economy					
Type of Course	MDC					
Course Code	SJC2MDCECO100					
Course Level	100-199					
Course Summary	This course offers a comprehensive overview of the Indian economy, covering diverse areas such as the banking sector, financial systems, public finance, and development issues pertinent to both the Indian and Kerala economies. It is designed to prepare students for various competitive examinations by providing them with a solid understanding of key economic concepts and principles. With a dynamic approach, the course integrates factual information and current affairs, ensuring students stay abreast of the latest developments and trends in the Indian economy.					
Semester	2	00.	Credits			Total
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	2	EDH'S	OLLEGE		60
Pre- requisites, if any		MOC	DLAMA	TTOM lous)		1

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	define the basic concepts of National Income, measures of Money supply and types of inflation, bank rates, recommendations of banking committees and digital economy components.	K	1,2,9,10

2	list out money and capital market Instruments, regulatory bodies and credit rating agencies in financial markets.	K	1,2,9
3	label the sources of revenue and expenditure and relate Current budget components.	K	1,2
4	recall the development indices and demographic characteristics of India.	K	1,2,7
5	explain the performance of agriculture, Industry and service sector of India	U	1,2,6,9,10
6	relate Kerala economy to the performance of the Indian Economy.	U	1,2,6,9,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.	
1		Basic Concepts	20		
	1.1	Sectors in the Indian context.			
	1.2	India's demographic profile and features-demographic dividend-HDI, IHDI-SDG-Multidimensional Poverty Index-Happiness Index-Incidence of poverty in India.	2	1	
	1.3	Money and Central Banking: Functions of RBI-Monetary Policy-eRupee.	2	2	
	1.4	Price level and its management-Inflation: types-deflation- reflation- stagflation- Measurement of inflation: WPI and CPI-Anti inflationary measures.	2	3	
	1.5	Environment and Climate Change: India's Net Zero Commitment - Energy Transition in India-Renewable Energy Targets-Carbon credit and Carbon tax-COP 28.	2	1	
Practicum:	1. 2. 3.	Prepare a report on the latest Annual Monetary Policy Statement of the RBI. Discuss the different measures of inflation in India and their elevance. Energy transition and emission reduction programmes in India.		1	
2		Financial System and Trade			
	2.1	Financial Market in India -Money and Capital Market- Structure and instruments of India's capital market-Stock Exchanges and Indices in India-SEBI-NSDL, CDSL, GIFT IFSC.			

	2.2	Structure of India's Banking System-Commercial Banks including Payment Banks and SFBs-Regulation and Supervision of the Banking System by the RBI.	2	4	
	2.3 Digital Payment system in India- UPI's ecosystem-role of NPCI.				
	2.4	Key Concepts of Balance of Payments-Current Account and Capital Account-Exchange rate movements: Depreciation and Appreciation-India's current Balance of Payment Situation- Different types of capital flows - Foreign Exchange Reserves.	3	4	
	2.5	Composition and direction of India's Foreign Trade.	1	4	
Practicum	2. Gi 3. Me	2. Give an outline of the structure of India's banking system.			
3		Budget Policy	20		
	3.1	Fiscal Policy: meaning and significance-Major central government taxes-Personal income Tax and Corporate Income Tax-Features of GST-GST Council.	3	5,6	
	3.2	The central government budget-major receipts and expenditures of the central government-important indicators in the budget and their implications-Finance Commission.	3	5	
	3.3	Public Expenditure in India-FRBM Act-Public Debt.	2	5,6	
	3.4	Kerala Economy-features-Challenges and prospects-the fiscal situation in Kerala.	2	5,6	
Practicum:	2. Lis	2. List the major taxes of the Union government.			
4		Teacher Specific Module			

	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)			
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge			
Teaching and Learning Approach	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions			
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods			
	CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.			
	CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments			

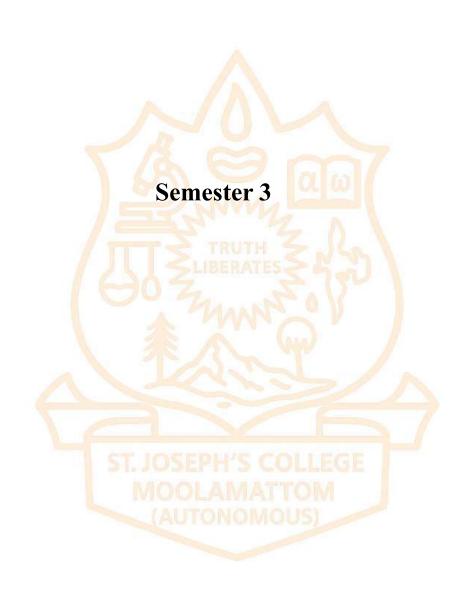
	CD4 - Peer group Discussions				
	MODE OF ASSES Continuous Comp		sment (CCA): 25 Mark	s	
		Comp	ponents of CCA		
		Class Test-I			
			Other specific assessmen	nts/	
		Seminar/Assignm	CIII.		
	minutes.				
essment Types		ster Examinatio	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30	minutes	
essment Types			on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 Number of questions to be answered	minutes Marks	
essment Types	End Seme		Number of questions		
Types	End Seme Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	

References

- 1. Mankiw, N. Gregory. Principles of Macro Economics. Cengage India, 2022.
- 2. Sundharam, K. P. M. *Banking: Theory, Law and Practice* (Recent edition). Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2019.
- 3. Musgrave, Richard A., and Peggy B. Musgrave. *Public Finance in Theory and Practice*. McGraw-Hill, 1989.
- 4. Bhatia, H. L. *Public Finance* (30th ed.). Vikas Publishing House Pvt., New Delhi, 2020.
- 5. Meier, Gerald M. *Leading Issues in Economic Development*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Datt, Gaurav, and Amitava Mahajan. *Indian Economy*. S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2015.
- 7. Misra, S. K., and V. K. Puri. *Indian Economy* (41st ed.). Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2023.
- 8. Dhingra, I. C. *Indian Economy*. Sultan Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2018.
- 9. Ministry of Finance, Government of India. *Economic Survey (Current Year)*.
- 10. Kerala State Planning Board. Kerala Economic Review (Current Year).

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. https://censusindia.gov.in/census.website/
- 2. https://www.indiabudget.gov.in/
- 3. https://www.rbi.org.in/
- 4. https://pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=1707203





Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Microeconomic	Microeconomics - I						
Type of Course	DSC A							
Course Code	SJC3DSCECO2	200	$J\Lambda$					
Course Level	200-299	B						
Course Summary	making, ranging dynamic relation prices and resou market competi- critical thinking	This course provides essential tools for analysing how scarcity influences decision-making, ranging from personal budgeting to corporate profit maximization. Explore the dynamic relationship between supply and demand, investigating the forces that determine prices and resource distribution. Through the examination of real-world examples such as market competition, government policies, and external factors, learners will enhance critical thinking and problem-solving abilities. This course empowers learners to make informed decisions as a citizen and effectively navigate economic challenges in their						
Semester	3		Credits	W.o.h	4			
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach 4							
Pre- requisites, if any		MOG	DLAMA	TTOM				

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	application of microeconomic concepts to analyse real-life situations	A, K, U	2,4,10
2	develop the fundamentals of production and cost in the economy	A, E, U	1,2,4,10

3	distinguish different market forms existing in the economy	An, E, Ap	2,4,10

4	develop economic tools to analyze the economic policies in daily life	C, A, U	1,2,8,10
	ber (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (Eppreciation (Ap)	Z), Create (C), Skill (S),	Interest

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.	
1		Analysing Consumer <mark>s Equili</mark> brium	15		
	1.1	Indifference Curve-Properties-MRS-Budget Line-Price Line-Consumer's Equilibrium-Price Consumption Curve-Income Consumption Curve-Giffen Goods.	5	1	
	1.2	Decomposition of price effect into income and substitution effect: 1.2 Hicks - Limitations of indifference curve analysis - Weak and strong ordering -Revealed preference theorem.			
	1.3	New approaches to Consumer theory - Pragmatic approach and Linear expenditure system (Concepts only)	3	1	
2		15			
	2.1	2.1 Isoquant - Properties – MRTS - Iso cost Line - Optimal Input combination - Producer Equilibrium-Expansion Path -Ridge Line.			
	2.2	Traditional Theory of Cost: Short run and long-run cost curves – Modern theory of Cost.	7	2	
3		Market Structure	15		
	3.1	Perfect Competition – Features - Long run and short run equilibrium – Shutdown point – Monopoly - Short run and long run equilibrium - Price discrimination - Degrees and types under monopoly - Dumping.	9	3	
	3.2	Bilateral Monopoly (concepts only) – Monopsony - (concept only) - Comparison between Perfect Competition and Monopoly.	6	3	
4		Contemporary Market Structure	15		
	4.1	Monopolistic Competition-Features-Short and Long run equilibrium.	5	4	
	4.2	Oligopoly-Features- Sweezy model- Duopoly (Concept only)- Cartel and price leadership (concepts only).	5	4	
	4.3	Welfare Economics-Nature and scope- Pareto Ontimality Criterion-			
5		Teacher Specific Module			

	Classroom Procedu	re (Mode of tr	ansaction)				
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge						
Teaching and Learning Approach Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Fost engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group Discussions							
			E OF ASSESSMENT	N# 1			
	A. Continuous Co	mprehensive A	Assessment (CCA) – 30	Marks			
		Co	omponents of CCA				
	Cla	ass Tests		7			
	Assignments						
			WVV -				
	Se	minar/Viva					
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.						
Assessment	B. End Semester Examination (ESE) – 70 marks.						
Types	B. End Semester Ex	xamination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	iour <mark>s.</mark>	1		
		A A	/ Mh				
	End	Se <mark>mester Exa</mark>	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s			
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
		Total Mar	ks	70			

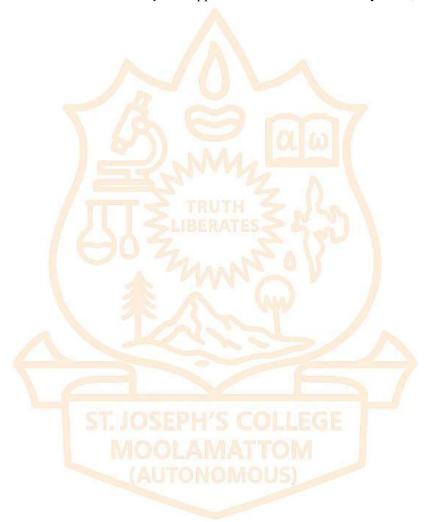
Reference

- 1. Koutsoyiannis, Apostolos. Modern Microeconomics. Palgrave Macmillan, 1979.
- 2. Salvatore, Dominic. *Microeconomic Theory and Applications*. 4th ed., Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 3. Pindyck, Robert S., Daniel L. Rubinfeld, and David N. Weil. *Microeconomics*. Recent ed., Pearson Education India, 2018.
- 4. Maddala, G. S., and Ellen E. Miller. *Microeconomics: Theory and Applications*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.

- 5. Case, Karl E., and Ray C. Fair. Principles of Economics. 8th ed., Pearson Education India, 2007.
- 6. Varian, Hal R. *Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach*. 7th ed., W. W. Norton & Company, 2014.
- 7. Watson, John, and Wally J. Getz. *Price Theory and Its Uses*. 5th ed., AITBS Publishers Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 8. Schaum's Outline of Microeconomics. 4th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.

Suggested Readings:

1. Sen, Amartya. Microeconomics: Theory and Applications. Oxford University Press, 1999.





Programme	BA (Hons) Ecor	nomics						
Course Name	Quantitative Ec	Quantitative Economics - I						
Type of Course	DSC A	DSC A						
Course Code	SJC3DSCECO2	201	/ U					
Course Level	200-299	13	8	007				
Course Summary		sis. The cours	se also aims	th the fundamentals to enable the leave.				
Semester	3	41/3	Credi	ts Ship	4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others			
	Approach	3			7	75		
Pre-requisites, if any	4	ST. JOSE	PH'S C	OLLEGE	H			

CO	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
1	understand the fundamental concepts of mathematics.	U	1

2	understand the significance of mathematical approach in economic analysis.	U	3	
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3	evaluate real life problems and formulate these into simple mathematical problems.	E	2,10
4	apply the fundamental mathematical tools in finding solutions to simple problems in economics.	A	2
5	solve simple mathematical problems that address issues in economics	С	1

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Fundamental mathematics for Economic Analysis	20	
	1.1	Basic concepts: variables, constants, parameters, equations, exponents and logarithm	2	1
	1.2	Set theory - types of sets -set operations – Venn diagrams.	4	1
	1.3	Relations and Functions: types - Linear and Quadratic, exponential and logarithmic - Graphs of these functions — Some general functions in economics (Utility, Production, Cost, Revenue, Profit, Demand, Supply, Consumption, Investment)	4	1
	1.4	Solution to system of equations up to two unknowns – Examples in economics(Market model, Simple Keynesian model)	2	5

Practicum:	2. Disci	 Debate on the usefulness of mathematics for economic analysis Discussion after comparing functional relationships in sciences (from the school level science courses) and economics Discussion after plotting different types of functions 		
2		Fundamentals of Probability	14	
	2.1	Probability: Concepts (Random experiments, sample space, events)		
	2.2	Rules of probability (addition and multiplication theorem)	2	2
	2.3	Conditional probability and its properties	2	2
Practicum	2. Use probabil	Use the coin tossing experiment to explain the concepts Use a pack of cards and make students understand how probability can be used Use the dice rolling experiment and make them understand the concept of conditional probability		
3		Fundamentals of Linear Algebra	20	
	3.1	Matrices, types and fundamental operations – addition, subtraction and multiplication	4	1,2
	3.2	Elementary operations on a matrix – transpose of a matrix	2	1,2
	3.3	Determinants(upto 3x3) and its properties	2	1,2
	3.4	Minor, Cofactor and Adjoint of a Matrix	2	2
	3.5	Inverse and its properties	2	4

	3.6	Solutions of simultaneous equations using Cramer's Rule – Examples from economics(two commodity market model, national income model)	3	5	
Practicum	1. Discu	ss the Input – Output model and its importance	5	3	
4		Basic Calculus for Economics	21		
	4.1	1	1		
	4.2	Slope of a curve and the derivative: - meaning and significance – (Total and Marginal concepts in economics).	2	1	
	4.3	Rules of differentiation: sum-difference, power, product and quotient, chain, implicit function	4	2	
	4.4	Higher order derivatives: Optimising functions of single real variable - Economic decisions and the optima (Functions like Utility, Profit, Cost etc.).	5	2	
Practicum:	1. Illusti derivativ	ration of calculating marginal concepts from table and using wes.	9	2	
	maximis 3. Disc	 Illustrate the concept of optimisation using the profit maximisation example (with diagrams if necessary). Discussion on decisions being made at the optima especially economic decisions. 			
5		Teacher Specific Module			
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroo provide Active-in Foster st	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.			
	o CD2	- Tutorials/Assignments			

Assessment Types	o CD3 - Class Sem o CD4 - Peer grou	p discussions	DE OF ASSESSMENT ssessment (CCA) – 30 Mark	s
		C	omponents of CCA	
		Class Tests	A	
		Assignment	S	_
		Seminar/Viv	⁄a	
		Project/Quiz	z/Book Review/Fieldwork etc	7
	B. End Semester Ex	amination (ESI	E): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.	
		End Semester	Examination (ESE) 2 Hours	5
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
		Total Ma	arks	70

Reference

- 1. Chiang, A. C., & Wainwright, K. (2013). Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics.
- 2. Dowling, E. (2000). Schaum's Outline of Introduction to Mathematical Economics, 3rd Edition. McGraw Hill Professional
- 3. Anthony, M., Biggs, N., & Biggs, N. L. (1996). *Mathematics for Economics and Finance: Methods and Modelling*. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Simon, C. P. (2010). Mathematics For Economists.
- 5. Jacques, I. (2017). Mathematics for Economics and business.

Suggested Readings:

1. Holden, K., & Pearson, A. W. (1992). *Introductory Mathematics for Economics and Business*.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	BA (Hons) Economics				
Course Name	Introduction to	Data Analysis	for Economic	s		
Type of Course	DSE					
Course Code	SJC3DSEECO2	00	$J(\Lambda)$			
Course Level	200-299	- B	~			
Course Summary	of economics. Co applications such to model econom The course equip	This course is designed to provide students with fundamental data analysis skills in the field of economics. Covering statistical methods and quantitative tools, it emphasizes hands-on applications such as data exploration, visualization, and interpretation. Students will learn to model economic trends, make predictions, and extract meaningful insights from datasets. The course equips them to contribute effectively to economic decision- making, market research, and policy formulation in an increasingly data-centric				
Semester	3	00.	Credits	4501	4	Total
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	3	0	1		75
Pre- requisites, if any	Computer lab facility is a prerequisite for this course. At least 40% of the class should be taken with practical sessions in the computer lab.					

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains	PO No
1	Understand the fundamentals of spread-sheet packages for data analysis.	U	1

2	Apply data analysis tools to simple problems in economics.	A	2	
---	--	---	---	--

3	Analyse data using the basic techniques learnt.	An	2
4	Create simple models for economic analysis.	С	2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to spreadsheets	16	
	1.1	Introducing spreadsheets as a tool for data analysis	1	1
	1.2	Terminology and navigation - entering data - basic operations, operators and functions		1
	1.3	Creating and using named cells - working with multiple sheets- avoiding errors, data types and basic treatments	3	1
	1.4	Some inbuilt functions: COUNT(), MIN(), MAX(), SUM(), AVERAGE(), ROUND(), text functions: LEFT(), RIGHT(), MID(), TRIM(), LEN(), FIND(),	5	1
		SEARCH(), REPT(), CONCATENATE(), REPLACE(), VALUE(), UPPER(), LOWER(), CHAR()		
D (1)		vigation and basic ope <mark>rations</mark>	4	2
Practicum:	2. Usi	ing the inbuilt functions on datasets		
2		Handling, charting and simple modelling using data	18	
	2.1	Data sorting, filtering and parsing	2	2
	2.2	Data charting: xy scatter plot-secondary axis, column and bar charts, pie-chart, legends and titles	2	2
	2.3	Modelling: Symbols, expressions and simple models, creating general algebraic models-simple functions in economics, logical tests-linear functions involving logical tests	3	2
	2.4	Vertical lookup function, Combining conditional statements with lookup functions	3	2
Practicum		ng filters to answer specific questions on datasets ting data using different charts	8	2,3

3. Using conditional tests and lookup functions on datasets	
	l

3	Collating and describing data			
	3.1	Collating and categorising: Frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution(discrete and continuous) - selecting class interval, categorising data, Pivot tables	2	2,3
	3.2	Central tendency: mean, median, mode and weighted averages	2	3
	3.3	Dispersion: range, standard deviation, variance, inter quartile range, coefficient of variation	2	3
	3.4	Calculating the mean, standard deviation and variance from frequency distributions	2	3
Practicum		ng pivot tables on d <mark>ata</mark> ng measures of central tendency and dispersion on datasets	6	2,3
4		Corre <mark>lation, regression and financial arithmetic</mark>	27	
	4.1	Correlation analysis: Pearson's correlation coefficient- scattergram and CORREL() function, Cross-tabulation and contingency tables	3	2,3
	4.2	Regression analysis: Simple linear regression, adding trendline to the scattergram-INTERCEPT() and SLOPE() functions, non-linear regression	4	2,3,4
	4.3	Addins: using Data Analysis Routine for calculating mean, standard deviation and variance of variables – correlation and regression coefficients.	3	2,3,4
	4.4	Financial Arithmetic: simple interest, compound interest, fractional years, variations in the compounding period, continuous compounding, growth rate calculations, annuities, debt repayments, Net Present Value and Internal Rate of Return	5	2,3
	1. Using functions to find correlation coefficient and regression coefficients			
Practicum	tables	ng Analysis toolpack for creating correlation matrix and regression	12	2,3,4
	3. Creating financial arithmetic calculators			
5		Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching and
Learning
Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures and Lab based exercises: Traditional lectures can be supplemented by lab based exercises. An important part of this course is that students should learn the basic data analysis skills through computer lab sessions. At least fifty percent of the sessions should be engaged with the help of computer lab/exercises.

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- CD1 Lecture and computer lab sessions.
- CD2 Tutorials/Assignments.
- CD3 Peer teaching.

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- I. Theory 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks,
- **B**. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

Components	Marks
Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignment, Mini Project, Open Book test, Industry Visit Report.	25
Total Marks	25

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes							
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
Short Essay	nort Essay 150 words 6 out of 10		6 x 5 = 30				
	50						

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)

Components	Marks
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of a Data Analysis solution, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15
Total Marks	15

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1 hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)			
Туре	Marks		
Lab based examination.	35		
Total Marks	TRUTH 35 BERATES		

References

- 1. Whigham, D. (2007). Business data analysis using Excel. Oxford University Press
- 2. Bissett, B. D. (2018). Automated data analysis using Excel. CRC Press.
- 3. Winston, W. L. (2022). MICROSOFT EXCEL 2019: Data Analysis and Business Modelling.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Moore, David S., et al.(2021), The Basic Practice of Statistics.
- 2. Keller, G. (2014). Statistics for Management and Economics. Cengage Learning



Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	BA (Hons) Economics				
Course Name	Financial Eco	Financial Economics				
Type of Course	DSE	DSE				
Course Code	SJC3DSEECO	201	2 6	lωl		
Course Level	200-299	Zhu	MY	0.		
Course Summary	principles and gives an unders markets, assets prepares indivi-	Financial economics offers an in-depth exploration of how economic principles and theories drive financial decisions, markets, and policies. It gives an understanding of the fundamental principles underlying financial markets, assets, and the allocation of resources in an economy. This course prepares individuals for careers in finance, banking, consulting, investment management, and policy analysis by providing a comprehensive understanding of the complex relationship between economics and finance and decision making.				
Semester	ST. JO	SEPH'	Credits	LEGE	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum/	Others	
				Practical		
		3		1		75

T.	• • .	• •
Pre-req	29112111	it anv
110104	uisites	11 411,

Should have a basic knowledge in economics and financial institutions

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand and analyse Financial Economic Concepts.	Understand and Analyze	1,2
2	evaluate Financial Assets.	Evaluate	2
3	enhance Financial Planning Skills.	Apply	4,5
4	design Financial Strategy.	Create	1,2
5	apply Financial theory.	Create	10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description		CO No.
		An Introduction to financial Economics	21	
1	1.1	Indian Financial System- money market and New Issue market and Stock Exchanges- Regulation and supervision of financial system.	3	1

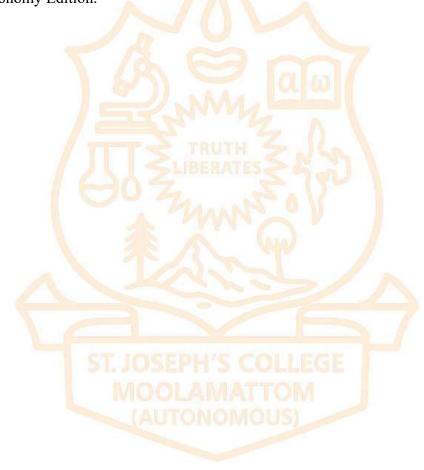
	1.2	Financial Economic Methods-Discounting-Risk Management and diversification.	2	1
	1.3	Single-period random cash flows Random asset returns; portfolios of assets; portfolio mean and variance; feasible combinations of mean and variance.	3	1
	1.4 Mean-variance portfolio analysis: the Markowitz model and the two-fund theorem; risk-free assets and the one-fund theorem.		3	2
	Practicum	Analyse a set of financial data using the technique of singe period random cash flows method. Use the mean and variance to exhibit the properties of a set of financial data.	10	2
2		Capital Pricing and Investment Theory	25	
	2.1	The capital market line; the capital asset pricing model; the beta of an asset and of a portfolio; security market line; use of the Capital Asset Pricing Model(CAPM) in investment analysis and as a pricing formula.	3	1
	2.2	Financial Investment -Theory and structure of interest rates.	2	1,10
	2.3	Corporate finance-, Corporate Finance Patterns of corporate financing: common stock; debt; preferences; convertibles; Capital structure and the cost of capital; corporate debt and dividend policy; the Modigliani Miller theorem. Time Value of Money: Future Value, Present Value, Valuation of annuities and perpetuities.	6	4
	2.4	Investment Criteria: Net Present Value, Benefit Cost Ratio, Internal Rate of Return,Discounted Payback Period –risk and return-measurement of risk and return of an asset.	4	2

	racticum	Prepare a data analysis project about assessment of financial investment using NPV. Discuss how the risk and return evaluation can be done for an asset.	10	3
3		Risk and Return	20	
	3.1	Types of Risk-Measurement and trade-off between risk and return-Asymmetric information-Moral hazard-Adverse selection – Principal Agent Problem (Concepts Only).	5	1
	3.2	Interest risk management -Liquidity management- Recent financial failures.	2	1
	3.3	Introduction to Personal Finance- Goal setting –cash management - SIP-investment alternatives-retirement plans (concept only).	3	3,4,5
	Practicum	Analyse the trade-off between risk and return in the case of different types of assets using a secondary data. Prepare an assignment about any of the recent mega financial failures.	10	4
	1	Derivative Markets	9	
4	4.1	Brief history of derivatives.	1	1
	4.2	Types - Forwards, futures, options and swaps –arbitrage - Theories of future prices –Cost of Carry Model, The expectation Model (Concepts Only).	4	1
	4.3	Exchange Traded Funds and others.	2	1
	4.4	Valuation of derivatives-Black Scholes Model (Concept only).	2	1

5			Teach	er specific Mo	dule				
Teaching a Learning App		Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)							
Learning App	Ivacii	solid	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge						
			Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions						
		Sugg	ested Course D	elivery Metho	ds				
		o CI	O1 - Lecture by	use of boards/L	.CD projectors/ Projector	rs etc.			
		o Cl	D2 - Tutorials/A	ssignments					
		o Cl	D3 - Class Semi	nars					
		o Cl	D4 - <mark>P</mark> eer g <mark>rou</mark> p	Discussions					
			-/= i	MAAN	42 1				
Assessment T	ypes	Α. (C <mark>ontinuo</mark> us <mark>C</mark> o		OF ASSESSMENT Assessment (CCA) – 30 I	Marks			
			(() 0	Com	ponents of CCA				
			Class	Tests					
			Assig	nments					
			Seminar/Viva						
			Proje	ct/Practicum/Q	uiz/Book Review/Fieldw	ork etc.			
		B. Er	nd Semester Ex	amination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	nours.			
			MC	OLAM	ATTOM		_		
			End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s I			
		De	escriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
		Sh	ort Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
		Sh	ort Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
				70					

References

- 1. Roy B. (2005). The Economics of Financial Markets.
- 2. Boddie, K. M. and Ryan (2003). Investments. McGraw-Hill Publications, New York.
- 3. Copeland, T. E. and Weston, J. F. (1988). Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley.
- 4. Hull, J. M. (2003). Futures, Options and other Derivatives, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Ross. S. A., Randolph W. W., Jordan, B. D. and Roberts, G. S. (2005). Fundamentals of Corporate Finance, McGraw-Hill Publications, New York.
- 6. Robert C. R. (2002). Investment Concepts, Analysis and Strategies.
- 7. Machiraju H. R. (2000). Indian Financial System, Vikas Publishing House
- 8. Fisher, D. E. and Jordan, R. J. (1999). Security Analysis and Portfolio management, Eastern Economy Edition.





Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	A (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Life Insurance						
Type of Course	DSE	SE					
Course Code	SJC3DSEECO2	JC3DSEECO202					
Course Level	200-299	10	40				
Course Summary	economic analys	This course is designed to equip learners with the fundamental statistical tools used in economic analysis. This course also aims at empowering students with the basic requirements for analysing economic data.					
Semester	3		Credi		4	Total Hours	
Course Details		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	nours	
	Learning Approach	3	0	W 1		75	

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	To extends the information on the origin and nature of Insurance	U	1
2	To understand the essentials of life insurance contract	Ap	2

3	To understand different types of life insurance products and the	A	10
	procedure for settling the claims in life insurance.		

4	To assess the role of insurance agents and legal requirements in	An	2					
	insurance business.							
*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest								
(I) and	Appreciation (Ap)							

Module	dule Units Course description		Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Life Insurance	20	
	1.1	Insurance - Meaning - Types of Insurance.	2	1
	1.2	Difference between life and non-life insurance- Different types of General Insurance products in India Evolution of life insurance, ancient India - modern form of life insurance.	4	2
	1.3	Growth of Insurance industry after independence ,Important regulation of life insurance business in India, Individual life insurance.	2	2
-	1.4	Insurance sector reforms, IRDA Structure and function, Life Insurance Corporation.	2	2
	Practicum	Map out the conceptual foundations of life insurance as a financial product. Discuss the functions of IRDA. Explain the trends in the growth of insurance industry in India.	10	2
2		Life Insurance Contract	24	
	2.1	Insurance as a contract, distinguishing characteristics, insurable interest, utmost good faith, principle of indemnity- doctrine of subrogation - warranties, medical examination.	5	1
	2.2	Nomination and assignment, lapse revival, surrender value, paid up policies, maturity, loan to policyholders.	3	2

4	Life	e Insurance Salesmanship and Benefit Payment	16	
	Practicum	Explain the significance of LIC as a market leader.	2	3
	3.5	Types of claim settlements, Survival, Maturity and Death claims, Proposal, Missing persons, Presumption of Death.	2	1
	3.4	Life Insurance, Taxation Aspects, Different types of insurance policies, individual life Insurance Plans, Retirement benefits that are to be by the employer to employees, Equity Linked Insurance Plans.	4	3
	3.3	Pension and Annuities-individual pension scheme principles and types, Reinsurance,- types of Different methods.	3	2
	3.2	General structure of a policy document, Concept of Risk Management.	2	2
	3.1	Important life insurance policies issued by the Life Insurance Corporation of India, Life Insurance activities, Group insurance.	2	1
3		Life Ins <mark>u</mark> rance Policies and its Applications	15	
		and reinsurance. Explain the significance of insurance contract as a vital element of delivering the insurance product.		
		Discuss the importance of underwriting process, rating		
	Practicum	Classify the importance documents needed for starting life insurance policy.	10	2
	2.5	Distribution of surplus, premium, basic elements in computation of life insurance premium, important documents in life insurance contract.	3	2
	2.4	Underwriting the process of Rating and Reinsurance.	1	
	2.3	Policy construction and delivery Methods of calculating economic risks in life insurance proposals – factors affecting risk.	2	1

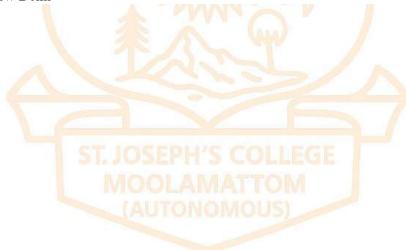
	4.1]	
		Benefit payment guidelines , classification of benefit	<u> </u>	
		payment.	2	1

	4.2	Insurance agent, essential qualities of an ideal insurance agent, rules of agency	2	2, 4
	4.3	Insurance broker, difference between Agent and Broker.	2	2
	4.4	Insurance marketing, after-sales service to policy holders.	2	2
	Practicui	Explain the role of broker and agent in insurance industry.	8	2
		Discuss the problems of mis-selling of insurance products.		
5		Teacher Specific Module		
Approach	fa A	assroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures tual knowledge tive-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities gagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods O CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projector CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group discussions	ties: Foste	
Assessme Types	A.	MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Mark Components of CCA Class Tests Assignments Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork		
	B.]	and Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours	•	

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours							
Descriptive type Word Limit		Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$				
	70						

References

- 1. K.C. Mishra | C.S. Kumar, Life Insurance: Principles and Practice, National Insurance Academy | Cengage Learning, New Delhi.
- 2. M.N. Mishra | S.B Mishra (2008), Insurance: Principles and Practice, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Kenneth Black (2000), Life and Health Insurance, 13th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. Patukale (2009), Insurance for Everyone, Macmillan India Ltd.
- 5. Life Insurance Corporation of India, Try with Trust: The LIC Story
- 6. Tripathy and Pal (2005), Insurance: Theory and Practice, Prentice -Hall of India
- 7. Palande, Insurance in India, Sage Publications, Delhi
- 9. K.C. Mishra and R. Venugopal(2009), Life Insurance Underwriting, National Insurance Academy | Cengage Learning, New Delhi





Programme	BA (Hons) I	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Monetary E	Monetary Economics							
Type of Course	DSE	DSE							
Course Code	SJC3DSEEC	SJC3DSEECO203							
Course Level	300-399	300-399							
Course Summary	This Paper in monetary sys		ents aware a	bout the role of money	and famili	arise			
Semester	3		Credits		4	Total Hours			
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practicum	Others				
	SI	JOSEPH'S MOOLAM	COLI	EGE I		75			
Pre-requisites, if any	Basic Macroe	economics knowled	ge						

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Domains	110

1	Analyse the concept of money standard and evolution of money.	An	1, 2 3
2	Understand demand and supply of money and its motives.	U	3, 10
3	Evaluate the income and commodity theory of money.	E	3, 4, 6
4	Analyse the real and nominal variables in the quantity theory of money framework.	An	10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Module	Units	Course Description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Basics of Money	21	
	1.1	Meaning and Definition- Evolution of Money-Classification of money.	3	1
	1.2	Four approaches to the supply of money: Conventional Approach, Chicago Approach, Gurley and Shaw Approach and Central Bank Approach.	4	1
	1.3	Functions of Money-role of money in a modern economy- Relation between money supply and inflation.	3	1
	1.4	Meaning of monetary standard-Methods of note issue- Electronic money and Central Bank Digital Currency.	3	1
	Practicum	Research the potential benefits and risks of implementing CBDCs. Consider factors like financial inclusion, transaction	8	1
2		efficiency, and potential impacts on commercial banks. Theories of Money	21	

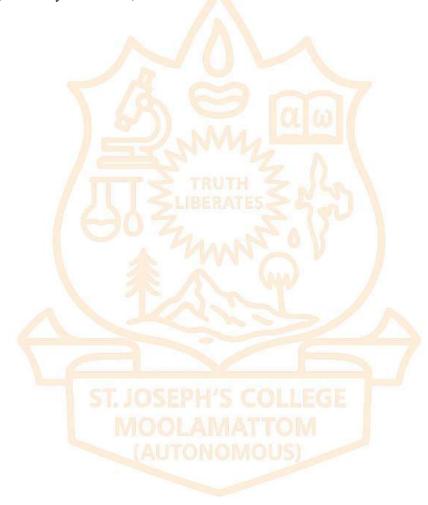
	2.1	Theories of money-Traditional quantity theory: Cash transactions approach and cash balance approaches.	2	2
	2.2	Keynesian monetary theory-Friedman's restatement of the quantity theory- Significance of demand for money in monetary theory.	4	2
	2.3	Neutrality of money-Real balance effect.	3	3
	2.4	Monetary aggregates in India-High Power Money, Narrow Money and Broad Money-Money Multiplier.	4	2
	Practicum	Choose a specific period in India's recent economic history (e.g., post-pandemic recovery period).	8	3
		Analyze the trends in monetary aggregates and derive the Money Multiplier during this period.		
3		Central Banking and Monetary Policy	13	
	3.1	Central Banking: Evolution of central banking-Functions of central banks.	3	3
	3.2	Monetary policy: Objectives instruments and targets- Monetary Policy instruments in India-Monetary Policy Transmission Mechanism-Monetary Policy Framework- Inflation Targeting MPF.	3	3
	3.3	Defining liquidity-Call Money Market-LAF.	3	3
	Practicum	Gain a comprehensive understanding of the goals and tools of monetary policy in India .Make an analysis of RBI's policy pronouncements and the rationale behind their decisions	4	3
4		Money and banking	20	
	4.1	Money and Inflation: Inflation: types -Measurement of inflation in India: the CPI-Causes and effects of inflation-Measures to control price level.	8	4
	4.2	Commercial banking: Balance sheet of a bank-NPA and provisioning-CRAR.	2	4
	Practicum	Study and create a well-structured report explaining the core components of a bank's balance sheet, NPAs, provisioning practices, and the importance of Capital Adequacy Ratio	10	4

		(CAR) for fina	ncial stability.					
5		Т	eacher specific	e Module	1			
Tooching	and	Classroom Procedu	re (Mode of tra	ansaction)				
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide factual knowledge							
		Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions						
		Suggested Course I	Delivery Metho	ds				
		o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.						
		o CD2 - Tutorials/A	Assignments					
		o CD3 - Class Semi	inars					
		o CD4 - Pe <mark>er</mark> g <mark>roup</mark>	Discussions					
Туре	S	Cla Ass Sen Pro	Ss Tests signments ninar/Viva ject/Practicum/0	Assessment (CCA) – 30 mponents of CCA Quiz/Book Review/Field	work etc.			
				Ex <mark>amination (E</mark> SE) – 70 5E): 70 marks; Time 2 h		_		
		(ADTORONGOS)						
		End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
		Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
		Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
		Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			

Total Marks	70

References:

- 1. R R Paul, Monetary Economics, Recent Edition
- M. L Seth, Monetary Economics
- R. B Sayers, Monetary Economics
 Gupta S B, Monetary Economics, S. Chand and Co, Delhi
 Jagadish Handa, Monetary Economics, T R Publications.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Navigating Surveys for Academic and Professional Success						
Type of Course	DSE						
Course Code	SJC3DSEECO2	204	I/Λ				
Course Level	200-299	1					
Course Summary	distinguished from related to survey research that are Techniques are data collection, I and chart types.	This course covers the various types and methods of social science enquiry, being distinguished from other areas. Main focus of the course is to provide the techniques related to surveys and their analysis. Different design elements involved in economic research that are exclusively related to field study are covered in this course. Sampling Techniques are explored, covering Population, Census, and Sampling methods. Tools for data collection, processing, and analysis are elaborated, including the use of spreadsheets and chart types. The syllabus concludes with insights into Report Writing, emphasizing its significance and outlining the steps involved.					
Semester	3	1	Credit		4		
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	ST. JOS	EPH'S	COLLEGE	Z	75	
Pre- requisites, if any		MOG	JEANIA JTONON	ITOM IOUS)			

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	differentiate approaches in scientific inquiry and various scientific studies to understand the importance of factual reporting.	U	1,4

2	understand the significance of primary data and its factual level implications in a socioeconomic study.	U, A, An	6	
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3	summarize the meaning and characteristics of surveys, distinguishing between social and economic surveys.	An	9
4	illustrate the steps involved in conducting a survey, from planning to data analysis.	A	9
5	translate the purposes of sampling and their applications in different sizes and characters of population.	U	3, 1
6	make use of the tools for a comprehensive study proposal and be adept at data processing tasks and report writing.	C, S	1, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Scientific Inquiry	21	
	1.1	Types and Methods of Scientific Inquiry - Description vs. Storytelling- Pure - applied - Exploratory- Descriptive - Diagnostic study- Evaluation studies- action research-experimental research analytical study-historical study-surveys- case study - Field study - Primary vs. Secondary Data (Factual level only)	5	1, 2
	1.2	Understand Surveys: Meaning – Characteristics – steps involved in a survey- purposes of a survey- the subject matter of survey (Social Surveys and Economic Surveys) – Fields of application (Factual and Conceptual Level)	4	1,2
	1.3	Coverage of surveys: Census vs. Sample – Advantages and Limitations of Survey Research (Factual and Conceptual Level)	2	3
	Practicum	Design surveys on the following three areas -consumer behavior, social issues and economic trends.	10	3
2		Surveys and Sampling Techniques	24	
	2.1	Planning of Survey Study: Study design: meaning — importance — content of study proposal or plan: introduction -statement of the problem- review of previous studies — scope of the study — objectives — conceptual model- hypothesis-operational definition of concepts — significance — geographical area covered — reference period — methodology — sampling plan — tools for gathering data — plan of analysis — chapter scheme — time budget — financial budget (Conceptual Level)	7	2,3,4

	2.2	Sampling Techniques: Population and sample, Census Enquiry and Sampling, Purposive and non-purposive Sampling, Sample Size	2	4,5
	2.3	Sampling Procedure: SRS (WR and WOR), Stratified, Systematic, Repeated Systematic, Cluster and Multi-Stage cluster, Quota Sampling and Sequential Sampling, Sample Weights and Choice of Sampling Design. (Conceptual Level)	5	4,5
	Practicum	Conduct a mock survey to illustrate the various steps involved in the formation of a survey. Explain the various survey techniques. Explain the various survey procedures using a mock survey.	10	4,5
3		Data Collection, Processing and Presentation	19	
	3.1	Tools for Data Collection: Methods of Primary Data: Observation, Interview and Questionnaire/ Schedule; Structured vs. Unstructured and Participatory vs. Non- Participatory, The Pilot Survey, Reliability and Validity. (Conceptual and Procedural Level)	7	4,5
	3.2	Data Processing: Editing- Coding- Classification and Tabulation- construction of frequency table	2	4
	3.3	Graphical representation – Graphs/charts/diagrams (Conceptual Level) Activity: Preparation of questionnaire, Sample Survey, data tabulation and presentation	2	4,5
	Practicum	Demonstrate classification and tabulation steps using a mock survey findings or data using an already conducted survey. Design a graphical representation of a survey.	8	4,5
4		Survey Techniques in Practice	11	
	4.1	Data Analysis: Descriptive Analysis – Inferential Analysis – computerized analysis and Presentation using a spreadsheet - Using Functions – Sum, Average, Max, Min, Count, Counta -Absolute, Mixed and Relative Referencing- Creating Simple Pivot Tables- Basic and Advanced Value Field Setting - Classic Pivot table - Choosing Field - Filtering PivotTables - Modifying PivotTable Data - Grouping based on numbers and Dates (Conceptual and Procedural Level) (Practical/hands-on Activity)	5	1,2,3,4,5,6
	4.2	Data Processing: Editing- Coding- Classification and Tabulation- Graphical representation— Graphs/charts/ diagrams Report writing — Significance of Report writing — Different steps in writing a Report — Popular reports. (Conceptual Level) Activity: conduct one socio-economic survey and submission of its Report.	4	1,2,3,4,5,6

	Practicum Demonstrate how a survey report is to be written using the analysis of a given survey.		2	6
5		Teacher Specific Module		

	Teacher Specific Module
Teaching Learning Approac	CD6 -Sampling Simulation: Simulate sampling techniques through activities, discussing population and sample, census, purposive and non-purposive sampling, sample size, and various sampling procedures. CD7 - Role-Play for Data Collection Methods: Use role-play scenarios for practicing observation, interview, and questionnaire/schedule methods, emphasizing structured vs. unstructured and participatory vs. non-participatory approaches. CD8 - Computer Labs: Conduct hands-on labs for data processing, covering editing, coding, classification, tabulation, and the construction of frequency tables. CD9 -Statistical Software Training: Provide training on statistical software for data analysis, including descriptive and inferential analysis, spreadsheet functions, and pivot table creation. CD10 - Practical Report Writing: Assign practical report writing tasks to enhance understanding of the significance of report writing and the different steps involved. CD11 -Peer Review Sessions: Organize peer review sessions for students to evaluate
	and provide feedback on each other's research proposals, survey designs, and reports.
Assessme Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Industry Visit Report, Digital Survey Exercise, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours

Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50		
	Total Marks 70				

- 1. Kothari, C. R. (2004). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International.
- 2. Panneerselvam, R. (2014). Research Methodology. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kumar, R. (2019). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications.
- 4. Aggarwal, Y. P. (2017). Research Methodology in Social Sciences. APH Publishing Corporation.
- 5. Chakraborty, S. K. (2013). *Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques*. SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Cohen, L., Manion, L., & Morrison, K. (2017). Research Methods in Education. Routledge.
- 2. Creswell, J. W. (2014). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. Sage Publications.
- 3. Babbie, E. R. (2016). *The Practice of Social Research*. Cengage Learning.
- 4. Kumar, R. (2014). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications.
- 5. Fraenkel, J. R., Wallen, N. E., & Hyun, H. H. (2019). *How to Design and Evaluate Research in Education*. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 6. Sekaran, U., & Bougie, R. (2016). Research Methods for Business: A Skill-Building Approach. Wiley.
- 7. Leedy, P. D., & Ormrod, J. E. (2014). Practical Research: Planning and Design. Pearson.
- 8. Neuman, W. L. (2014). Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. Pearson.
- 9. Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2017). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. Sage Publications. 10. Robson, C. (2016). Real World Research. John Wiley & Sons.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Economics	Economics of Health and Education						
Type of Course	DSE	DSE						
Course Code	SJC3DSEE	CO205	Or					
Course Level	200-299	/A 1	3					
Course Summary Semester	serve as the analysis of r and the influ	This course examines the fundamental economic ideas and theories that serve as the foundation for the health and education sectors. The analysis of resource allocation, government policies, market dynamics, and the influence of economic factors on health and educational results will be undertaken by students						
	3		Credits		4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Looming	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others			
	Learning Approach	2 3	I utorial	1 ractical	Others	75		
Pre-requisites, if any								

CO	Expected Course Outcome	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:		

1	Understand the concept of human capital and other micro economic theories and its application to health and education.	U	7
2	Understand the role of government and other institutions in education and health sector	U	1
3	Evaluate public policies related to health and education.	E	2
4	Appraise the issues in health and educational sectors of Kerala	E	2
5	Develop research skills to analyze empirical data related to health and educational sectors.	С	2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	A	Economics of Health	18	
	1.1	Health and economic development- Health as human capital- Determinants of Health - Poverty Malnutrition Measurements of Health - Birth rate-Death rate-Infant mortality rate-Maternal mortality rate-Morbidity-Quality of adjusted life year (QALY)	8	1
	1.2	Economic dimensions of healthcare: Demand and Supply of Health Care (measures and determinants).	5	1
	1.3	Government in health sector- Overview of the healthcare Delivery System- Health insurance and moral hazard.	5	2
2		Public Healthcare Policy in India	21	

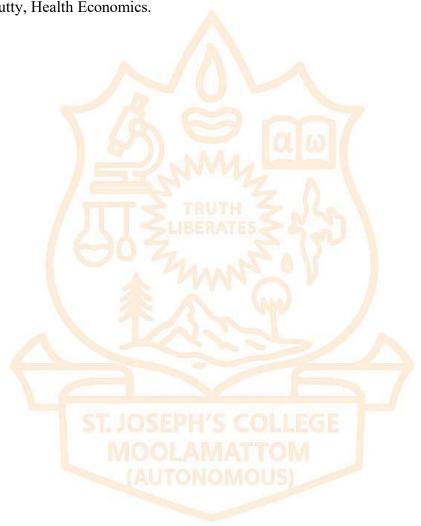
2.1 Public healthcare structure in India - Access to healthcare – Issues in public health provisioning - Healthcare financing in India.	3,5
2.2 National Health Policy-Public health initiatives in India- Highlights of NFHS (recent).	3
2.3 Practicum	3
Choose a specific public health initiative in Kerala (e.g., disease prevention program, maternal health intervention).	
Utilize data from sources like the National Family Health Survey (NFHS) to analyze trends in relevant health indicators (e.g., infant mortality rate, maternal mortality rate) before and after the implementation of the initiative in your area.	
Prepare a research report summarizing the findings. Discuss the program's effectiveness in improving health outcomes and its economic justification. Recommend potential improvements or areas for further evaluation	
(It can be a group activity)	
3 Economics of Education 18	
3.1 Education and economic development - 7 Human capital theory - Costs and benefits of education- Private and social, direct and indirect -Knowledge economy and innovation ecosystem.	1
3.2 Literacy rates, school participation, school quality measuresHigher Education in India - 6	
Educational financing - National Education Policy –NEP 2020- Public spending on	

	3.3	Practicum	5	3	
		Analyze data on migration patterns of educated youth from Kerala.			
4		Social Sector in Kerala	18		
	4.1	Kerala model – health sector of Kerala: Prospects and challenges – Mortality Morbidity issues- ageing.	3	4,5	
	4.2	Educational scenario in Kerala – migration- brain drain.	3	4,5	
5	4.3	Practicum: Conduct a comprehensive review of the Kerala model of healthcare. Analyze its key features, including: Focus on primary healthcare and preventive measures. Public health infrastructure and social determinants of health. Write a report on the achievements in reducing mortality and morbidity rates. Project how these trends might evolve in the coming decades, considering the ageing population.	12	4, 5	
5		Teacher Specific Module			
Teaching and Learning	Classı	room Procedure (Mode of transaction) room Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional rovide solid factual knowledge	al lectures		
Approach	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions				
	Sugge	ested Course Delivery Methods			
	o CD etc.	1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Pro	jectors		

	o CD2 - Tutoria o CD3 - Class S	eminars	eer group Discussions					
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks							
		Com	ponents of CCA					
	Class Test	ts						
	Assignme	nts	Λ					
			ULL					
	Seminar/V			7				
	Project/Pr	acticum/Q	uiz/Book Review/Field	l <mark>w</mark> ork etc.				
	B. End Semester	Examinati	on (ESE): 70 marks; Ti	me 2 hours.				
	End S	Semester E	xamination (ESE) 2 Ho	urs				
	Descriptive type Word Number of questions to be answered Marks							
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50				
		Total M	arks	70				

- 1. J W Henderson (2012), Health Economics and Policy, South Western CENGAGE Learning
- 2. Henderson John, Alistair McGuire, Gavin Mooney (2005) -Economics of Health Care, Routledge
- 3. Stephen Morris, Nancy Devlin, David Parkin, Anne Spencer (2012), Economic Analysis in Health Care, Wiley- Second Edition
- 4. Diane M Dewar (2010), Essentials of Health Economics, Jones and Barlett Publishers
- 5. Vaizey, J., (1962) Economics of Education, Faber and Faber, London,
- 6. Blaug Mark (1972) Introduction to Economics of Education, Penguin London
- 7. Becker G S (1974), Human Capital Second Edition NBER New York Tilak. 8 J.E.G. (1989): Economics of Inequality in Education, Sage, New Delhi.
- 8. National Family Health Surveys (NFHS 5)

- 9. Saumen Chattopadhyay (2012), Education and Economics: Disciplinary Evolution and Policy Discourse, Oxford University Press
- 10. Uma Kapila (2022) Indian Economy Since Independence (33rd Edition).
- 11. Dr Vipin Chandran K P (2019) Interpreting Human Development Trajectory of Kerala, Studies on Kerala Economy
- 12. T D Simon (2019) Health sector of Kerala: Prospects and Challenges, Studies on Kerala Economy
- 13. Alwin Prakash and Prabhakaran Nair (2008) Kerala's Development Issues in the New Millenium, Serials Publication.
- 14. Dr Ramankutty, Health Economics.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Basics of Fintech Entrepreneurship						
Type of Course	DSC B						
Course Code	SJC3DSCEC	CO202	? [a	ω			
Course Level	200-299						
Course Summary	This course tries to give an introductory exploration into the dynamic world of financial technology (fintech) and the entrepreneurial opportunities it presents. The course is designed to equip students with a foundational understanding of the fintech landscape, the innovative technologies that drives changes in the economy at present, and the essential skills required to innovate and succeed in this rapidly evolving field. At present, India is having the most vibrant FinTech landscape in the world and hence, the course is designed on the basis of India's rapidly transforming fintech industry. Understanding the trends, technological developments involved, and the regulatory requirements will help the students to embrace fintech entrepreneurship.						
Semester	ST.	OSEPH IOOLA! (AUTON	Credits	EGE	4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum/ Practical	Others		
		3		1		75	

Pre-requisites, if any

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the various aspects related to the fintech sector in India.	U	1, 2, 3
2	create an idea about the development of a fintech enterprise	С	1, 2, 3, 10
3	apply the knowledge acquired here for the development of a fintech startup.	Ap	6. 7. 9. 10
4	evaluate the prospects and challenges involved in fintech entrepreneurship.	E	5, 6, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Overview of the Fintech Sector	24	
	1.1	Introduction to Financial Technologies or Fintechs: Definition, evolution, and importance-Traditional versus digital finance-India as an emerging power in fintech-Trends in Indian Fintech sector: payments, lending, insurance, etc.	4	1, 3
	1.2	Fintech supporting infrastructure in India: Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) in India and its supportive effect on fintech industry-India Stack-ONDC-RBI Innovation Hub.	4	2, 3

	1.3	Technological base of fintech entrepreneurship: Use of various technologies including AI in different areas of financial services like client onboarding, loan disbursement, recovery and customer interfaces-Robo advisors in wealth management services-Platforms and practices that support fintech in India: Aadhar verification, KYC norms, e-KYC, Video KYC, Payment Infrastructure, CIBIL Score, CIBIL Microfinance score.	6	1, 2, 3
	Practicum	1. Map out the various components of DPI in India and demonstrate how they helped and supported the birth and rapid proliferation of fintech for financial institutions and the fintech firms.	10	1, 2,
		2. Illustrate the operational aspects of CIBIL score.		
2		India's Financial Services Industry -a Fintech angle Overview	22	
	2.1	Indian financial services industry-Banks and NBFCs-MFIs, Payment banks and Small Finance Banks- Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Lending Platforms-Loan apps-Account Aggregators and other Fintech entities.	4	1, 2,
	2.2	Fintech industry in India-Leading categories (payments, lending tech, insure tech, neo banks, fintech Saas etc.) - Banks adopting financial technologies- Fintech firms as financial sector disruptors.	4	3, 4
	2.3	Ideation of a fintech firm: Need for a user centric approach – Business model canvas and value proposition design-Revenue models: subscription, transaction fees etc-Technological took kits for Fintech enterprise.	4	1, 2, 3, 4
	Practicum	 Map the different types of fintech enterprises operating in India. Explore and demonstrate the interdependence between banks, NBFCs and fintech firms in the Indian context. Give ideation and provide a suitable business model for a potential fintech startup. 	10	1, 2, 3, 4
3		Electronic Money-Cryptocurrencies and Blockchain Technology	15	2, 3, 4

	3.1	Electronic Money and Cryptocurrencies-CBDC-Types of cryptocurrencies/assets-Difficulties in regulating cryptocurrencies-Global attempts to regulate crypto assets.	4	2, 3, 4
	3.2	Crypto currencies: Currency vs asset nature-Risks of cryptocurrencies-Crypto Exchanges-Crypto crisis in the recent past.	3	3, 4
	3.3	Blockchain technology-Applications of blockchain technology in the financial sector.	3	3, 4
	Practicum	Classify the different types of crypto assets.	5	2, 3, 4
		Compare and contrast crypto assets with CBDC.		
		Analyse the failure of FTX and the message it left to the financial regulators.		
	4	Regulatory landscape for fintech in India	14	1, 2, 3, 4
	4.1	Regulatory Framework for Fintech industry: RBI Guidelines and Regulations-Fintech Repository.	2	1, 2, 3
	4.2	Role of Self-Regulatory Organisations (SRO) in the fintech landscape-Financial stability and the fintech industry.	2	2, 3, 4
	4.3	Evolution of India's digital payment ecosystem- Components of Digital payment ecosystem in India -Uniqueness of UPI-Internationalisation of UPI-Comparison of UPI with other major digital payments systems across the world.	5	1, 2, 3, 4
	Practicum	Discuss the need for drawing a balance between regulation and innovation support of fintechs.	5	1, 2, 3, 4
		Elaborate the unique advantages of UPI as a rockstar in the global fintech arena.		
5		Teacher specific module		

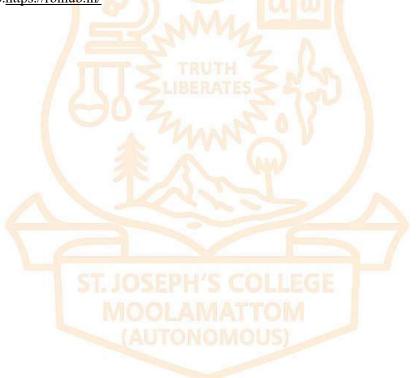
Teaching and	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
Learning Approach	The concept of the contraction o				
			ndy related various fin pment of fintech startups		its
	CD3-Group Discu and NBFC business		tion caused by fintechs to	traditional bankin	ng
	CD4 - Interactive development of find		: Use of emerging ted	chnologies for th	ıe
	CD5: Project disc MVP for starting a		e promotion of ideas, er	nterprise design a	nd
	CD 6: Industry visit: to get awareness about financial technologies adopted by financial entities including banks and NBFCs.				
	CD 7: Invited Exp	ert talk by fint	ech experts and executive	es.	
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks				
	1	Compone	nts of CCA (30 marks)		
	Fintech Industry Visit Report, Industry Expert Interaction Report, Technology Mapping Work Book, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Quiz/Book Review/Field Study, Class Tests.				
	B. End Semester Ex	ramination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	iours.	
			,		
		SEPH'S			
	End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	S	
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$	
		Total Mar	ks	70	

1. The Fintech Entrepreneur's Guide, Ashok Mittal, 2022.

- 2. Fintech Future: The Digital DNA of Finance, Sanjay Phadke, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd, 2023.
- 3. Digital Bank: Strategies To Launch Or Become A Digital Bank, Embassy Books, 2017.
- 4. Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: 4 Books, Keizer Söze, Sabi Shepherd Ltd, 2019.
- 5. Financial Technology (FinTech) and Digital Banking in India, Jaspal Singh, New Century Publications 2022.
- 6. Private Equity Venture Capital in Financial and Fintech, October-December 2023, RBI Innovation Hub, RBI.

Suggested Readings

- 1. FinTech Revolution in India: Opportunities and Challenges, CA Dr. Brajesh Kumar Jaiswal, Notion Press, February, 2024.
- 2. RBI Innovation hub.https://rbihub.in/





Drogramma						
Programme Course Name	Understand	ding Global	Economy			
Type of Course	MDC		A			
Course Code	SJC3MDCE	ECO200				
Course Level	200-299		111	1		
Course Summary	Understand for competit confidence memorization and competition transdisciplicational	levels of Blo tive exams, p to face such on by empha munication. inary, and perspective	om's Taxono articularly the ch assessme sizing the de The in interdisciplin	rledge aligned wirmy. The course aide UPSC exams, pronts. Moreover, invelopment of sking corporation of ary approaches felong learning. Our course of the corporation of the corporation.	ms to prepa coviding the it goes be lls such as multidi suggests	re learners m with the yond rote leadership sciplinary, a broader
Semester	3	174	Credits	08	4	Total
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	3	0	0	7	45
Pre-requisites, if any	31	MODIA	MATT	OM	1	

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the historical evolution of globalization, including an understanding of key events and factors that contributed to the development of international trade and finance.	U	2,3,4, 10
2	distinguish between different regional trade agreements, and understand their structures, objectives, and impacts on global trade dynamics.	U	9,10

3	recalls the names of International Economic Organizations	K	9,10
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4	tell about the major world summits and conferences in general.	K	4, 7
5	understand the emerging trends and challenges in the current world economy.	U	4,5,6

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to World Trade Policies and Agreements	15	
	1.1	Role and significance of international trade-export led growth-current global trade scenario-globalisation and deglobalisation-Major trading powers-India's External Trade Profile-Composition and Direction of India's Trade.	6	1
	1.2	Tariffs, quotas, and non-tariff barriers-neo protectionism-Key balance of payments entries- Exchange rates - Fixed vs. floating exchange rate systems-Depreciation/Appreciation-DevaluationMNCs-Global Value Chains.	5	1
	1.3	Cross national mobility of capital-various forms of capital flows: FDI, FPI, ECB, DRs, RDBs-FEMA.	4	2
2	Globalization and International Organizations		15	
	2.1	International Monetary Fund-World Bank and its affiliates-WTO-major agreements and current scenario. Regional trade agreements: EU, ASEAN, RCEP-India's FTAs.	5	4
	2.2	Economic crises and financial instability-The Great Depression, Oil shock, Asian Currency Crisis, Great Recession (Global Financial Crisis) 2008, Crypto crash of 2022.	5	4
	2.3	International Economic Organizations- AIIB, NDB, ADB, WIPO, BIS, UNCTAD, FSB, OPEC.	5	3, 4
3		Current Issues in the World Economy	15	
	3.1	Geopolitical influences on the global economy, reshoring and friend shoring-Current Account Imbalances-China-US Economic Relations-China and India as global economic powers.	6	5
	3.2	Major world summits- G20-G7-G77–United Nations Climate Change Conference (COP)- Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) -World Economic Forum (Davos)-WTO Ministerial Conference-BRICS.	7	5
	3.3	Major developments in the global economy-Reserve Currencies- role of US Dollar.	2	5

4 Teacher Specific Module			1
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Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

solid factual knowledge

Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide

Teaching and Learning Approach

Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- CD3 Class Seminars
- CD4 Peer group Discussions

Unit 3. 3 **Major developments in the global economy** is relatively more dynamic areas and *Emerging Issues*.

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Test-I, Group discussion.
Chart/Work book/Other specific assessment
Seminar/Assignment

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

Assessment Types

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes							
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30				
A	50						

References

- 1. Stiglitz, Joseph E. Globalization and Its Discontents. W.W. Norton & Company, 2002.
- 2. Rodrik, Dani. Has Globalization Gone Too Far? Institute for International Economics, 1997.
- 3. Friedman, Thomas L. *The Lexus and the Olive Tree: Understanding Globalization*. Anchor Books, 2000.
- 4. Das, Gurcharan. *India Unbound: The Social and Economic Revolution from Independence to the Global Information Age*. Anchor Books, 2002.
- 5. Basu, Kaushik. *The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects*. Oxford University Press, 2016.
- 6. Subramanian, Arvind. *Eclipse: Living in the Shadow of China's Economic Dominance*. Peterson Institute for International Economics, 2011.

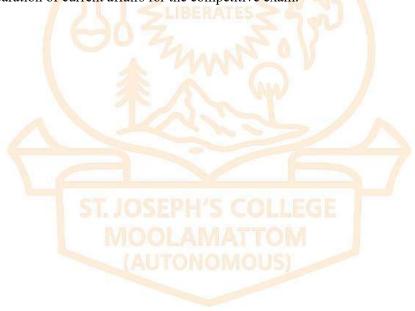
7. Dutt, Rudra, and K.P.M. Sundaram. *Indian Economy*. S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2017.

Suggested Readings

For effective preparation of current affairs for competitive exams, it is recommended to select a comprehensive current affairs book in addition to regular newspaper reading and the examination of magazines like Yojana or Kurukshetra. The following list provides some notable options for current affairs books:

- 1. Annual Reports and Working papers of: IMF, World Bank, UNO, WTO, World Economic Forum etc.
- 2. Concise General Knowledge Manual Barry O'Brien
- 3. India Yearbook Publication Division (GOI)
- 4. Yojana Magazine
- 5. Kurukshetra Magazine
- 6. Economic Survey
- 7. Pratiyogita Darpan Magazine
- 8. Concise General Knowledge Manual J K Chopra
- 9. Current Affairs & News In Focus Objective Questions Kiran Prakashan
- 10. The Hindu Daily

While leaner don't need to go through all these books, it is advisable to select one from the list that aligns with the learner's study preferences. Complement learner's chosen book with consistent newspaper reading and delve into relevant magazines like Yojana or Kurukshetra. This combined approach should suffice for a comprehensive preparation of current affairs for the competitive exam.





	Ni Ni					
Programme						
Course Name	Gender and Economics					
Type of Course	VAC		_			
Course Code	SJC3VACECO200	A				
Course Level	200-299		70			
Course Summary	This course examinative structures, covering interdisciplinary nature and women's control evolving gender dy socioeconomic devaddressed. The coulintroducing the print	g foundational ature of Gende ibutions to GI namics, partic elopment, inc rse concludes	concepts like er Economics DP. This delve ularly focusin luding the wag by examining	gender equity, emphasizing as into global dog on India and ge gap and disp	and equality. its role in eccemographic c Kerala. Key g arities in varions at different	It explores the commic indices thanges and the gender issues in our sectors, are levels and
Semester	3	Credits	Tun	201.	3	_ Total Hours
Course	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	
Details	Approach	3	11/10	0	0	45
Pre- requisites, if any	Nil		1	F		

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learn <mark>in</mark> g Domains *	PO No
1	Critically analyse the role of gender in development.	An	1-10
2	Examine gender issues in socio-economic perspectives.	An	1-10
3	Evaluate contemporary gender policies.	Е	1-10
4	Understanding gender in international perspective and from a budgetary angle.	U	1, 2, 3, 5, 6.

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.				
1	Gender role in development :18 Hrs							
	1.1	Definition of Gender- Gender and sex - Gender Equity and Gender Equality	3	1				
	1.2	The subject of Gender Economics-Interdisciplinary Approach in gender studies-	3	1				
	1.3	Incorporation of gender factor into HDI-Gender equality indices-Gender Development Index (GDI) and Gender Empower Measure (GEM).	3	1				
	1.4	Women's contribution to GDP	3	1				
	1.5	The gender factor in demographic development-Global demographic changes-Gender shift	3	1				
	1.6	Gender status in India and Kerala-Concept of Missing women	3	1				
	Gender issues:15 Hrs							
	2.1	Main gender issues in socio economic development in developed and developing countries.	5	2				
2	2.2	Gender wage gap - Gender Discrimination in Labour Force Participation-Occupational Segregation and Wage Differences- Gender Discrimination in Education, Health, Employment, Political Participation and Decision Making	7	2				
	2.3	Feminization of poverty	3	2				
	Gender policies:12 Hrs							
3	3.1	Gender policy: national, regional and global level	4	3				
	3.2	International organizations and the role of gender studies and gender policy implementation	4	3, 4				

	3.3	Gender budgets: Approaches and principles-Budgeting policies to reduce gender disparities.	4	3, 4
4		Teacher Specific Content		

Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Lecture, Discussion, Seminar, Group activity, Class debate, Guest Lecture, Group discussion, Class presentation, Group Project.					
		MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 Marks				
	Continuous Compre		N. S. W.) 		
		Comp lass Test-I	onents of CCA			
			d/Other specific assessme	nt		
		eminar/Assignn				
	minutes.	TRUT	SE): 50 marks; Time 1 h on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30			
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
	Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	$6 \times 5 = 30$		
		Total <mark>M</mark> ar	ks	50		

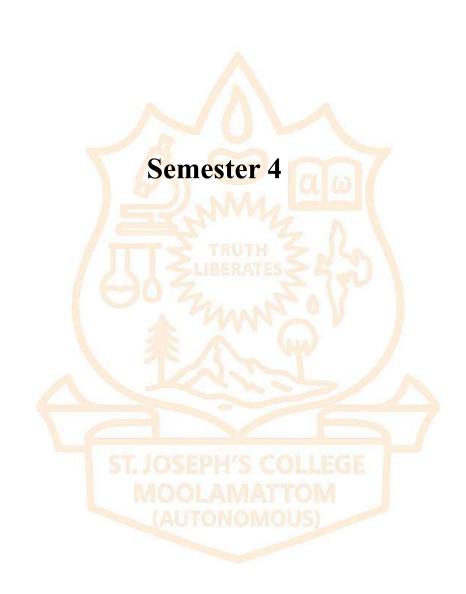
- 1. Gulati, L., & Ramalingam. (Year). Kerala Women: A profile.
- 2. OECD. (2023). *Gender Budgeting in OECD Countries*. Retrieved from https://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/governance/gender-budgeting-in-oecd-countries-2023_647d546b-en
- 3. OECD. (2022). *Gender Budgeting Highlights*. Retrieved from https://www.oecd.org/gov/budgeting/Gender-Budgeting-Highlights.pdf
- 4. UNICEF. (2021). *Gender Policy 2021-2030*. Retrieved from https://www.unicef.org/media/117706/file/Gender%20Policy%202030.pdf
- 5. Sen, G., & Crown, C. (1987). Gender and Class in Development Experience. Routledge.
- 6. Desai, N., & Krishnaraj, M. (Year). Health-A Gender Issue in India.
- 7. Kalpagam, U. (2011). Gender and Development in India: Current Issues. Rawat Publications.

- 8. Chakraborty, L. (2021, December 16). *Covid19 and Gender Budgeting: Applying a "gender lens" to Union Budget in India* (W.P No. 362). National Institute of public Finance and policy (NIPFP).
- 9. Becchio, G. (2020). A History of Feminist and Gender Economics. New York: Routledge.
- 10. Beneria, L., & Biswanath, S. (2001). Gender and Development: Theoretical, Empirical and Practical Approaches.
- 11. Becchio, G. (2019). A History of Feminist and Gender Economics. New York: Routledge.
- 12. UN Gender Statistics and Development. Retrieved from http://www.unece.org/stats/gender/web
- 13. UN Population Information Network (POPIN). Retrieved from http://www.un.org/popin
- 14. UN Women. Retrieved from http://www.un.org/ru/aboutun/structure/unwomen/
- 15. NIPFP. Retrieved from www.nipfp.org.in
- 16. UNDP Human Development Reports.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Shafina' Aishath. (2020). Exploring gender differences in the selection of subjects at higher education levels in the Maldives. *International Electronic Journal of Comparative Education*, 19(2). Retrieved from http://iejcomparative.org
- 2. Centre for Science and Environment. (Various years). State of India's Environment. New Delhi.
- 3. Schumacher, E. F. (Year). Small is Beautiful. Abacus Publishers, New York.
- 4. Bharucha, E. (2005). *Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses*. Universities Press (India) Pvt Ltd.







Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	omics					
Course Name	Macroeconomic	Macroeconomics -I					
Type of Course	DSC A	DSC A					
Course Code	SJC4DSCECO20	00	$-/\Lambda$	1			
Course Level	200-299		Y U	-			
Course Summary	theories and key and consumption economic frame challenges such a Through rigorou complex dynamic	This course on macroeconomics offers learners foundational insights into various economic neories and key macroeconomic indicators. It explores essential concepts in investment and consumption, prompting students to analyze these patterns within the broader conomic framework. Additionally, the course delves into critical macroeconomic hallenges such as unemployment and inflation, emphasizing their interconnected nature. Through rigorous analysis and discussion, learners gain a deeper understanding of the omplex dynamics shaping economies and societies, preparing them of critically evaluate and propose solutions to contemporary macroeconomic issues.					
Semester	4		Credits	LON.	4	Total	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	4	EPH'S	COLLEGE		60	
Pre- requisites, if any		MO(AL	OLAMA JTONON	TTOM IOUS)			

CO	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
1	explain the main postulates of classical macroeconomics and theories of employment, interest, and money	Е	1, 4

2	analyse the relevance of Keynesian revolution after the Great Depression	An	1, 2
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3	compare and contrast Classical and Keynesian macroeconomics	An	1
4	explain the orthodox Keynesian models by incorporating different sectors of the economy	E	1,4
5	evaluate the consumption and investment pattern of the economy in the background of the respective theories	Е	6,10
6	relate inflation and unemployment in real economic scenarios. Further, evaluate the policy actions by the authorities.	Е	6, 7

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Classical Macroeconomics	15	
	1.1	Main postulates of classical macroeconomics-Focus on supply side of the economy- Say's law of markets-wage price flexibility-full employment-Role of government.	5	1
	1.2	Classical theory of income, output and employment	2	1
	1.3	Classical theory of interest- importance with regard to aggregate demand sufficiency.	3	1
	1.4	Classical theory of Prices-Quantity theory of Money- Cash transaction approach and Cash balance approach-Classical dichotomy and neutrality of money-money illusion.	5	1
2		Keynesian Macroeconomics	15	
	2.1	Emergence of Keynesian Economics: Focus shifts from supply to demand side- Main postulates of Keynesian Economics-Consumption Function-MEC - animal spirits-Multiplier effect (investment, tax, government spending)-Multiplier as a rationale for fiscal policy-Ricardian Equivalence theorem as a classical defence.	8	2, 3
	2.2	Concept of Effective Demand-Two sector Keynesian cross model of income determination- Three sector Keynesian Cross model- Four sector Keynesian Cross model.	7	4
3		Theories of Consumption and Investment	15	
	3.1	Consumption Puzzle-Theories of consumption function- Relative income hypothesis - Permanent income hypothesis- Life cycle hypothesis.	8	5

	3.2	Investment- Types-Theories of investment- Accelerator theory- Tobin's q-theory-MEI.	7	5
	1. 2.	Study the consumption behaviour of the neighbourhood Analyse the investment trends and patterns of any industry		3
4		Macroeconomic Challenges	15	
	4.1	Inflation and Unemployment: different types-Money and inflation-Policy dilemma: the Phillips Curve-Stagflation and the failure of Phillips curve-Keynesian crisis.	8	6
	4.2	Fiscal Policy vs Monetary Policy – Tools- Active vs Passive policy making.	7	6
	Assess	the measures to control inflation.		
5		Teacher Specific Module		

	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge				
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group Discussions				
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests Assignments Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.				
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours				

Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50		
	Total Marks				

- 1. Abel, Andrew B. Macroeconomics. Pearson, Delhi, 2011.
- 2. Diulio, Eugene. *Macroeconomics Schaum's Outline Series*. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Ackley, Gardner. Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy. Macmillan, 1978.
- 4. Mukerjee, Sampat. *Analytical Macroeconomics: From Keynes to Mankiw*. New Central Book Agency, Calcutta, 2008.
- 5. Froyen, Richard T. Macroeconomics: Theories and Policies (Recent edition). Pearson Education.
- 6. Shapiro, Edward. Macroeconomic Analysis. Galgotia Publications, 1982.
- 7. Mankiw, N. Gregory. *Macroeconomics* (Recent edition). Worth Publications, New York.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. O'Sullivan, Arthur, et al. *Macroeconomics Principles, Applications and Tools*. New Delhi: Pearson Education South Asia, 2015.
- 2. Snowdon, B., and Howard Vane. A Modern Guide to Macroeconomics. Edward Elgar.
- 3. Natrass, Nicoli, and G. Visakh Verma. *Macroeconomics Simplified: An Introduction to Keynesian and Classical Macroeconomic Systems*. Sage, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. Dornbusch, R., and S. Fisher. *Macroeconomics*. Tata McGraw Hill.





Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	BA (Hons) Economics									
Course Name	Quantitative Economics -II										
Type of Course	DSC A	DSC A									
Course Code	SJC4DSCECO2	201									
Course Level	200-299	200-299									
Course Summary	used in econom	This course is designed to equip learners with the fundamental statistical tools used in economic analysis. This course also aims at empowering students with the basic requirements for analysing economic data.									
Semester	4		Credits		4	Total					
	/(Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours					
Course Details	Learning Approach	3	19 × 2	Q 1	/	75					
Pre- requisites, if any	4				7						

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the fundamentals of statistical analysis.	U	1
2	appreciate the need for statistical analysis in Economics.	Ap	2

3	apply the statistical tools in formulating simple models.	A	10

4	analyse economic relationships and real-life problems	An	2
	using learnt tools.		

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

		om Transactions (Omts)		00
Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Fundamentals of statistics for economic analysis	22	
	1.1	Statistics -meaning and methodology	1	1
	1.2	Data: types, scales of measurement, collection techniques, census and sampling, Sample designs – Random sampling and Nonrandom sampling (SRS, systematic, stratified, cluster and multistage sampling)	4	2
	1.3 Classification, Tabulation and Presentation of data: Histogram, Polygon, frequency curve, Bar chart, Pie diagram, Ogives			2
	1.4 Index Numbers: Different types, construction, CPI and WPI as index numbers, deflating, splicing and Base shifting			1, 4
	1.5	Time series: meaning, definition, uses, components – additive and multiplicative models, measurement of trend- free hand method, semi average, moving average and least square methods – examples of different time series from economics(GDP, inflation, stock prices, unemployment rate, exchange rate etc.)	5	2
	1. Dis	scussion on the relevance of statistical analysis in economics		
Practicum		scussion on the use of different indices, especially in the t of policy formulation (eg. declaration of DA, stock indices	8	1, 2
		entifying patterns of different economic time series and ring their time plots		
2		Descriptive measures	22	
	2.1	Central Tendency and its measures (properties, merits and demerits): arithmetic mean, median, mode, geometric mean and harmonic mean.	4	1

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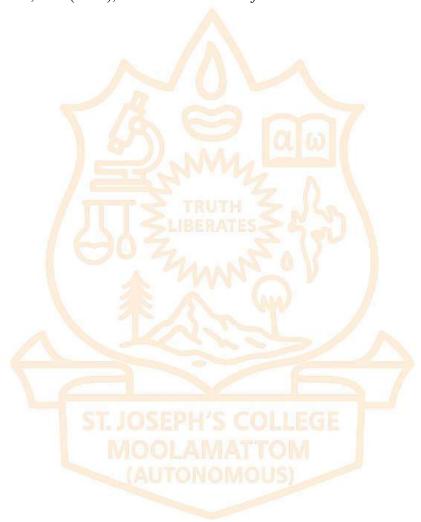
	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)						
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge						
Teaching and Learning Approach	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group discussions						
	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks						
	Components of CCA						
	Class Tests						
	Assignments						
	Seminar/Viva						
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.						
Assessment Types	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.						
	1 # A W						
19	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks						
	Short Answer 30 words 10 out of 15 10 x 2 = 20						
	Short Essay 150 words 10 out of 15 $10 \times 5 = 50$						
	Total Marks 70						

- Keller, G. (2014). Statistics for Management and Economics. Cengage Learning
 Stephens, L., & Spiegel, M. (2014). Schaum's Outline of Statistics, 5th Edition. McGraw-Hill Education.

- 3. Ralph, J., O'Neill, R., & Winton, J. (2015). *A practical introduction to index numbers*. John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. McClave, J. T., Benson, P. G., & Sincich, T. (2018). Statistics for Business and Economics, Global Edition.
- 5. Mendenhall, W., Beaver, B. M., & Beaver, R. J. (2019). *Introduction to probability and statistics*.

Suggested Readings:

1. Moore, David S., et al.(2021), The Basic Practice of Statistics.





Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Exploring Econo	Exploring Economic Data Analytical Tools							
Type of Course	DSE	DSE							
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO2	00							
Course Level	200-299	A	$/\Lambda$						
Course Summary	analysing data. To visualization, an meaningful insigle economic decision	This course is designed to familiarise learners with various software tools available for analysing data. The course emphasizes hands-on applications such as data exploration, visualization, and interpretation using different environments and thus extracts meaningful insights from datasets. The course equips them to contribute effectively to economic decision-making, market research, and policy formulation in an increasingly data-centric environment.							
Semester	4		Credits	3 12	4				
	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Total Hours			
Course Details	Authentic, Collaborative, and Case-based learning	3	\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2			75			
Pre-requisites, if any					\rightarrow	•			

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the basic features of various soft tools used for data analysis in economics	U	1
2	Apply the learnt tools for basic univariate data analysis	A	2
3	Understand the importance of various steps involved in analysing data and the uses of the learnt tools in facilitating these processes	U	2
4	Create simple statistical models that enable economic analysis	С	2

*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Unit	s Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to SPSS	15	
	1.1	Need and importance of software tools in data analysis – choosing the right software - efficiency and accuracy in data processing - advanced statistical and graphical capabilities - handling large datasets	3	1
	1.2	Overview of SPSS - Common use cases in economics and social sciences - Key features - User-friendly interface - Extensive library of statistical tests - Data visualization tools - Advantages and limitations	3	1,2,34
	1.3	Measures of central tendency and dispersion(Mean, median, mode, range, standard deviation, variance) - Graphical representation of data - Creating and interpreting histograms, pie charts, bar charts - Data visualization tools in SPSS - Customizing graphs and charts - Using SPSS's built-in graphing tools	4	1,2,34
Practicum:	1. Ha source calcu	5	1,2,34	
2]	18		
	2.1	Overview of GRETL - history and primary uses in economics - key features - advantages and limitations - GRETL interface and basic commands - Navigating the GRETL workspace - commonly used commands and functions	5	1,2,34
	Introduction to EVIEWS - Development and common applications - key features - advantages and limitations - EVIEWS interface and basic operations - Basic data operations and descriptive statistics			1,2,34
		ands-on session in GRETL - importing and managing datasets - data manipulation and analysis		
Practical	2. Ha analy	ands-on session in EVIEWS - conducting basic statistical rsis	8	1,2,34
		omparative analysis using GRETL and EVIEWS - similarities lifferences in workflows - practical examples comparing		

	outputs from both tools		
3	Introduction to STATA and SAS	15	
	3.1 Introduction to STATA - key features - advantages and limitations - data management and manipulation in STATA - importing and cleaning data - data transformation and preparation	5	1,2,34
	Overview of SAS - history and common uses - key features - advantages and limitations - SAS interface and programming basics - navigating the SAS environment - Basic SAS programming syntax	4	1,2,34
Practicum	1. Hands-on session in STATA – data transformation and handling - conducting basic descriptive analysis	6	1,2,34
	 2. Hands-on session in SAS - data handling and cleaning 3. Analysing a sample dataset using both STATA and SAS - doing a comparison and integrating the results 		
4	Data Science Applications with R and Power BI	27	
	Introduction to R - development and key applications in data science - key features - extensive package ecosystem - advantages and limitations - R Studio interface and functionalities - basics of R programming - syntax and basic commands – fundamental statistical analysis using R	8	1,2,34
	Significance of visualisation in data analysis - overview of Power BI - development and main uses in business intelligence - key features - advantages and limitations - creating interactive dashboards in Power BI - data import and transformation- visualization and dashboard creation	8	1,2,34
Practicum	Hands-on session in R - data import, cleaning, and basic analysis – useful libraries - creating visualizations with ggplot2 Hands-on session in Power BI - building and customizing interactive dashboards Mini project combining R and Power BI - Data analysis and reporting task using R - Visualization and presentation using Power BI	11	1,2,34
V	Teacher Specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class		

	discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Peer teaching				
	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 25 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Industry Visit Report, Mini Project, Industry Collaboration Report, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour				
	and 30 minutes.				
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes				
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks				
Assessment	Short Answer 30 words 10 out of 15 10 x 2 = 20				
Types	Short Essay 150 words $6 \text{ out of } 10$ $6 \text{ x } 5 = 30$				
	Total Marks 50				
	 H. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks). A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks. 				
	A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
	Components Industry Risk Analysis Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of a Risk Analysis scenario for a particular firm, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar. Total Marks				

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1hour) End Semester Examination (ESE)			
Туре	Marks		
Lab based tests.	35		
Total Marks	35		

Reference

- 1. Field, Andy P. Discovering Statistics Using IBM SPSS Statistics. New Delhi, India, Sage Publications, 2020.
- 2. Morgan, George A. *IBM SPSS for Introductory Statistics: Use and Interpretation*. New York, Ny, Routledge, 2020.
- 3. Adkins, Lee C. Using Grett for Principles of Econometrics. 5th ed., Nov. 2018.
- 4. https://eviews.com/Learning/index.html
- 5. Daniels, Lisa, and Nicholas Minot. *An Introduction to Statistics and Data Analysis Using Stata*®. SAGE Publications, 11 Jan. 2019.
- 6. Delwiche, Lora D, and Susan J Slaughter. The Little SAS Book. SAS Institute, Oct. 2019.
- 7. Ottesen, Rebecca A, et al. *Exercises and Projects for the Little SAS Book, Fifth Edition*. Cary, N.C., Sas Institute, 2015.
- 8. Field, Andy, et al. *Discovering Statistics Using R*. Thousand Oaks, Sage/Texts, 2022.
- 9. Hyman, Jack A. Microsoft Power Bi for Dummies, 2022.
- 10. Knight, Devin. Microsoft Power BI Complete Reference. Dec. 2018.

.Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pallant, Julie. SPSS Survival Manual: A Step by Step Guide to Data Analysis Using IBM SPSS. 7th ed., S.L., Open Univ Press, 2020.
- 2. Moore, David S., et al.(2021), *The Basic Practice of Statistics*.
- 3. Keller, G. (2014). Statistics for Management and Economics. Cengage Learning



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Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Financial Risk Analy	Financial Risk Analysis				
Type of Course	DSE	5		7		
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO201	M	alo	3(
Course Level	200-299	200-299 TRUTH				
Course Summary	This course is designed to provide basic knowledge about financial risk analysis for different types of entities. The primary objective is to facilitate basic knowledge in risk management at an entry level so that later, the students can make analytical exercises in a practical environment. Since risk analysis has crucial applications in enterprise management, especially banks and NBFCs, this paper tries to provide area specific knowledge so that they can acquire the skill from various risk analysis tools for their further studies. The course should be delivered with the support of lab sections for the relevant topics.					
Semester	4 Credits 4 Total Hours					
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	
		3		1		75
Pre-requisites, if any	Knowledge in microeconomics and macroeconomics					

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the significance of economic and financial risk management.	U	1, 2, 3, 9, 10.
2	apply the various risk management tools.	An	2, 3, 9, 10
3	generate skills in risk assessment and management.	S	2, 3, 9, 10
4	understand the risk environment of financial entities and corporate.	U	2, 3, 9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course Content		CO No.
1		Introduction to Risk Analysis	22	
	1.1	Understanding Risk: Definition and Types-importance of Risk Management in Finance-Components of financial risk-Need for macroeconomic risk analysis and macrofinancial risk analysis.	5	1
	1.2	Credit risk assessment-Counter party risk in the financial sector-Hedging-Balancing risk and returns.	2	1
	1.3	Foreign exchange risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk: Meaning and measurement.	2	1

	ı			1
	1.4	Technological change and risk in the era of digitalisation/automation- Technological obsoletion-Need for technological improvement and adaptation.	3	1
	Practicum	Map out the various macroeconomic or macrofinancial risk factors affecting financial sector entities.	10	1
		2. Illustrate the significance of commodity price risk for industrial sector firms.		
		3. Outline the various technological change risks emanating from technological disruptions including AI.		
2		Financial Economics and Risk Analysis	25	
	2.1	Different statistical risk analysis tools for financial institutions, corporate and digital enterprises (overview only)-Steps for the creation of Risk Matrix using a DBMS.	3	2, 3
	2.2	Time Value of Money: Future Value, Present Value, Valuation of annuities and perpetuities-NPV, IRR using spreadsheet like excel-Importance of forecasting and budgeting models for risk analysis- Scenario analysis for future risk situations.	5	2, 3
	2.3	Value At Risk (VaR) and Conditional Value at Risk (CvaR)-Bloomberg Terminal, @Risk (excel) (Bloomberg Terminal and @Risk can be at introductory level).	4	2, 3
	2.4	Monte Carlo Simulations (introductory level) - Decision Tree Analysis-Sensitivity Analysis-Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA).	3	2, 3
	Practicum	Frame decision tree analysis related to a financial or corporate decision.	10	2, 3
		2. Conduct a model risk analysis using @risk.		
		3. Attend an online course/class on Bloomberg terminal or Monte Carlo Simulations and write a report containing step by step procedure for the analysis.		
		4. Conduct a risk analysis using a risk matrix.		
3		Financial Sector Risk Analysis	17	
				·

3.1	The conceptual components regarding the operational environment of a financial entity-Balance sheet-Assets and liabilities-Importance of liquidity-NPAs-CRAR-Return on Assets-CD Ratio-leverage.	3	1, 4
3.2	Financial Risk Analysis: Market Risk, Credit Risk, Operational and Liquidity Risk-Case Studies of Financial Stability Risks-(eg: SVB, Yes Bank, Northern Rock).	3	1, 4
3.3	Liquidity Risk -Importance of liquidity risk for banks - Managing liquidity risk-Measuring liquidity risk: liquidity ratio.	2	1, 4
3.4	RBI's Regulatory and Supervisory frameworks in India regarding risk management: Risk weights-Risk based supervision (SPARC).	2	1, 4
Practicum	 Chart out the various regulatory and supervisory norms by the RBI for Financial entities in India. Outline the significance of liquidity risk and operational risk related to banks and NBFCs based on the recent financial sector occurrences. Illustrate the principle behind risk based supervision. 	7	1,3,4
4	Corporate Risk Analysis	11	
4.1	Corporate balance sheet components and their significance in risk assessment.	1	1, 4
4.2	Corporate Risk: Strategic Risk, Innovation and Technology adaptation Risk, Operational Risk, Financial Risk and Project Risk.	3	1,4
4.3	Cyber security Risk, Supply Chain Risks-Insurance as a mechanism for risk mitigation.	2	1, 4
4.4	Key Risk Indicators (KRIs)-Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)-Significance of Corporate Governance.	2	1, 4
	3.2 3.3 3.4 Practicum 4 4.1 4.2	environment of a financial entity-Balance sheet-Assets and liabilities-Importance of liquidity-NPAs-CRAR-Return on Assets-CD Ratio-leverage. 3.2 Financial Risk Analysis: Market Risk, Credit Risk, Operational and Liquidity Risk-Case Studies of Financial Stability Risks-(eg: SVB, Yes Bank, Northern Rock). 3.3 Liquidity Risk -Importance of liquidity risk for banks -Managing liquidity risk-Measuring liquidity risk: liquidity ratio. 3.4 RBI's Regulatory and Supervisory frameworks in India regarding risk management: Risk weights-Risk based supervision (SPARC). Practicum 1. Chart out the various regulatory and supervisory norms by the RBI for Financial entities in India. 2. Outline the significance of liquidity risk and operational risk related to banks and NBFCs based on the recent financial sector occurrences. 3. Illustrate the principle behind risk based supervision. 4 Corporate Risk Analysis 4.1 Corporate balance sheet components and their significance in risk assessment. 4.2 Corporate Risk: Strategic Risk, Innovation and Technology adaptation Risk, Operational Risk, Financial Risk and Project Risk. 4.3 Cyber security Risk, Supply Chain Risks-Insurance as a mechanism for risk mitigation.	environment of a financial entity-Balance sheet-Assets and liabilities-Importance of liquidity-NPAs-CRAR-Return on Assets-CD Ratio-leverage. 3.2 Financial Risk Analysis: Market Risk, Credit Risk, Operational and Liquidity Risk-Case Studies of Financial Stability Risks-(eg: SVB, Yes Bank, Northern Rock). 3.3 Liquidity Risk -Importance of liquidity risk for banks - Managing liquidity risk-Measuring liquidity risk: liquidity ratio. 3.4 RBI's Regulatory and Supervisory frameworks in India regarding risk management: Risk weights-Risk based supervision (SPARC). Practicum 1. Chart out the various regulatory and supervisory norms by the RBI for Financial entities in India. 2. Outline the significance of liquidity risk and operational risk related to banks and NBFCs based on the recent financial sector occurrences. 3. Illustrate the principle behind risk based supervision. 4 Corporate Risk Analysis 11 4.1 Corporate Balance sheet components and their significance in risk assessment. 4.2 Corporate Risk: Strategic Risk, Innovation and Technology adaptation Risk, Operational Risk, Financial Risk and Project Risk. 4.3 Cyber security Risk, Supply Chain Risks-Insurance as a mechanism for risk mitigation. 4.4 Key Risk Indicators (KRIs)-Key Performance Indicators

	Practicum	Prepare a mind map analysis of the various corporate risk factors.	3	4	
5		Teacher specific Module			

Teaching and Learning Approach

Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

- **CD 1- Lecture-Based Instruction:** Conventional lecture format can be used to introduce and explain the risks and related concepts.
- CD 2 Case Study Analysis: For the assessment of diverse risk scenarios, case studies including financial crisis, regulatory issues etc. can be provided on case study mode.
- CD 3 Group Discussions: Facilitate group discussions to analyse the diverse risk operations using different tools.
- CD 4 Interactive Workshops: For analysing the risk tools, Interactive Workshops can be made.
- CD 5 Analytical exercises and Simulations: For understanding various risk tools and simulations, analytical exercises can be made using computer lab.
- CD -6: Industry-Academia interaction sessions—Some of the topics in the course can be better delivered with the collaboration of the industry as it need real world applications of higher order. Therefore, industry participation is highly desirable and can be done in the form of Seminars, Workshops etc.
- CD 7: Report presentation: after making a study on the financial sector firm.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- I. Theory 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks, B. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)	
Components	Marks
Lab based exercises, Risk assessment of an MSME/ local business enterprise project, Mini Project, Open Book test, Industry Visit Report, Industry Expert Interaction Report, Case Study Report of a Firm or business enterprise, Class test, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments.	25

Total Marks		
	25	

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Seme	End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 3			
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30	
	50			

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)	
Components	Marks
Industry Risk Analysis Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of a Risk Analysis scenario for a particular firm, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15
Total Marks	15

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)					
Туре	Marks				
Lab based tests.	35				
Total Marks	35				

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- 1. Dr. D.D. Mukherjee, Credit Appraisal, Risk Analysis & Decision-Making, Snow-white Publication Pvt. Ltd, 2023.
- 2. Dean H. Stamatis, Risk Management Using Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA), ASQ Quality Press, 2019.
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SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Arindam Bandyopadhyay, Basic Statistics for Risk Management in Banks and Financial Institutions, OUP Oxford, 2022.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	nomics								
Course Name	Insurance and M	Insurance and Marketing								
Type of Course	DSE	DSE								
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO20)2	ZAN	-						
Course Level	200-299		701							
Course Summary	insurance product	This course is designed to equip learners with the fundamental marketing tools used in insurance products marketing. This course also aims at formulating effective marketing plans tailored to insurance products.								
Semester	4		Credits 4							
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours				
	Терргонен	3	7W1	W 1		75				
Pre- requisites, if any				*	\Rightarrow					

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO) ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understanding the fundamentals of marketing principles in insurance products marketing.	U	PO1
2	Exploring the role of marketing strategies in the insurance industry and developing skills in market segmentation and targeting	S	PO2, PO10

3	Analysing	the	relationship	between	insurance	and	consumer	An	PO1,PO2
	behaviour.								PO6

	Demonstrating proficiency in communication and sales techniques in	C	PO4
	insurance and formulating effective marketing plans tailored to insurance products.		PO10
5	Applying the digital marketing principles in insurance marketing.	A	PO9

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Hrs	CO No.	
1		Introduction to Insurance and Marketing	19	
	1.1	Meaning and Importance of Insurance	1	1
	1.2	History and evolution of the Insurance Industry. Types of Insurance- Life and Non-life. Regulatory environment-IRDA	5	1
	1.3	An overview of marketing principles. Marketing mix- product, price, place, promotion	2	2
	1.4	Market segmentation and Targeting	2	2
	1.5	Branding and Positioning Strategies	2	2
Practicum:	2. Dis market	scussion on the importance of insurance marketing scussion on developing different segments for insurance scussion on market targeting and market positioning	7	1
2		Consumer behaviour and Market Research	17	
	2.1	Consumer behaviour and its importance in insurance marketers	3	1
	2.2	Factors influencing consumer behaviour—personal-psychological-economic-cultural-social factors	3	2
	2.2	Market Decearch manning and scane Market Decearch	2	

2.3	Market Research-meaning and scope. Market Research	3	3
	Process.		

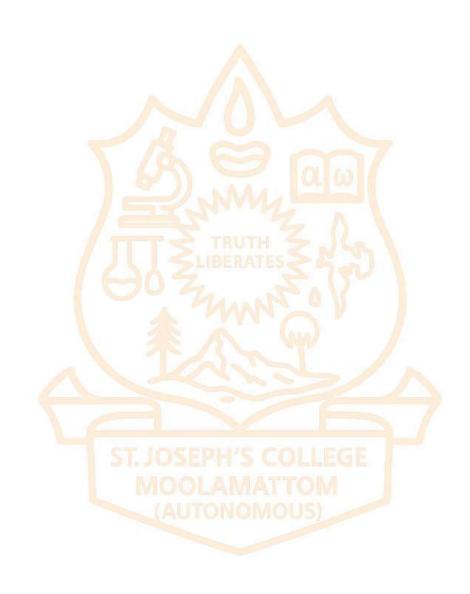
Practicum	1. Prepare a questionnaire for conducting market research relating to insurance.	8	3
	2. Discussions on different factors influencing consumer behaviour for insurance products.		
3	Insurance Products and Services	18	
	3.1 Life and Non-life Insurance products and their features. Types of marketing systems in insurance.	2	2
	Underwriting and Risk assessment process. Pricing and underwriting. Factors influencing insurance premiums-Underwriting guidelines and processes.	6	3
	3.3 Insurance products distribution channels-Agents, brokers, direct sales and digital distribution	3	4
	1. Discussions on various insurance products.	7	5
Practicum	2. Discussions on digital distribution channels of insurance products.		
4	Marketing Communications and Technological Advancements	21	
	4.1 Marketing communication and its process. Promotional mix elements. Integrated marketing tools used in insurance.	5	4
	4.2 Advertising and sales promotion. Ethical issues in insurance marketing and sales.	3	2
	4.3 Technological advancements in insurance marketing- Impact of AI, Data Analytics and insure Tech.	5	5
Practicum:	Discussions on integrated marketing tools and prepare an integrated communication tool for selling insurance. Conduct a mini survey to find out the impact of technological advancement on insurance product selling.	8	5
5	Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching and	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)							
Learning Approach	Classroom Frocedure (Node of Classroom) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge							
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments o CD3 - Class Seminars o CD4 - Peer group discussions							
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks							
	Components of CCA							
	Class Tests							
	Assignments							
	Seminar/Viva							
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.							
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.							
	1 * 1 							
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours							
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks							
	Short Answer 30 words 10 out of 15 10 x 2 = 20							
	Short Essay 150 words 10 out of 15 $10 \times 5 = 50$							
	Total Marks 70							

Reference

- 1. Rejda, E. George (2011). *Principles of Risk Management and Insurance*, first edition' Pearsons Education, Delhi.
- 2. Kotler, Kevin, Jha & Koshi (2009), Marketing Management, Pearson Education, Delhi
- 3. WilliamJ Stanton et al (2007) *Marketing*, McGraw Hill Publishing Company pvt Ltd, Delhi.
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- Kotler, Philip, (1996), Marketing Management-Analysis, Planning, Implementation and Control, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
 M N Mishra & S B Mishra, (2011) Insurance Principles and Practice, S.Chand& Company Ltd.
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Programme	BA (Hons) Econon	nics					
Course Name	Economics of Inno	vation and E	ntrepreneursh	iip			
Type of Course	DSE		A				
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO203	1	101	1			
Course Level	200-299	B	(αω	7		
Course Summary	This course provides a comprehensive understanding of Innovation, Entrepreneurship and practical application of the innovation process equipping students with the knowledge and skill needed to navigate the dynamic business land scape. The course begins with an exploration of innovation, where students analyze the current business landscape and recognize the significance of innovation, including its diverse types and specific needs within India. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) are addressed in detail, focusing on their crucial role in protecting innovative ideas through patents and copyrights. It also equips students with knowledge of both traditional and contemporary financing options, ensuring a comprehensive understanding of financial mechanisms crucial for entrepreneurial ventures. The Introduction to Entrepreneurship module cultivates an entrepreneurial mindset, introduces startup concepts, and explores different forms of ownership. The practical Application of the Innovation Process is emphasized through critical thinking, ideation, and hands-on experiences like field visits to startup units, enabling students to develop valuable skills for navigating the dynamic business						
Semester	4	T. JOSE	Credits	OLLEGE	4	Total Hours	
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	iivuis	
Course Details	Learning Approach	3		1		75	

Pre-
Pre- requisites, if
any

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the concepts of innovation, entrepreneurship and start up.	U	1,6
2	analyse the importance and methods of applying and holding Patents and Copyrights.	An	2,9
3	identify the various financial sources for entrepreneurs.	An	2,9
4	demonstrate the acquisition of knowledge and problem-solving capabilities of students in innovation.	S	5,10
5	gain an insight into the concept of student innovators.	I	4,10
6	evaluate the environment for facilitating a start-up unit.	E	6,9

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Innovation	19	
	1.1	Defining the concept of innovation and analysing the Significance and prospects of Innovation In the present economic scenario-Types of Innovation-Innovation Needs of India-Economic Impact of Innovation -critical analysis	5	1
	1.2	IPR- concept-Importance of IPR in Innovation-Types Of IPR- Patents And Copyrights-relevance and significance-Patents And Copyrights In India	2	2

			1	
	1.3	Arrangement of Funds- Traditional Sources of Financing, Loan Syndication, Self-Financing, Consortium Finance. role played by Banks-Appraisal of Loan Applications by Financial Institutions.	3	3
	Practicum	Scenario: Students can be considered as a team of entrepreneurs with a novel business idea Task: Identify the different types of intellectual property (IP) potentially involved in the idea. Research the registration process for relevant IPRs in India .	9	3
2		Introduction to Entrepreneurship	22	
	2.1	Entrepreneurial Mindset And Traits-Opportunity Recognition- Development of Knowledge And Skills In Launching New Ventures-Design Thinking And Entrepreneurship-Entrepreneur's Role, Task and Personality-Types of Entrepreneurships-Economic significance/ Importance of Entrepreneurship	5	1
	2.2	Introduction To Start Up Ventures-Procedure To Commence A Startup-Forms Of Ownership - Sole Proprietorship; Partnership; Limited Liability Partnership and Corporation Form of Ownership- Advantages/Disadvantages-Lean Start Ups	5	6
	2.3	Student Entrepreneurs -role and significance-Opportunities, Benefits and challenges faced by student entrepreneurs-Case studies	3	5
	Practicum	Allow the students in participating in a design thinking challenge focused on a specific theme (e.g., sustainability, education technology) The students should be able to 1. Define the problem statement clearly, focusing on the specific challenge or opportunity you identified. 2. Develop creative solutions through brainstorming and prototyping. Consider the feasibility and potential impact of ideas. Pitch solution to a panel of judges, if possible explaining how it addresses the identified opportunity and benefits the target audience. These can be done as classroom or outside activity.	9	5
3		Application of Innovation	19	

	3.1	Critical Thinking-Out of Box Approach-creativity and innovation- Ideation And Idea Generation, Business Canvas Model, Pitch Desk, Assessing Market Demand and Feasibility, Prototyping, Concept Testing, Value Proposition-Your Ideas-Presentation (based on Innovation steps)	8	4
	3.2	Meaning and Importance of Project Report-Contents of a DPR-Guide lines for formulating a DPR	2	4
	3.3	Startups-Basics and challenges	3	6
	Practicum	Visit To A Startup UnitDevelop A Project Report On the risk, benefits and Challenges Faced By The Unit.	6	6
4		Innovative Ventures	15	
	4.1	Innovating for Social Causes-Growth Strategies for Innovative Ventures	3	4
	4.2	Managing risk and uncertainty in innovation, measuring innovation success-New Product development and testing	3	4
	4.3	Managing Innovation and Building an Innovative Culture-Creating an Action Plan for Building an Innovative Culture	3	6
	Practicum	Identify key uncertainties related to firms and present a report on how it is managed	6	4, 6
5		Teacher specific Module		

	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA
	Class Tests
Assessment Types	Assignments
	Seminar/Viva
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 = 20
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	Total <mark>M</mark> arl	KS	70

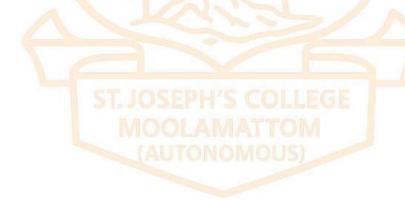
References:

- 1. Abramson, Marc A., and Ira D. Littman. *Innovation*. Rowman & Littlefield, 2020.
- 2. Beverly Rudkin Ingle. *Design Thinking for Entrepreneurs and Small Businesses: Putting the Power of Design to Work*. Apress, 2013.
- 3. Bessant, John, and Joe Tidd. *Innovation and Entrepreneurship*. 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2015.
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- 5. Blokdyk, Gerardus. *Concept Testing*. Createspace Independent Publishing Platform, 2018.
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- 10. Dorsey, David. *Bootstrap Business*. Adams Media, 2003.
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- 15. Hallgrimsson, Bjarki. *Prototyping and Modelmaking for Product Design*. Laurence King Publishing, 2020.
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- 23. Ries, Eric. *The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses*. Crown Business, 2011.
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- 28. Vijaya Kumar Ivaturi and Ganesh, M. *The Manual for Indian Start-ups*. Penguin Random House India, 2017.
- 29. Von Hippel, Eric. *The Democratization of Innovation*. Cambridge, Massachusetts, 2005.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Agarwal, Rajshree, and Sonali K. Shah. "Knowledge sources of entrepreneurship: Firm formation by academic, user and employee innovators." *Research Policy*, vol. 43, no. 7, 2014, pp. 1109-1133. doi:10.1016/j.respol.2014.04.012
- 2. Carlson, Matt, and Nikki Usher. "News Startups as Agents of Innovation." *Digital Journalism*, vol. 4, no. 5, 2015, pp. 563-581. doi:10.1080/21670811.2015.1076344
- 3. Chesbrough, Henry. "The logic of open innovation: managing intellectual property." *California Management Review*, vol. 45, no. 3, 2003, pp. 33-58.
- 4. Chesbrough, Henry. "Business Model Innovation: Opportunities and Barriers." *Long Range Planning*, vol. 43, no. 2, 2010, pp. 354-363.
- 5. Freeman, John, and John S. Engel. "Models of Innovation: Startups and Mature Corporations." *California Management Review*, vol. 50, no. 1, 2007, pp. 94-119. doi:10.2307/41166418
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Programme	BA (Hons) Ec	onomics				
Course Name	Agricultural I	Economics	Λ			
Type of Course	DSE					
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO	O204	U -			
Course Level	200-299	A E	9			
Course Summary	emphasizing development, a examining the pre-capitalism with the ability informed decis nurturing entre	This course covers the fundamental concepts in agricultural economics, emphasizing their interconnectedness with the agricultural sector's development, and explores the historical context of agricultural development, examining the transition of production relations in the agricultural sector from pre-capitalism/feudalism to capitalism. Additionally, the course equips students with the ability to analyze agricultural market dynamics and trends, facilitating informed decision-making in crop selection, production, and sales, while also nurturing entrepreneurial skills in agribusiness management with a focus on local knowledge and sustainable practices within the agricultural				
Semester	4		Credits	2/1	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical /	Others	
		USEFF	'S COL	Practicum		
	Approach	OC3_A AUTON	MATTO	Practicum 1		75

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Describe the fundamental concepts of agricultural economics, elucidating their interconnectedness with the development of the agricultural sector	U	1, 3
2	Examine the historical context of agricultural development, considering how past practices and policies have shaped current agricultural practices	E	1
3	Analyse agricultural market dynamics and market trends, to make informed decisions related to crop selection, production, and sales	An	1, 6
4	Develop entrepreneurial skills in agribusiness management using local knowledge and sustainable practices in the agricultural sector.	An	1, 5

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Agricultural Economics	19	
	1.1	Agricultural Economics – meaning - definition- subject matter- cob-web model	3	1
	1.2	Contribution of agriculture in Economic Development. Instability, Risk and Uncertainty in Agriculture	3	1
	1.3	Farm management and Production economics - Meaning, definition, and scope - Optimal factor combination - application of the Law of technical substitution	4	1

	1			1
	Practicum	Meet with a farmer to understand their current farming practices, crop type, and average yield and issues faced. Collect data on: Current costs of labour and fertilizer per unit, Historical crop yields associated	9	1
		with different input levels (if available),Market prices for the crops produced.		
2		Agricultural Growth in India	20	
	2.1	Agricultural growth in India since independence – cropping pattern- shiftsGreen Revolution-second generation green revolution[discussions in perspective of Kerala's agriculture)	5	2
	2.2	The agrarian question: from classic to current debates (Marx, Lenin, Dobb-Sweezy- Brenner Debate) (basic ideas only)	4	2
	2.3	Globalisation and the Indian agriculture	2	2
		Practicum: Research the concept of globalization and its impact on agricultural markets.	9	2
		Collect data on historical price trends for major/any of the agricultural commodities grown in India. Students can utilize data from government sources or agricultural market databases. Report the impact of globalisation	2	
3		Agriculture Finance and Marketing	15	
	3.1	Agricultural Marketing and its Importance-Marketing functions – Classifications of agriculture market- Marketable and Marketed Surplus;; Marketing Channels; Regulated Market; Private market-Marketing efficiency; Direct marketing, private markets, Organized Retailing [concepts only] – Problems of Agricultural marketing	5	3

	3.2	Farmer Producers Organizations (Agricultural cooperatives); Agricultural Value Chains Agricultural finance- sources: institutional and non-institutional- NABARD: role and functions. Crop insurance programmes in India	4	3
	3.3	Factors affecting demand for and supply of farm products -Market intermediaries and its regulation.	2	3
	Practicum	Analyze the role of NABARD in Supporting a Specific Agricultural Project in Kerala	4	3
4		Farm Management	21	
	4.1	Farm management-Principles of farm management-Farm management decisions-principles of factor substitution	3	4
	4.2	Cost Principles – Opportunity Cost Principle – Principles of Comparative Advantage – Limitations of Farm Management.	3	4
	4.3	Measures of Farm Efficiency - Size of the Farm and Productivity	3	4
	4.4	Innovative practices in farming: Integrated farming, contract farming, organic farming, precision farming, [concepts only] aquaponics, hydroponics [conduct case studies]	4	4
	Practicum	Research and gain a solid understanding of each innovative farming practice such as Integrated farming, Contract farming, Organic farming, Precision farming Aquaponics, Hydroponics etc	8	4
		Evaluate the impact of the practice on factors like:		
		Sustainability (environmental impact, soil health), Productivity (yield, resource efficiency), Profitability (economic viability for the farmers) Social impact (working conditions, community involvement)		

Teaching and Learning Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures, seminar presentations, practicum sessions and student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- o CD2 Group discussions
- o CD3 Class Seminars
- o CD4 Field visits

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA				
Class Tests	MN FOV			
Assignmen	ts			
Seminar/V	iva			
Project/Pra	cticum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.			

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
	Total Mar	ks	70		

References

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- 16. Shanin, T. (Ed.). (1987). Peasants and peasant societies, Blackwell.
- 17. Schult, T. Z. (1964). Transforming traditional agriculture. Yale University Press.
- 18. Carney, D. (Ed.). (1998). Sustainable rural livelihoods: What contribution can we make? DFID.
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Suggested Reading

1. Soni, R. N., & Malhotra, Sangeeta. (2015). Leading issues in agricultural economics (12th ed.). Vishal Publishing Co.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	International Finance					
Type of Course	DSE					
Course Code	SJC4DSEECO205	办	101	1		
Course Level	200-299	200-299				
Course Summary	The course provides a comprehensive overview of international finance, emphasizing its importance and its connections to global trade and business. It covers key topics such as the International Monetary System and reserve currencies, exploring their role in facilitating trade and investment. Discussions also include the IMF's function in maintaining global liquidity and the impact of private capital mobility. The course addresses exchange rate systems, balance of payments components, and the implications of currency convertibility, particularly in India. It examines the foreign exchange market, risk management strategies, and the relationship between inflation, interest rates, and exchange rates. Additionally, it discusses international capital movements, focusing on FDI, FPI, multinational corporations, and global financial institutions. Finally, it touches on new institutions, currency internationalization, and the role of international cooperations like the G20, BRICS, and the Financial Stability Board in shaping the global economic landscape.					
Semester	4	T. JOSE	Credits	OLLEGE	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture 3	Tutorial 0	Practical 1	Others	75
Pre- requisites, if any						

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Explain internationally agreed rules, conventions and supporting institutions that facilitate international trade.	U	9, 10
2	Analyse how financial institutions, currencies and policies impact economic stability.	AN	3,7
3	Identify various rules and institutions facilitating the trading of wealth and assets between countries.	A	6, 9
4	Assess liquidity and global investment opportunities that drives economic development.	Е	1,2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units Course Description		Hours	CO No
1		International Finance: Basic concepts and issues	24	
	1.1	International Finance: Meaning, and significance-Relation between international trade, international business, and international finance.	2	1
	1.2	International Monetary System-Facilitatory role of international monetary system on trade and investment-Reserve Currencies.	4	1
	1.2	IMF and International Liquidity-Role of private capital mobility in smoothening international liquidity.	4	1
	1.3	Flexible Exchange rate system-currency movements (appreciation and depreciation)-Currency crisis.	2	1
	1.4	Balance of payment-Components -balance of payment problem - Currency convertibility-capital account convertibility-risks and opportunities of currency convertibility in the Indian context.	4	1
	Practicum	Analyze Currency Movements and Impact on Exports: Research recent trends in exchange rates. Identify factors influencing these movements (e.g., global economic conditions, interest rates). Analyze the impact of currency appreciation or depreciation on the client's export competitiveness. How do exchange rate fluctuations affect their profitability.	8	1

2		Foreign exchange market and foreign exchange risk	17	
	2.1	Foreign exchange market-Participants in the foreign exchange market (India)-Functions of the foreign exchange market.	3	2
	2.2	Foreign exchange risk-hedging, arbitrate. speculation-Currency derivatives: Currency futures, options market-major international financial centres.	2	2
	2.3	Connection between inflation, interest rates and exchange rates Purchasing power parity theory, international fisher effect.	2	2
	2.4	Country risk analysis: political risk factors, financial risk factors and economic risk factors.	1	2
	Practicum	Research the structure and regulations of the Indian Forex market. Identify the major participants in the Indian Forex market, including: Authorized Dealer (AD) Banks, Exporters and Importers, Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs), FPIs Individuals (for travel, remittances) etc. Or Choose a recent news article or case study about an Indian company facing challenges due to currency fluctuations.	9	2
3		Interna <mark>tion</mark> al cap <mark>ital movements</mark>	15	
	3.1	International capital movements-FDI vs FPI-ECBs-Rupee denominated bonds.	4	3
	3.2	Risks of international capital volatility on developing economies like India-sudden stop hypothesis-short term capital vs long term capital.	4	3
	3.3	Multinational Corporations: role and operations in the global economy-role of Bilateral Investment Treaty.	3	3
	Practicum	Prepare a comprehensive report on the role of MNCs, and their potential impact on the chosen industry.	4	3
4	Inte	rnational Financial Institutions and Multilateral Agencies	19	
	4.1	World Bank and the affiliates: role in development finance. Emergence of new institutions -AIIB and NDB.	3	4
	4.2	Internationalization of rupee-prospects and challenges-Globalisation of financial markets: IFSC in India (the GIFT City).	3	4

5		Teacher specif <mark>ic Modu</mark> le		
		Utilize resources from these institutions or news articles about their recent projects to gather information about their specific development goals and project selection criteria.		
	Practicum	Select a real-world development project in a developing country that has been funded by either the World Bank Group (WBG), the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), or the New Development Bank (NDB).	9	4
	4.3	Role of international cooperations in facilitating global economic order-the G20, BRICS, Financial Stability Board.	4	4

	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)					
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge					
Teaching and Learning Approach	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors/ICT Methods etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group Discussions					
	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks					
	Components of CCA					
Assessment Types	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,					
	Assignments, Case study Report,					
	Seminar/Viva					
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.					
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.					
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks					

Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$	
	Total Marl	ΚS	70	

References:

- 1. Avadhani, V. A. *International Finance*. Himalaya Publishing House.
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- 3. Krugman, Paul R., Maurice Obstfeld, and Marc Melitz. *International Finance: Theory and Policy*. Pearson Education
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- 5. Soderston, Bo, and Geoffery Reed. *International Economics*. Palgrave Macmillan.
- 6. Srivastava, Rajeev. *International Finance*. Oxford University Press.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Basics of Fin	itech Entrep <mark>r</mark> e	eneurship			
Type of Course	DSC C					
Course Code	SJC4DSCEC	CO202	? [a	ω		
Course Level	200-299	3	WY T	7		
Course Summary	This course provides an introductory exploration into the dynamic world of financial technology (fintech) and the entrepreneurial opportunities it presents. The course is designed to equip students with a foundational understanding of the fintech landscape, the innovative technologies driving change, and the essential skills required to navigate and succeed in this rapidly evolving field. At present, India is having the most vibrant FinTech landscape in the world and hence, the course is designed on the basis of India's rapidly transforming fintech industry. Understanding the trends, technological developments involved, and the regulatory requirements will help them to grasp basic ideas about fintech entrepreneurship.					
Semester	3	IOOLA!	Credits	EGE	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum/ Practical	Others	
		3		1		75

Pre-requisites, if any

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the various aspects related to the fintech sector in India.	U	1, 2, 3
2	create an idea about the development of a fintech enterprise	С	1, 2, 3, 10
3	apply the knowledge acquired here for the development of a fintech startup.	Ap	6. 7. 9. 10
4	evaluate the prospects and challenges involved in fintech entrepreneurship.	E	5, 6, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Overview of the Fintech Sector	24	
	1.1	Introduction to Financial Technologies or Fintechs: Definition, evolution, and importance-Traditional versus digital finance-India as an emerging power in fintech-Trends in Indian Fintech sector: payments, lending, insurance, etc.	4	1, 3
	1.2	Fintech supporting infrastructure in India: Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) in India and its supportive effect on fintech industry-India Stack-ONDC-RBI Innovation Hub.	4	2, 3

	1.3	Technological base of fintech entrepreneurship: Use of various technologies including AI in different areas of financial services like client onboarding, loan disbursement, recovery and customer interfaces-Robo advisors in wealth management services-Platforms and practices that support fintech in India: Aadhar verification, KYC norms, e-KYC, Video KYC, Payment Infrastructure, CIBIL Score, CIBIL Microfinance score.	6	1, 2, 3
	Practicum	1. Map out the various components of DPI in India and demonstrate how they helped and supported the birth and rapid proliferation of fintech for financial institutions and the fintech firms.	10	1, 2, 3
		2. Illustrate the operational aspects of CIBIL score.		
2		India's Financial Services Industry -a Fintech angle Overview	22	
	2.1	Indian financial services industry-Banks and NBFCs-MFIs, Payment banks and Small Finance Banks- Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Lending Platforms-Loan apps-Account Aggregators and other Fintech entities.	4	1, 2, 3
	2.2	Fintech industry in India-Leading categories (payments, lending tech, insure tech, neo banks, fintech Saas etc.) - Banks adopting financial technologies- Fintech firms as financial sector disruptors.	4	3, 4
	2.3	Ideation of a fintech firm: Need for a user centric approach – Business model canvas and value proposition design-Revenue models: subscription, transaction fees etc-Technological took kits for Fintech enterprise.	4	1, 2, 3, 4
	Practicum	 Map the different types of fintech enterprises operating in India. Explore and demonstrate the interdependence between banks, NBFCs and fintech firms in the Indian context. Give ideation and provide a suitable business model for a potential fintech startup. 	10	1, 2, 3, 4
3		Electronic Money-Cryptocurrencies and Blockchain Technology	15	

	3.1	Electronic Money and Cryptocurrencies-CBDC-Types of cryptocurrencies/assets-Difficulties in regulating cryptocurrencies-Global attempts to regulate crypto assets.	4	2, 3, 4
	3.2	Crypto currencies: Currency vs asset nature-Risks of cryptocurrencies-Crypto Exchanges-Crypto crisis in the recent past.	3	3, 4
	3.3	Blockchain technology-Applications of blockchain technology in the financial sector.	3	3, 4
	Practicum	Classify the different types of crypto assets.	5	2, 3, 4
		Compare and contrast crypto assets with CBDC.		
		Analyse the failure of FTX and the message it left to the financial regulators.		
	4	Regulatory landscape for fintech in India	14	
	4.1	Regulatory Framework for Fintech industry: RBI Guidelines and Regulations-Fintech Repository.	2	1, 2, 3
	4.2	Role of Self-Regulatory Organisations (SRO) in the fintech landscape-Financial stability and the fintech industry.	2	2, 3, 4
	4.3	Evolution of India's digital payment ecosystem- Components of Digital payment ecosystem in India -Uniqueness of UPI-Internationalisation of UPI-Comparison of UPI with other major digital payments systems across the world.	5	1, 2, 3, 4
	Practicum	Discuss the need for drawing a balance between regulation and innovation support of fintechs.	5	1, 2, 3, 4
		Elaborate the unique advantages of UPI as a rockstar in the global fintech arena.		
5		Teacher specific module		

Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
	CD1-Lecture-Based Instruction : Lecture classes on the various concepts and leading developments related with the FinTech sector.				
	CD2 - Case Studies: Case study related various fintech developments including the crypto crisis, development of fintech startups India etc.				
	CD3-Group Discussions: Disruption caused by fintechs to traditional banking and NBFC business.				
	CD4 - Interactive Workshops: Use of emerging technologies for the development of fintech business.				
	CD5: Project discussion: On the promotion of ideas, enterprise design and MVP for starting a fintech firm.				
	CD 6: Industry visit: to get awareness about financial technologies adopted by financial entities including banks and NBFCs.				
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA (30 marks)				
	Fintech Industry Visit Report, Industry Expert Interaction Report, Technology Mapping Work Book, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Quiz/Book Review/Field Study, Class Tests.				
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.				
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours				
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50	
	Total Marks			70	

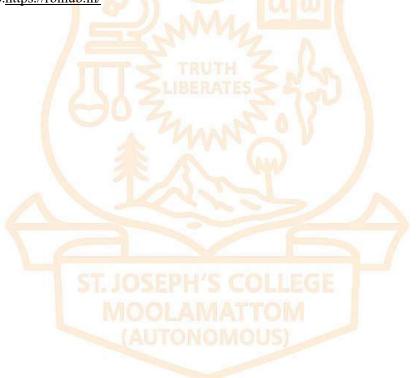
References

1. The Fintech Entrepreneur's Guide, Ashok Mittal, 2022.

- 2. Fintech Future: The Digital DNA of Finance, Sanjay Phadke, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd, 2023.
- 3. Digital Bank: Strategies To Launch Or Become A Digital Bank, Embassy Books, 2017.
- 4. Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: 4 Books, Keizer Söze, Sabi Shepherd Ltd, 2019.
- 5. Financial Technology (FinTech) and Digital Banking in India, Jaspal Singh, New Century Publications 2022.
- 6. Private Equity Venture Capital in Financial and Fintech, October-December 2023, RBI Innovation Hub, RBI.

Suggested Readings

- 1. FinTech Revolution in India: Opportunities and Challenges, CA Dr. Brajesh Kumar Jaiswal, Notion Press, February, 2024.
- 2. RBI Innovation hub.https://rbihub.in/





Programme			
Course Name	Digital Economy Skills for Enterprise Development		
Type of Course	SEC		
Course Code	SJC4SECECO200		
Course Level	200-299 LIBERATES		
Course Summary	This course is designed to foster digital enterprise development and impart students within the evolving landscape of digital economy. An innovative blending the methodology of economics with the leading trends in the digital we in the context of the requirements of skill enhancement. The primary objective basic knowledge and enhancement of skills in digital tools, and platforms which for initiating digital business enterprises. The syllabus adopts an interdiscipling keeping the core traits of Economics; aiming to provide students with a conderstanding of digital entrepreneurship and guiding them to acquire entrepreneurial skills in the framework of social science discipline. Regardia approach, the content should be delivered focusing on applying the digital technical user angle by integrating the core economic message. Core economic conceintegrated into the technological landscape. Teachers should use the basis microeconomics to interpret several of the digital developments and her explained in the context of the market mechanism angle wherever necessoftware tools mentioned in this course need not be purchased to provide the rather, a demonstration about their profile, features etc. with the help of sufficient. Use of computer lab facility is highly desirable for the course.	ve approvered is a very approximate the ling the cepts showing concernce are essary. The information of the cepts of the c	pach of adopted o impart ssential proach; hensive digital overall s from a ould be cepts of e to be Various mation;
Semester			Total

	4		Credits		3	Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	
		3				45
Pre- requisites, if any	Basic knowledge in microeconomics.					

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the opportunities and platforms for digital entrepreneurship and the power of network economics.	U	1, 3
2	plan a structured approach in Digital Enterprise Development in the context of digital economic opportunities.	S, C	10, 9,3
3	apply and develop the skills in various methods and platforms for enterprise development in the domain of digital economy.	A, S	10, 3
4	compose an effective branding plan for Digital Enterprise Development.	S, C	9, 10, 3, 5
5	find and understand the avenues of emerging tools like AI to enhance digital enterprise activities.	U	3,9
6	build the skill in various tools and methods in building digital enterprises.	S, A	5, 3, 10
7	build an awareness about the ethical and safety principles in the digital world.	S, C	6, 7, 8

*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description		CO No.	
1		Platforming an enterprise in the digital economy.			
	1.1	Scope and significance of digital economics and digital economy-key features of digital economy-Enterprise development in the digital economy era: opportunities and challenges-Significance of data literacy, digital literacy and technological literacy for entrepreneurs.	3	1	
	1.2 The rise of platform economy-various digital enterprise technologies -mobile-ecommerce, social media, Cloud, AI, automation and Blockchain.				
	1.3 Network Economics-meaning, importance- Network economies of scale-Social networking, userbase development and branding using social media for business-Digital business transformation.			1	
	1.4 Enterprise Development tools and platforms-Google Business Profile, Google Workspace, Google Analytics-Map API (concepts only)-Economic and business benefits of digital platforms.		5	6	
	Group Discussion: Importance of digital enterprise and the need to developresence for a physical business unit.		lop dig	gital	
	Group Discussion: The power of Network Economics and its application in the digital economy.				
2		Basic tools for digital economy management.	15		
	2.1	Pricing of digital products-Enterprise development tools: Economics of cloud storage- Case study: Office 365.	5	4	

Teaching and	Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)		
4	Teacher Specific Module		
	Discussion: Cyber security issues in the Digital Economy.		
	3.3 Business risks in the digital world: Digital Security-Digital Privacy-Data Security -User Authentication and Authorisation-IPR and Digital Rights-Ethical, Safety, Security, and other principles-Social Engineering Attacks-Government Regulations in India regarding Digital Security.	5	7
	Role of technological progress in productivity expansion-A survey of productivity enhancing digital tools- AI and IoT devices in enterprise management-Economic implications of large language models and neural networks-Different AI applications in industry, services (including education) and agriculture-AI: task facilitator vs job replacer.	5	1
	3.1 Economic benefits of digital branding-Digital branding and advertising using social media-Major social media platforms: Meta, LinkedIn, YouTube, Google ad sense-ads manager/ad settings.	5	1,6
3	Branding and security in the digital economy and Economics of AI and Robotics	15	
	Group Discussion: Importance of secure and stable ecommerce avenues in disbusiness. Mini Project: Map out the basic components of a web portal.	gital	
	2.4 Role of ecommerce payment gateways (concept only)-Online stores: steps for creation- India Stack-ONDC.	4	2, 3,6
	2.3 Websites for Enterprises-Domain Registration-Storage-Control Panels (concepts only) Apps and their significance in business.	3	2, 3
	2.2 Economic benefits of digital platforms for work, marketing etc - Government E-Market Place (GEM)-Uses of Content Management Systems-LMS.	3	2, 3

Approach

- CD 1- Demonstration: Demonstration of the digital tools using mobile phones or laptops can be used as a prime mode to introduce the digital platforms and trends (tools as well) covered under this course. Examples are the creation of business profile, social media ad management campaign etc. Demonstration of the design elements of LMS, various features of Office 365, Cloud, Google Map API etc, should be done while going through the relevant topics.
- CD2: Lecture-Based Instruction: Lectures on most digital concepts and their scope and application for digital enterprise development.
- CD 3: Skill Generation Exercises: Being an SEC, skill generation efforts can be a major mode of delivery of the content for this course. Skills like starting of ecommerce seller license, prerequisites needed for starting a website (without the development part) etc. can be provided to the students.
- CD4: Use of digital content for skill generation: Instruct the students to prepare a list of YouTube videos that helps them to develop the various digital skills like managing the Office 365, Google Workspace, Google Business Profile etc.
- CD 5: Self learning: Instructing students to visit websites like GEM, Google Map API, DigiLocker, Digital Marketing etc. to prepare a report on their working and create a brief note on how they may help them to develop/run their own business enterprise.
- CD 6 Group Discussions: Conduct group discussions to explore the different opportunities of AI in facilitating productivity and digital business entrepreneurship.
- CD 7 Interactive Workshops: Conduct interactive workshops on methods for digital branding.
- CD 8 -Chart Making: Prepare charts elaborating the various digital security threats.
- CD 9-Computer Lab Sessions: Engage students in the computer lab for familiarising the various digital skills instructed in this course.
- CD 10: Mock Exercises: Conduct an online ad campaign using any of the stipulated digital ad platforms (upto ad settings using the ad manager is enough).
- CD 11: Assignments: Information from digital sources in the form of text, images, videos and links can be consolidated and presented on selected topics like the use of various digital tools, running of digital advertisements etc (this should be kept in digital format using images, links, textual contents, videos if needed) and this should be regarded as assignments.
- CD 12: Case Study Analysis: Understand real-world case studies to illustrate the application of exploratory, descriptive, diagnostic, evaluation, action research, experimental, analytical, historical, survey, and field study methods.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- I. Theory 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Exam (ESE): 35 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
Components	Marks			
	Marks			
Prepare a digital business transformation action plan for a local MSME/Startup				
and present a Mini project, Industry Visit Report(Report writing and	15			
presentation after making an industry visit to a service firm that is engaged in				
digital business promotion), Mock exercise, Lab based exercises, Class test,				
Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Open Book test.				
Total Marks	15			
Q')) , , UI W	15			

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks; Time 1 hour.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour					
Descriptive type	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	5 out of 8	5 x 2 =10		
Short Essay	150 words	5 out of 8	5 x 5 = 25		
	Total M	arks	35		

- II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
Components	Marks			
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Collaboration Project Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of digital business transformation, Digital ad campaign analytics, Network Economics Assessment Report for digital platform, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15			
Total Marks	15			

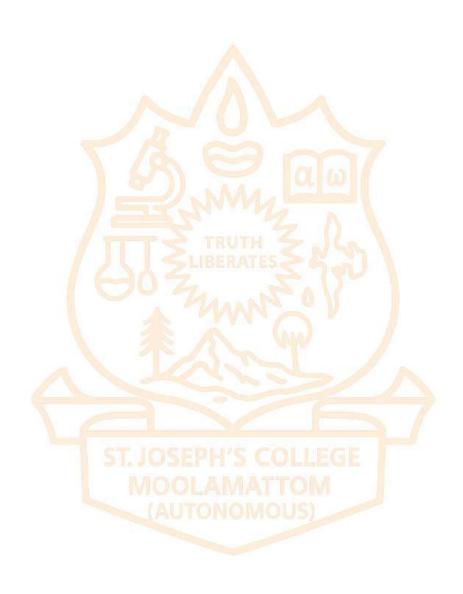
End Semester Examination (ESE)		
Туре	Marks	
ab based test	35	
otal Marks	35	

References

- 1. Principles of Digital Economics: Innovation Theory in the Age of Intelligence, Zhiyi Liu, Springer, 2022.
- 2. The Digital Economy (Anniversary Edition): Rethinking Promise and Peril in the Age of Networked Intelligence, Don Tapscott, McGraw-Hill Education; 2nd edition, 2014.
- 3. The Economics of Digital Transformation, Katarzyna Śledziewska and Renata Włoch, first published 2021, Rouletdge.
- 4. Digital Economy (practical Guide): Economic Development and Digital transformation, Gilbert Saldivar, Lew Temple, FRESHMAN, Kindle Edition, 2021.
- 5. The Cosmo-Creative Society: Logistical Networks in a Dynamic Economy-(Advances in Spatial and Network Economics), Ake E. Andersson E Ake, Batten F David, Kobayashi Kiyoshi, Springer, 2012.
- 6. The Oxford Handbook of the Economics of Networks, Yann Bramoull, Andrea Galeotti, et al., Oxford Handbooks, 2016.
- 7. Digital Transformation: Build Your Organization's Future for the Innovation Age, Herbert Lindsay, Bloomsbury Business India, 2017.
- 8. Working with Microsoft Office 365 Running Your Small Business in the Cloud, Hill Brett, Microsoft Press US, 2012.
- 9. Platform Pioneers 2024: Social Media Marketing Mastery Guide, Future-Proof Strategies for Brand Brilliance, YouTube, Google Ads, Meta, Blogging and More (Kindle Edition), Knight Ryan, ASIN .B0CJ71K712
- 10. Digital and Social Media Marketing: A Results-Driven Approach, Routledge; 2nd edition, Heinze Aleksej, 2020.
- 11. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence, Ajay Agrawal Ajay, Gans Joshua and Avi Goldfarb, Oxford University Press, 2019.
- 12. Artificial Intelligence: The Insights You Need from Harvard Business Review, Thomas H. Davenport, Erik Brynjolfsson, Andrew McAfee, H. James Wilson, Harvard Business Review, 2019.
- 13. The Age of the Platform: How Amazon, Apple, Facebook, and Google Have Redefined Business, Simon Phil, Simon Hris Consulting, 2011.
- 14. Digital Economics, Avi Goldfarb and Catherine Tucker, NBER, 2017.
- 15. Personalised Pricing in the Digital Era, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Directorate for Financial and Enterprise Affairs Competition Committee, 2018.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Booming Digital Stars: 11 Inspiring Journeys from India's Creator Economy, Harsh Pamnani and Manish Pandey, 2021, Pencil Select.
- 2. Cyber Security, Artificial Intelligence, Data Protection and the Law, Rober Walters, Marko Novak, Springer, 2021.
- 3. Winning in The Digital Age, Penguin Enterprise, Seth Nithin, 2021.





Programme						
Course Name	Sustainable Development Strategies and Governance					
Type of Course	VAC					
Course Code	SJC4VACECO20	0	707	1		
Course Level	200-299	B	0	αω		
Course Summary	This undergraduate course empowers the learner, to navigate towards a more sustainable future. Explore the interconnectedness of social, economic, and environmental issues through the lens of the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Engage in critical discussions about governance frameworks, and stakeholder participation in driving positive change. Develop analytical, problem-solving, and communication skills to contribute effectively to a just and sustainable world. This course is for degree students across disciplines, equipping learners with the knowledge and tools to become an agent of sustainable development.					
Semester	4	I.	Credits	3	3	Total Hours
Course	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	Hours
Details	Approach	3 3 5	PH'S CO	DLLEGE		45
Pre- requisites, if any		(AU	TONOMO	US)		,

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, students will be able to;	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	comprehend the concepts and debates on sustainable development.	U	1,6,7,8,9, 10

2	evaluate the MDGs and SDGs in general	Е	1,2,4,6,7,8,9,10
3	analyze the interlinkages between ecosystem and sustainability concepts.	An	1,2,3, 6,7,8,9,10
4	understand the analytical framework for sustainability studies	U	1,2,3,4, 6,7,8,9,10
5	examine the community-based approaches and resilience techniques	An	1,2,3, 6,7,8,9,10
6	assess principles of effective governance for sustainable development	E	1,2,3, 6,7,8,9,10
4 D			

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Sustainable Development		
	1.1	Broad Introduction to Sustainable Development: Context – importance – impact – implications – definition of Sustainable Development.	3	1
	1.2	Sustainable Development Debates: UN Conference on the Human Environment (1972) - World Commission on Environment and Development (1987) - United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (1992) -General Assembly Special Session on the Environment (1997) - World Summit on Sustainable Development (2002) - UN Conference on Sustainable Development (2012) - UN Sustainable Development Summit (2015) - UN Framework Convention on Climate Change: 21st Conference of Parties (COP21) (2015) - Global Warming of 1.5 °C: IPCC Special Report (2018) - UN Climate Action Summit (2019) - IPCC Reports for Assessment Report-6 (refer https://research.un.org/en/docs/environment/conferences)	9	1
	1.3	Sustainable Development Perspectives: MDGs and SDGs – Evaluation of MDGs and SDGs over the years.	3	2
2		Ecosystem & Sustainability	15	

	2.1	Fundamentals of ecology - types of ecosystems & and interrelationships, factors influencing sustainability of ecosystems, ecosystem restoration - developmental needs.	3	3
	2.2	Introduction to sustainability and its factors, requirements for sustainability: food security and agriculture, renewable resources - water and energy, non-renewable resources, factors and trade-offs, sustainability conflicts, a conceptual framework for linking sustainability and sustainable development.	6	4
	2.3	Overview on Analytical Framework for Sustainability Studies [Pressure-State-Response (PSR) Framework - DPSIR Framework (Drivers-Pressure-State-Impact-Response) - Sustainability Assessment Framework - Resilience Framework - Planetary Boundaries Framework - Ecological Footprint Analysis - Social-Ecological Systems (SES) Framework (Overview only)]	6	4
3		Community Resilience and Governance	15	
	3.1	Community resilience - definition - resilience: types- causes; Social Equity and Justice in Community Resilience - Food security - shelter - health care.	5	5
	3.2	Community-Based Approaches to Disaster Preparedness and Response – Basic terms: Crisis, Emergency, Hazards, Disaster and Catastrophe - environmental policy instruments: "command and control" instruments-market-based instruments-informational/educational instruments, and voluntary agreements (Overview only)	5	5
	3.3	Principles of Effective Governance for Sustainable Development – Effectiveness (Competence, Sound policy-making, collaboration); Accountability (Integrity, Transparency, Independent oversight); Inclusiveness (Leaving no one behind, no discrimination, participation, subsidiarity, intergenerational equity) - Legal Frameworks for Environmental Protection: General, Water, Air, Wildlife and Forest (Indian Context)	5	6
	_	nment: Case S <mark>tu</mark> dies & Projects on Rural Sustainable Development (Indian ctives).		
4		Teacher Specific Module		

	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide a solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods

		 CD2 - Tutoria CD3 - Class S CD4 - Peer g MODE OF ASSESS	als/Assignments Seminars roup Discussion MENT		etc.		
Assessment	E	Components of CCA Class Test, Group Discussion, Case Study, Chart/Work book/Other specific assessment Seminar/Assignment B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.					
Types		End Se	emester Exami Word Limit	nation (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 m Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
		Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
		Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30		
		16	Total M	arks	50		

References and Suggested Readings

- 1. Rockström, J., et al. "Planetary Boundaries: Exploring the Safe Operating Space for Humanity." Ecology and Society, vol. 14, no. 2, 2009.
- 2. Wackernagel, M., and Rees, W. "Our Ecological Footprint: Reducing Human Impact on the Earth." New Society Publishers, 1996.
- 3. United Nations. Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. United Nations, 2015.
- 4. Walker, B., and Salt, D. Resilience Practice: Building Capacity to Absorb Disturbance and Maintain Function. Island Press, 2012.
- 5. Ostrom, E. "A General Framework for Analyzing Sustainability of Social-Ecological Systems." Science, vol. 325, no. 5939, 2009, pp. 419-422.
- 6. Cutter, S. L., et al. "Social Vulnerability to Environmental Hazards." Social Science Quarterly, vol. 84, no. 2, 2008, pp. 242-261.
- 7. Adger, W. N. "Vulnerability." Global Environmental Change, vol. 16, no. 3, 2006, pp. 268-281.
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- 9. Steffen, W., et al. "Planetary Boundaries: Guiding Human Development on a Changing Planet." Science, vol. 347, no. 6223, 2015, p. 1259855.
- 10. Wackernagel, M., and Rees, W. Our Ecological Footprint: Reducing Human Impact on the Earth. New Society Publishers, 1996.
- 11. Millennium Ecosystem Assessment. Ecosystems and Human Well-being: Synthesis. Island Press, 2005.
- 12. Ostrom, E. "A General Framework for Analyzing Sustainability of Social-Ecological Systems." Science, vol. 325, no. 5939, 2009, pp. 419-422.

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- 14. Daly, Herman E., and Joshua Farley. Ecological Economics: Principles and Applications. Island Press, 2011.
- 15. Ellen MacArthur Foundation. Towards the Circular Economy: Economic and Business Rationale for an Accelerated Transition. 2012.
- 16. Jackson, Tim. Prosperity Without Growth: Economics for a Finite Planet. Earthscan, 2009.
- 17. Franco, Isabel Baptista, and Julia Tracey. "Community Capacity-Building for Sustainable Development: Effectively Striving Towards Achieving Local Community Sustainability Targets." International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education 20.4 (2019): 691-725.
- 18. Soubbotina, Tatyana P. Our Common Journey: A Transition Toward Sustainability. National Academy Press, 2004.
- 19. Elliott, Jennifer. *An Introduction to Sustainable Development*. 4th ed., Routledge, 2012.
- 20. Rogers, Peter P., Kazi F. Jalal, and John A. Boyd. "An Introduction to Sustainable Development." *Routledge*, 2007.
- 21. Sachs, Jeffrey D. *The Age of Sustainable Development*. Columbia University Press, 2015.
- 22. Soubbotina, Tatyana P. Beyond Economic Growth: An Introduction to Sustainable Development. WBI learning resources series. World Bank, 2004.
- 23. Kerr, Julie. Introduction to Energy and Climate: Developing a Sustainable Environment. CRC Press, 2017.
- 24. Saito, Osamu. Sharing Ecosystem Services. Springer Singapore, 2020.
- 25. Nhamo, Godwell, and Vuyo Mjimba. Sustainable Development Goals and Institutions of Higher Education. Springer, 2020.
- 26. Bell, Simon, and Stephen Morse. Sustainability Indicators: Measuring the Immeasurable?. Routledge, 2012.
- 27. Sørensen, Bent. Energy, Resources and Welfare: Exploration of Social Frameworks for Sustainable Development. Academic Press, 2016.
- 28. Dent, David, Olivier Dubois, and Barry Dalal-Clayton. Rural Planning in Developing Countries: Supporting Natural Resource Management and Sustainable Livelihoods. Routledge, 2013.
- 29. Sala, Serenella, Biagio Ciuffo, and Peter Nijkamp. "A Systemic Framework for Sustainability Assessment." *Ecological Economics*, vol. 119, 2015, pp. 314-325.
- 30. Gasparatos, Alexandros, and Anna Scolobig. "Choosing the Most Appropriate Sustainability Assessment Tool." Ecological Economics, vol. 80, no. 0, 2012, pp. 1-7.
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- 32. Streimikis, Justas, and Tomas Baležentis. "Agricultural Sustainability Assessment Framework Integrating Sustainable Development Goals and Interlinked Priorities of Environmental, Climate and Agriculture Policies." Sustainable Development, vol. 28, no. 6, 2020, pp. 1702-1712.

Internship

Each student attending the programme should complete an internship programme (2 credits) for the specified time period prescribed by the University. At the completion of the programme, an internship report should be submitted by the student.

Internship (Summer)						
Course Code	Туре	Credit				
SJC4INTECO200	INT	2				

Internship Evaluation Guidelines

Each student attending the programme should complete an internship programme. The internship evaluation has two components internal and external with a total mark of 50. Internal evaluation has 15 marks whereas external evaluation has 35 marks. Following are the criteria for internal and external valuations.

Internship Report:- Total Marks: 50

The internship evaluation has two components:-

- (A) Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) for 15 marks
- (B) Internship Report Evaluation (ESE) for 35 marks
- (A) Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks

Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)					
Sl No	Components				
1	Definition of the Internship Work/Area/Problem.				
2	Use of Methodology.				
3	Analysis/Argumentation/Findings and Suggestions.				
	Total	15			

Internship Report Evaluation (ESE): 35 marks

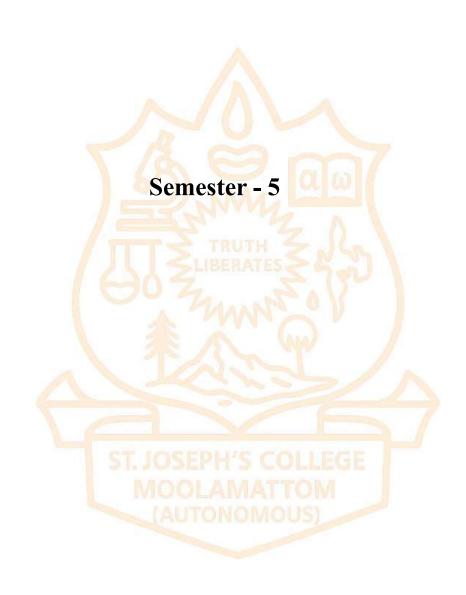
Internship Report Evaluation						
Sl No	Components	Marks				
1	Definition of the Internship Work/Area/Problem.	10				
2	Use of Methodology.	10				
3	3 Analysis/Argumentation/Findings and Suggestions. 15					
	Total	35				

Formal requirements for the Internship Report

The Report must be typed on a computer and comply with the following requirements: a) Font: Times New Roman (or any other suitable font), font size 12 and a line spacing of 1.5. The minimum length of the internship report is 25 pages (A4 Size) excluding the references, endnotes, appendices and the cover/certificate/content pages. The Report should follow the following recommended structure:

A) Introduction, B) Nature of the internship engagement C) Internship Problem or Area/D) Data and Methodology (if required), E) Skills, Analysis techniques applied during internship, F) Summary of the internship engagement and conclusion and, g) References.







Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Econometrics - I							
Type of Course	DSC A	10						
Course Code	SJC5DSCECO300	SJC5DSCECO300						
Course Level	300 - 399							
Course Summary		The students will be acquainted with basic methodology, simple and multiple regression, test of hypothesis, model diagnosis and application.						
Semester	5	5 Credits 4				Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach							
	ST. JOSE	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum	Others			
	MOO	3	TTON	1		75		
Pre-requisites, if any	Quantitative Economics – I & II							

CO Expected Course Outcome No.	Learning Domains	PO No
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1	understanding and analysing Econometric Data and Concepts.	An	1
2	evaluating Estimation Methods.	E	2
3	enhancing Analytical Skills.	A	1,2
4	construction of an Econometric Model.	E	6
5	application of Econometric Techniques.	C	2,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Mod ule	Units Course description		Hrs	CO No.	
1		An Introduction to Econometrics			
	1.1	Nature, Evolution, Definition, Scope and Goals -Basic Concepts	2	1	
	1.2	Types of Data: Time series-Cross-section –Pooled, Panel, Engineering data	3	2	
	1.3	Steps in Econometric Methodology -Error Term and its significance-Dummy variable (Concept Only)	3	2	
	Practicum	Identify various data sets and gain practical experience working with various data structures commonly used in data analysis. This will help to develop skills in data acquisition, and analysis techniques appropriate for each data type.	10	2	
		And also understand the strengths and limitations of different data structures for addressing specific research questions.			

2		Module -II –Linear Models	23	
	2.1	2.1 Simple Regression - PRF-SRF— Theory of estimation (Ordinary Least Squares only) Sampling distribution-Point vs. Interval Estimation-Standard Error -Multiple regression analysis (Basics only)		4
	2.2	Assumptions of CLRM	3	4
	2.3	Gauss Markov Theorem and BLUE	3	4
	2.4	Goodness of fit -Coefficient of determination- Multiple R ² - Adjusted R ² ANOVA table (Concept only)	5	3, 5
	Practicum	Familiarize with ,SRF,PRF and Regression equations	5	3
3		Model Diagnosis	20	
	3.1	Test of hypothesis—Critical Region -Type I and Type II Errors- Level of Significance -Power of a test -Z and T (Concept Only).	7	4, 5
	3.2	Concepts, Causes and Consequences of Heteroscedasticity, Multicollinearity and Autocorrelation (No tests)	4	2
	3.3	Violation of Normality Assumption (Concept Only)	1	3
	Practicum	Solve sample problems to understand testing of hypothesis	8	4
4	Multi	14		
	4.1	Multiple Regression Analysis (Basics)	4	2
	4.2	Assumptions	2	3

4.3	Model	1	3
Practicum	Preparation of term paper -Defining the problem ,Use the econometric methodology Analysis –Necessary Tests	7	3

5	Teac	cher Specific Module
a Lea	ching ind rning roach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments o CD3 - Class Seminars o CD4 - Peer group Discussions
	ssment ypes	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours							
Descriptive type Word Limit		Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$				
	Total Marl	ks	70				

Reference

- 1. Gujarati, D. N., *Basic Econometrics*, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009
- 2. Greene, W. H., Econometric Analysis, Pearson, 2018
- 3. Wooldridge, J. M, Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, Cengage Learning., 2019
- 4. Dougherty, C, *Introduction to Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2016
- 5. Gujarati, D. N., & Porter, D. C., Econometrics by Example, Palgrave Macmillan, 2009

Suggested Readings

- 1. Stock, J. H., & Watson, M. W., Introduction to Econometrics, Pearson, 2015
- 2. Cameron, A. C., & Trivedi, P. K., Regression Analysis of Count Data, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- 3. Gujarati, D. N., & Porter, D. C., Essentials of Econometrics, McGraw-Hill Education, 2018
- 4. Heiss, F., *Using R for Introductory Econometrics*, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2020
- 5. Johnston, J., Econometric Methods. John Wiley New York, 1985
- 6. Kennedy, P., A Guide to Econometrics, Wiley-Blackwell, 2008
- 7. Pesaran, M. H., Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics, Oxford University Press, 2015



Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	mics							
Course Name	International Economics								
Type of Course	DSC A								
Course Code	SJC5DSCECO301								
Course Level	300-399	300-399							
Course Summary	understanding glob advanced concepts International Econ include discussion	This course provides an exploration of essential concepts and theories crucial for understanding global trade dynamics. It covers International Economics fundamentals, advanced concepts and theories. Additionally, it delves into Trade Mechanisms, International Economic Institutions, and current trade challenges. Practical components include discussions on recent trends, field visits, and case studies. Overall, students gain a robust understanding of international trade, preparing them for careers in global trade and economics.							
Semester	5	T	Credits	3	4	Total Hours			
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others				
		3	AMAT	TOM		75			
Pre- requisites, if any	Basic knowledge o	n Microeconor	nic tools.	(US)					

Learning	PO
Domains *	No
U	1,2
d. A	2,4
ns in An	1, 3
E	1, 2,3,9
ns in	

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to International Trade Theories	19	
	1.1	International Economics: Nature and scope-Basis of Trade-Trade as an Engine of growth.	2	1
	Offer Curves (concepts only)- Terms of Trade: types.		3	1
	1.3	Key approaches and theories: Mercantilism, Absolute Advantage and Comparative Advantage Models, Heckscher - Ohlin theory, Factor Price Equalisation theorem, Leontief's paradox- Gains from Trade.		1
Practicum	Ident	tify major import and export items of Indian trade basket.	7	1
2	Baland	ce of Payments	18	
	2.1	BOP - Meaning and structure – current account and capital account- BoP equilibrium.	5	2
	2.2	Measures to correct Balance of Payment disequilibrium: Monetary and Non-Monetary Measures - Elasticity Approach- Marshall-Learner condition.	6	2

Practicum	Discus	ssion on the recent trends in India's BOP.	7	2
3		Exchange Rate and Foreign Exchange Market	18	
	3.1	Theories of exchange rate determination: Mint Parity Theory, Purchasing Power Parity theory, balance of payment theory- Fixed and Flexible exchange rate systems - Exchange rate system in India	6	3
	3.2	Foreign exchange markets: Functions, Participants- Determination of equilibrium exchange rate.	2	3
	3.3	Types of foreign exchange transactions: spot and forward rates, hedging, speculation, arbitrage, futures, options and currency swaps (concepts only).	4	3
Practicum		Discussion on foreign exchange markets and imbibe the real life experience on trading and non-trading roles.	6	3
4	Trade Mechanisms and International Economic Institutions.		20	
	4.1	Commercial Policy – Free trade and Protection- Tariff, Quota and their effects, non-tariff barriers	3	4
	4.2	Economic Integration: Meaning, types and benefits- International Institutions: IMF, World Bank and WTO (Objectives and functions).	4	4
	4.3	Current Trade Problems and Challenges – Deglobalisation-Dedollarisation - Decoupling - Trade Wars- Migration and its economic impact - Global value chains.	3	4
Practicum	Case S	risit to an Export oriented unit/area. Study - rent Exim Policy of India.	10	4
Practicum	Case S	Study - rent Exim Policy of India. onomic Integration among developing and developed countries (EU &	10	4

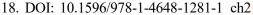
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods
	• CD1 - Lecture.

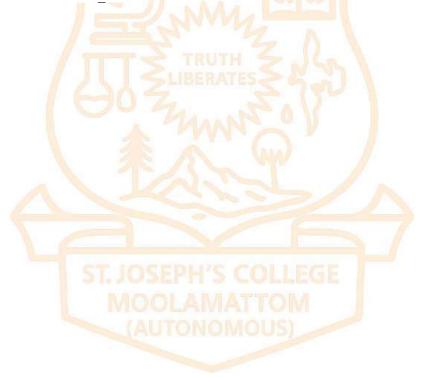
	• CD3 - Class					
Assessment Types		_	OF ASSESSMENT	Manla		
	A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA					
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,					
	Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva					
		$-II\Lambda$	Book Review/Fieldwork	etc.		
	B. End Semester Ex	amina <mark>ti</mark> on (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	ours.		
		MA	التقلي			
	End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s		
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
		Total Mar	ks	70		

References:

- 1. Cherunilam, F. International Economics. McGraw Hill, Education.
- 2. Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific. "Quantitative Assessment of the Economic Impact of Trade Wars and Make in India Program." Retrieved from https://www.unescap.org/kp/2020/quantitative-assessment-economic-impact-trade-wars-and-make-india-program, 2020.
- 3. European Central Bank. "Title of the Article." Retrieved from https://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/economicbulletin/focus/2022/html/ecb.ebbox202108_01~e8ceebe51f. en.html.
- 4. Huleppa, T. "The status of de-dollarization in the Indian economy." Retrieved from https://www.jetir.org/papers/JETIR2301545.pdf, 2023.
- 5. JPMorgan Chase & Co. "De-dollarization." Retrieved from https://www.jpmorgan.com/insights/global-research/currencies/de-dollarization, n.d.
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- 7. Kindle, B. C. P. International Trade. R.D Irwin, Homewood.

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- 9. Magableh, G. M. "Supply Chains and the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Comprehensive Framework." European Management Review, vol. 18, no. 3, 2021, pp. 363–382. DOI: 10.1111/emre.12449.
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- 11. Rana, K. C., and K. N. Varma. Internal Economics. Visual Publishing.
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- 15. Salvatore, D. Schaum's Outlines, Theory and Problems of International Economics. Tata MacGraw Hill, Delhi.
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Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics				
Course Name	Data Analysis for Economics using Python					
Type of Course	DSE					
Course Code	SJC5DSEECO300					
Course Level	300-399					
Course Summary	This course is designed to provide students with fundamental data analysis skills in the field economics. Covering statistical methods and quantitative tools, it emphasizes hands- on applications such as data exploration, visualization, and interpretation. Students will learn to model economic trends, make predictions, and extract meaningful insights from datasets. The course equips them to contribute effectively to economic decision-making, market research, and policy formulation in an increasingly data-centric environment. As per the course structure, allocation for practical has not been provided as it was not able to provide practical/practicum for DSE courses for this semester. But, the content in this course have to be engaged with lab support and most importantly, assessment also includes practical component.					
Semester	5	1	Credit	; (A)	4	Total
Course	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours
Details	Approach	4				60
Pre- requisites, if any	Attempting Economic Analytics -I is a prerequisite for this course. at least 50% of the classes should be engaged with the support of computer lab. A five day workshop is to be arranged for the teachers before launching the course.					

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand some fundamental programming tools that can be used for economic data analysis.	U	1, 2, 3

2	analyse economic data using the techniques learnt in this course	An	2, 3, 9. 10
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3	evaluate the specific problem and apply relevant tools for the particular dataset	Е	2, 3, 9. 10
4	create simple analytical models making use of Python .	С	2, 3, 9. 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Units Course description		CO No.
1		Introduction to programming for economic analysis	15	
	1.1	Economics and Programming: Importance of programming in Economics-Introduction to Excel, SAS, SPSS, EViews, Gretl, Stata, R and Python Software.		
	1.2	Introduction to Python: Setting Up the Python-installing Python-Uses of Integrated Development Environments- IDLE, Jupyter, PyCharm, Spyder, Visual Studio Code and Atom.	5	2
	1.3 Economic variables in Python Syntax: Variable types, lists, tuples, sets, dictionaries.			3
	Basic computation and Structuring Objects: lists , tuple, sets, strings and dictionary methods.			
	Practic	eal		
	1. Sett	ing up of the python environment.		3
	2. Usir	ng Python for basic economic computation		
2		Python syntax and objects	15	
	2.1	Control Flow statements in Python: Conditional Statements-IF, ELIF and ELSE, Iteration statements-for and while, Break statements.	5	3
	2.2	Python functions in Economics: Importance, Inbuilt functions-user defined functions- function rules.	3	3, 4
	2.3	2.3 OOP in Python: Creating python objects-methods-building classes.		
	2.4	Introduction to Libraries: NumPy, Pandas, Scipy, Scikit leran, statsmodels-Methods for importing modules.	4	3, 4

	Practic	cal		
	1. Usin	g Control flow statements in economic scenarios.		3, 4
	2. Crea	ting Economic functions in python.		
3		Quantitative Economics in Python	15	
	3.1	Quantitative Economics using Python I: Linear Algebra-vectors-matrices-Linear equations-Eigen vectors ad Eigen value.	3	3
	3.2	Economic Data visualisation in Python: Introduction to visualisation libraries- matplotlib- Bar graph, Line graph, Scatter plot, pie chart.	5	4
	3.3	Quantitative Economics using Python II: Introduction to Probability-mean-variance- Data distributions-use of random module.	4	
	3.4	Drawing Economic graphs using Python-Demand and Supply Curves-Costs Curves-other curves.	3	3, 4
	Practio	cal: Visualising Economic concepts using python		3, 4
4	4 Data Handling		15	
	4.1	Data and Python: Data extraction - Different Data file formats- CSV, Doc, text and PDF file extraction.	3	3, 4
	4.2	Data Handling in Python: Data cleaning approaches -qualitative and quantitative-Introduction to Database management systems.	4	3, 4
	4.3	Working with Pandas <i>DataFrame</i> : Exploring Data- count, binning, minimum, maximum, mean, variance and sd- Inclusion and Exclusion of Columns.	5	3, 4
	4.4	Modelling in Python- Libraries for Regression – Implementing Economic Models-Growth Models.	3	3, 4
Practica l		dling of missing data and outliers. ression Analysis using Python.		3, 4
5				
	Cla	assroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)		1
Teaching and		assroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can providata analysis.	de the l	oasics
Learning Approach		netical session should be conducted for familiarising the various hniques.	data a	nalytic
		 Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. 		

- CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- CD3 Peer teaching
- CD4 Lab sessions

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- **I. Theory 75 marks (A.** Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks, **B**. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

Components	
	Marks
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of a Data Analysis solution, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar, Industry Visit Report, Mini project.	25
Total Marks	1

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

Assessment Types

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes						
Descriptive type	Wo <mark>rd</mark> Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30			
S	50					

- **II. Practical Examination: 50 marks** (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)	
Components	Marks
Lab based exercises, Mini Project, Industry Visit Report, Analysis with Sample data.	15

Total Marks	15
B. End Semester Examination	n (ESE): 35 marks (1hour)
En	d Semester Examination (ESE)
Туре	Marks
Lab based test	35
Total Marks	35

Reference

- 1. Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with pandas, NumPy, and Jupyter, Third Edition (Grayscale Indian Edition), Wes McKinney, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2022.
- 2. Fluent Python: Clear, Concise, and Effective Programming, Second Edition (Grayscale Indian Edition) Paperback, Luciano Ramalho, Shroff/O'Reilly2022.
- 3. Learn Python Quickly: A Complete Beginner's Guide to Learning Python, Even If You're New to Programming, Code Quicky, 2020.
- 4. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data in Python 3, Charles Severance, Shroff Publishers
- 5. Data Analysis with Python: Introducing NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, and Essential Elements of Python Programming, Rituraj Dixit, 2022.
- 6. Python Data Analysis: Perform data collection, data processing, wrangling, visualization, and model building using Python, 3rd Edition, Avinash Navlani, Armando Fandango, et al., February 2021.
- 7. Data Analysis Using Python by Dr. Samitha Khaiyum, Prof. Rakshitha Kiran P, Good Writers Publishing, 2023.
- 8. Mastering Power BI, Chandraish Sinha, 2021.
- 9. Power Query for Power BI and Excel, Christopher Webb and Crossjoin Consulting Limited, Apress, 2014.
- 10. Power BI Data Modeling: Build Interactive Visualizations, Learn DAX, Power Query, and Develop BI Models, Nisal Mihiranga, 2022.
- 11. Microsoft Power BI Complete Reference: Bring your data to life with the powerful features of Microsoft Power BI, Devin Knight, Brian Knight, et al., Packt Publishing Limited, 2018.
- 12. Learning Microsoft Power BI: Transforming Data into Insights (Grayscale Indian Edition), Jeremey Arnold, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2022.

.Suggested Readings:

- 1. Practical Data Science with Jupyter, Prateek Gupta, 2021.
- 2. Power BI for Jobseekers: Learn how to create interactive dashboards and reports, and gain insights from the data, Alan Murray, 2023.



# -						
Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Financial	Regulation	and <mark>Supervi</mark>	sion		
Type of Course	DSE					
Course Code	SJC5DSEE	CO301	Mul	αω		
Course Level	300-399	73	RUTH	E Par		
Course Summary	This course provides an overview of the financial regulatory and supervisory landscape, focusing on the Indian financial system and especially on banks and NBFCs. The primary goal is to help students grasp the various concepts, ideas, and issues related to financial regulation and supervision. Understanding regulation and supervision—key mechanisms governing financial institutions—is crucial for effective microeconomic management of these entities. This course emphasizes conceptual understanding and is structured to offer a detailed exploration of these foundational elements, given the undergraduate level, and hence deliberately excludes debates and secondary developments to focus more on conceptual foundations. The students can venture into the real world of assisting financial entities once they get core ideas covered under this course along with a good knowledge in financial risk analysis that is provided in another course.					
Semester	5		Credits		4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	

	4		60
Pre-requisites, if any			

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome is to enable the students to	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the foundational principles of financial regulation and supervision.	U	1, 2, 3,
2	Analyse the regulatory norms and standards with respect to financial institutions.	An	9, 10
3	Evaluate the regulatory environment of banks, NBFCs etc.	E	9, 10
4	Understand how the leading techno-financial developments including fintech and digital payments influence the financial sector and the related regulatory norms in India.	U	1, 2, 8, 9, 10
5	Assess the various financial sector norms like NPA, CRAR and other institutional regulatory norms works.	An	1, 2, 4, 9, 10
6	Understanding systemic risk and the regulatory challenges.	U	1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	Fin	ancial Sector regulation as a macroeconomic policy	15	

				,
	1.1	Economic Foundations of Financial Regulation and supervision	3	1, 2
		Role of central banks and other regulators in ensuring stable and healthy financial markets-Financial Stability-Financial Stability as a public good-Need for financial regulation and supervision-Financial Regulation: Meaning and Significance-Financial Supervision: Meaning and Scope- Prudential Regulation.		
	1.2	Macroeconomics of financial regulation Diversity of financial institutions and diversity of regulatory requirements- Moral Hazard -TBTF problem-Macroprudential regulations-Systemic Risk-Systemically important financial institutions -Systemically Important FIs in India.	6	1, 2, 3, 4
	1.3	Financial Market Structure Structure of India's banking sector: Commercial Banks (CBs)- Structure of the Cooperative Banks-Structure of NBFCs- Structure of the Capital Market-Interconnectedness between banks, NBFCs and fintechs.	3	1, 2, 3
	1.4	Major Financial Sector Regulators in India An overview of the functions of the major financial regulators in India: RBI, SEBI, IRDA, PFRDA and FSDC.	3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
2	Regula	tion and Supervision of the banking sector by the RBI	15	
	2.1	Regulatory norms for Scheduled Banks RBI's role in banking sector regulation- Universal Banks- Significance of Banking Regulation Act and Bank Nationalisation Acts (overview only)- Regulatory requirements for SCBs: SLR, CRR, CRAR and capital adequacy norms in India-Liquidity support by the RBI through LAF window to banks-Deposit Insurance -Tiered approach for UCBs.	4	1, 2, 5, 6
	2.2	NPA norms and other regulations Income recognition-Asset Classification-Standard assets-NPA: Substandard asset, doubtful asset, loss asset-Stressed Asset-Written off assets-Restructured loans-Provisioning norms, PCR-Risk weights-Prompt Corrective Action Plan-Stress testing-Problem of pro-cyclical lending.	3	1, 2, 3, 5, 6

	2.3	Basel III Capital Standards Importance of capital enhancement for banks- Basel III capital standards-Risks under Basel III: operational risk, credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk-Liquidity coverage ratio-Leverage ratio-Capital Buffers.	4	6	
	2.4	Financial Supervision norms by the RBI Meaning and objectives of supervision-BFS-Risk based supervision-CAMELS, CALCS, SPARC, OSMOS-Principles of governance for banks-Assurance functions.	4	1, 2, 3, 5.	
3	Regula	Regulation of NBFCs, capital market and the fintech sector		15	
	3.1	Regulation of NBFCs Growth of NBFCs in recent years and importance of regulation-Classification of NBFCs-Major regulatory measures by the RBI for NBFCs-LTV norms-Scale based regulation.	6	1,3, 5,6	
	3.2	Regulatory convergence between banks and NBFCs-Colending and On-lending- Regulatory norms for MFIs in India-Regulation of the fintech sector and crypto assets.	4	1, 3, 5,6	
	3.3	Regulation of the capital market by SEBI Primary market and Secondary market regulations- Types of Capital issues in the Primary Market -Eligibility Norms for Making Capital Issues-Intermediaries in an issue in the Primary Market-Regulatory requirements for making an IPO.	5	1,2	
4		Leading Regulatory developments in India	15		
	4.1	Resolution, Insolvency mechanisms and Customer Redressal in India Financial Resolution-Insolvency and Liquidation-Hair Cutting-IBC- SARFAESI Act-ARCs-Integrated Ombudsman Scheme by the RBI (entire sub module is conceptual level).	5	1,2, 3,5	
	4.2	Interest rate regulations Evolution of interest rate regulation in the post reform period: Prime Lending Rate (PLR), BPLR, Base rate, MCLR and external benchmark-based lending rate-Financial benchmarking and FBIL (concept level).	5	1,2, 5, 6	

	4.3	Customer disclosure guidelines and related regulations CRILC-Public Credit Registry-KYC norms-Operational Aspects of KYC-Wire Transfers-Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR)-Operational aspects of CIBIL Score.	5	1, 2, 3,4, 5, 6
5		Teacher specific Module		

	<u> </u>
Teaching and	Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Learning Approach	CD 1- Lecture-Based Instruction
	CD 2 - Self learning: through various RBI, SEBI and other publications.
	CD 3 - Case Study Analysis: based on leading financial sector developments.
	CD 4 - Group Discussions: Current financial sector issue that have systemic ramifications.
	CD 5 - Interactive Workshops: on Financial Sector Regulatory Guidelines.
	CD 6 -Chart Making: Structure of banks and NBFCs.
	CD 7 - Assignments: on any of the topic that the teacher found best suitable.
	CD 8 - Invited Lectures by industry experts and officials.
	CD 9 - Industry mentorship for students and its reporting.
	CD 10 - Mind mapping with flowcharts about the regulatory and supervisory norms by the RBI and its presentation by the students.
	CD 11 - Mock Exercises with financial parameters and values: eg: Estimating CRAR with different risk weights for banks, based on hypothetical balance sheet.
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT
	A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks
	Components of CCA

Case Study Report, Collaborative Project, Industry Mentorship Report, Expert Interaction Report, Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Mapping of Regulation and Supervisory norms by the RBI for banks and NBFCs, Seminar/Viva/ Project/Book Review.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE) – 70 marks. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
	Total Marl	ks	70			

References

- 1. RBI, Reserve Bank of India: Functions and Working, (periodically updated). https://rbidocs.rbi.org.in/rdocs/Content/PDFs/FUNCWWE080910.pdf
- 2. Mishkin, Frederic S. "The Economics of Money, Banking, and Financial Markets", Pearson, 2018.
- 3. Allen, Franklin and Gale, Douglas "Understanding Financial Crises", Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 4. Reserve Bank of India "Annual Report on Banking in India", RBI, annually updated.
- 5. RBI Guidelines "Master Circular Prudential norms on Capital Adequacy and Market Discipline Basel III Norms", RBI, annually updated.
- 6. Reserve Bank of India "Trends and Progress of Banking in India", RBI, annually updated.
- 7. BCBS (Basel Committee on Banking Supervision) "Basel III: A global regulatory framework formore resilient banks and banking systems", Bank for International Settlements, 2011.
- 8. Reserve Bank of India "Master Circular Supervisory Framework for NBFCs", RBI, annually updated.
- 9. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) "Annual Report", SEBI, annually updated.
- 10. Gomber, Peter, Koch, Jascha-Alexander and Siering, Michael "Digital Finance and FinTech: current research and future research directions", Journal of Business Economics, 2017.
- 11. Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India "Annual Report", IBBI, annually updated.
- 12. Reserve Bank of India "Report on Trend and Progress of Banking in India", RBI, annually updated.
- 13. Reserve Bank of India "KYC Guidelines", RBI, annually updated.
- 14. Haldane, Andrew G. and May, Robert M. "Systemic risk in banking ecosystems", Nature, 2011.
- 15. Reserve Bank of India "Financial Stability Report", RBI, annually updated twice.

- 16. Lastra, Rosa María "Legal Foundations of International Monetary Stability", Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 17. Tarullo, Daniel K. "Banking on Basel: The Future of International Financial Regulation", Peterson Institute for International Economics, 2008.
- 18. Acharya, Viral V., Cooley, Thomas, Richardson, Matthew, and Walter, Ingo "Regulating Wall Street: The Dodd-Frank Act and the New Architecture of Global Finance", Wiley, 2011.
- 19. Llewellyn, David T. "The Economics of Banking", Wiley, 2005.
- 20. Blinder, Alan S. "After the Music Stopped: The Financial Crisis, the Response, and the Work Ahead", Penguin Press, 2013.
- 21. Barth, James R., Caprio, Gerard Jr., and Levine, Ross "Rethinking Bank Regulation: Till Angels Govern", Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- 22. Goodhart, Charles A.E. "The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision: A History of the Early Years 1974-1997", Cambridge University Press, 2011.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Caprio, Gerard Jr., Hanson, James A., and Litan, Robert E. (Editors) "Financial Crises: Lessons from the Past, Preparation for the Future", Brookings Institution Press, 2005.
- 2. Shiller, Robert J. "Finance and the Good Society", Princeton University Press, 2012.
- 3. Singh, Dalvinder "Banking Regulation of UK and US Financial Markets", Ashgate Publishing, 2007.
- 4. LaBrosse, John Raymond, Olivares-Caminal, Rodrigo, and Singh, Dalvinder (Editors) "Financial Crisis Management and Bank Resolution", Informa Law from Routledge, 2009.
- 5. Green, Edward J., Bordo, Michael D., and Rockoff, Hugh "A History of Financial Regulation in the United States", Edward Elgar Publishing, 2011.
- 6. Hall, Maximilian J.B. "Banking Regulation and Supervision: A Comparative Study of the UK, USA and Japan", Edward Elgar Publishing, 1999.
- 7. Macey, Jonathan R. "The Death of Corporate Reputation: How Integrity Has Been Destroyed on Wall Street", FT Press, 2013.
- 8. Kane, Edward J. "The S&L Insurance Mess: How Did It Happen?", Urban Institute Press





Name Type of Course	DSE							
Course	SJC5DSEECO3	302						
Code		A //\\ A						
Course Level	300-399							
Summary	product develo actuarial valuat providing a soli	surance, risk management strategies, and organizational aspects pment and claim assessment. Students will learn about mor tion techniques, financial underwriting, and micro-insurance d understanding of the insurance industry's core practices. Add into risk theory, risk management processes, marketing strategies.	tality tables regulations itionally, th					
	insurance productions. Practical theoretical known insurance, and	acts, and the construction of claim development triangles to assal components include case studies, simulations, and group projected and develop practical skills essential for careers in actual risk management. By the end of this course, students will be educed understanding of insurance operations and prepared to tackly	ects to appl arial science quipped wit					
Semester	insurance productions. Practical theoretical known insurance, and a comprehensive	acts, and the construction of claim development triangles to assal components include case studies, simulations, and group projected and develop practical skills essential for careers in actual risk management. By the end of this course, students will be educed understanding of insurance operations and prepared to tackly	ects to apply arial science quipped with le real-work					
Semester Course Details	insurance productions. Practical theoretical known insurance, and a comprehensive challenges in the	acts, and the construction of claim development triangles to assal components include case studies, simulations, and group projection where and develop practical skills essential for careers in actual risk management. By the end of this course, students will be exceunderstanding of insurance operations and prepared to tackle industry.	ects to apply arial science quipped with le real-work					

CO	Expected Course Outcome	Learning	PO
No.	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Domains *	No
1	Understanding basic foundations in insurance and risk and uncertainty	U	1,5,10
2	Analyze risk theory and probability to evaluate and classify risks. Assess risk attitudes and costs associated with risk management.	An	1,5,10
3	Analyse the purpose and objectives of financial underwriting, demonstrating knowledge of insurable interest, value assessment, and personal insurance cover.	An	1,5,10
4	Evaluate the behaviour and decision-making processes of consumers, insurers, and regulators in the insurance market, applying intuitive thinking and safety-first principles to insurance practices.	Е	1,5,10
5	Evaluate departmentalization strategies in the context of insurance operations and Explore alternative formats of claim development triangles and their respective uses	Е	1,5,10
6	Analysing of risk management principles, enabling them to contribute effectively to organizational risk mitigation strategies and decision-making processes.	An	1,5,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	Foun	dation Of Actuarial Science	18	
	1.1	Meaning - Scope – History And Importance Probability- Mortality Table-Factors Influencing Mortality Assumptions For A New Insurance Product— Importance of insurance industry	4	1

	1.2 Introduction to profession and professionalism - Evolution of Actuarial Profession - Characteristics of the ideal profession - characteristics of Actuarial profession - Skills required for the Actuary	4	1
	1.3 Role of Actuaries - Role of Actuary in Life Insurance Business - Valuation of Liabilities - Profit distribution - Product Design and Product pricing - Assessment of solvency - Investigation of Investment policy - Investigation of New Business Risks	3	1
	1.4 Financial Underwriting-Purpose of financial underwriting - Objectives of financial underwriting - Concept of Insurable interest & Insurable value - Personal Insurance Cover Human Life Value	3	3
	1.5 Social & Rural Insurance Micro Insurance Concept- Micro Insurance Regulations-Social Group Insurance- Different Government Schemes For Weaker Sections- Rural Areas.	4	1
2	Economic Overview Of Insurance	14	
	2.1 Risk And Insurance – Demand For Insurance – Elasticity Of Demand For Insurance – Price – Income – Cross Elasticity. Supply Of Insurance	3	2
	2.2 Pricing Of Insurance – Economic And Social Benefits Of Insurance – Social Cost Of Insurance – Factors Affecting Insurance Consumption- Assur Banking –Bancassurance- Types Of Group Insurance In India Group Gratuity- Group Superannuation- GSLI- Group Credit Insurance - Group Insurance In Lieu Of EDLI.	8	2
	2.3 Intuitive Thinking By Consumers , Insurers And Regulators-Insurer Behavior - Safety First Model - Guiding Principles For Making Insurance	3	4
3	Risk Management	19	

3.1	Risk And Uncertainty – Loss, Risk- Hazard- Peril-Types Of Risk- Need For Security Against Economic Difficulties - Risk Theory and Probability -, Risk classification, Risk attitudes, Risk costs	3	1
3.2	Risk Management Process – Risk Management – Scope and Objectives - Risk management approach, Risk management-definition and basic components, Risk management – contributions and benefits, Strategic management vs. Risk management -Risk Management And Insurance, – Risk management matrix-Risk Management Of Life Insurance Companies – Insurance Company Operations-Professionals in risk management –Emerging risks –Challenges in risk management.	6	6
3.3	Asymmetric Information And Insurance- Moral Hazard And Insurance, Insurance And Selection Problems, Single Crossing Property; Imperfect Information:	2	6
3.4	Pooling, Contract, Separate Insurance- Methods Of Handling Risk- Building up an effective Risk Management Programme - Deciding the programme objectives, Defining the role, responsibilities and function of risk manager, organising and putting the programme in place, Formulating a risk management policy.	6	6
3.5	Risk Transfer methods and their utility - Alternative risk transfer market, Finite risk reinsurance and risk transfer to the capital markets, Capital markets as an additional source of capacity, Alternative risk financing products.	2	6
	Organisational Structure And Product Development-Claim Development	9	
4.1	Types Of Organizational Structure – Departmentalization – Marketing Strategies For Insurance Products	2	5
4.2	Developing A Marketing Mix For Insurance Companies – Product Development Process Of Insurance Companies		5
		3	

po Al Ex	inter to ultimate clain ternative Format of D ample of Claim Deve evelopment Triangle	ns - Rows, Dia Development T	ngles, Other Types of	4 5
Teaching and Learning Approach Assessment Types	Active-interactive Foster student eng Suggeste o CD1 - Lec o CD2 - Tut o CD3 - Cla o CD4 - Pee A. Continuous C Class Tes Assignment Seminar/ Project/Pr	res and Authorial knowledge learning, brigagement throed Course Delicture by use of orials/Assignments Seminars or group discuss MODE Comprehensive Comprehensive Sts, Self and Petents, Case studies of the course of the cour	rainstorming, seminar, grugh interactive class discussivery Methods boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors ents OF ASSESSMENT re Assessment (CCA) – 30 ponents of CCA er Assessments, Open Boards	oup activities: ssions ojectors etc. Marks ok Tests,
	B. End Semester	Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 Examination (ESE) 2 Hou Number of questions to be answered 10 out of 15 10 out of 15	hours.

Reference

- 1. Bodla. *Insurance Management*. Deep & Deep Publications, Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Bowers, Newton L., et al. *Actuarial Mathematics*. 2nd ed., Society of Actuaries, 1997.
- 3. Dickson, David C. M., Mary R. Hardy, and Howard R. Waters. *Actuarial Mathematics for Life Contingent Risks*.
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- 1. Hiller, Brian. "Economics of Asymmetric Information."
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- 4. Gidhagen, Mikael. "Insurance Marketing: Services and Relationships."
- 5. Kunreuther, Howard, and Mark Pauly. "Behavioral Economics and Insurance: Principles and Solutions." Working Paper, 2014.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Digital Economy and Business Transformation							
Type of Course	DSE							
Course Code	SJC5DSEECO303							
Course Level	300-399	ZA.	8	0 6	7			
Course Summary	This Course is aimed to provide the basics of digital economics and promote digital entrepreneurship by empowering students with skills that helps them for starting own digital business or helping other businesses for digital transformation. Through this course, a first-hand information on digital business transformation avenues from the digital economy angle is delivered with an interdisciplinary approach. Familiarising the application of the various digital economy tools for economic and business facilitation is to be done through different modes. The content in this course should be delivered from the use and application side rather than from technical development side. Economic conceptual integration of the topics with digital field is mandatory. Student should learn basic microeconomics and macroeconomics courses before attempting this course. The various tools mentioned in this course need not be purchased to provide the skill; rather, a demonstration about their profile, features etc. with the help of the internet is sufficient. For giving a practical orientation of the topics, use of computer lab is highly desirable. It is advisable to deliver this course in an interactive way, by requesting student specific inputs and efforts, given their experience from being consumers of various digital technology related services.							
Semester	5	MOO	Credits	TOM	4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others			
		4				60		
Pre- requisites, if any	Knowledge in microeconomics and macroeconomics. Computer lab facility is a desirable pre requisite for this course. A one day training programme for the teachers can be arranged before launching the course.							

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome is to enable the students to	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the opportunities and methods for transforming business in the digital economy and the power of network economics.	U	1, 2, 3
2	create a structured approach to develop own digital business enterprise.	С	10, 5,
3	apply the skills on the various methods of digital business transformation.	A	10, 9
4	design an effective promotional campaign and branding for digital business.	С	9, 10, 5
5	understand the avenues of cloud and AI platforms to improve business productivity.	U	9, 3
6	develop the various skills on methods and process in building digital presence.	A, S	5, 3, 10.
7	create awareness about the ethical and safety principles in the digital world.	C	6, 7, 8, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description		CO No.	
1	An	introduction to Digital Economy and Business Transformation.	15		
	1.1	Digital Economics and Digital Economy-Digital Economy and Digital Transformation and Digital Entrepreneurship-Meaning and Significance.	3	1	
	1.2	Overview of the digital economy and digital technologies including social media, Cloud, AI, Blockchain Technology etc.— the rise of Platform Economy-Significance of data literacy, digital literacy and technological literacy for entrepreneurs.	6	1,5,6	
	1.3	Benefits of Digital Transformation: Productivity and Efficiency gains, Business Expansion and Growth.	3	1	
	1.4	Network Economics- Network effects and Metcalfe's Law-Case Studies-Startup Policy in India.	3	1	
	Group Discussion: Network economics and its benefits for corporate like Google and M Group Discussion: the significance of building a community in digital platforms.				

2	Platfo	orming Digital Business Transformation- Basic Tools and Security Issues.	15	
	2.1	Establishing Digital Business- Digital Platforms for Enterprise Development including Google Business Profile-Google Workspace- Google Analytics.	4	2, 3, 6
	2.2	Location and mapping solutions for business: Google Maps API-Social Networking, userbase and branding-YouTube and meta platform.	3	2, 3, 6
	2.3	Role of Cyber security in digital economy-Digital Security-Digital Privacy-Data Security -User Authentication and Authorisation-IPR and Digital Rights-Ethical, Safety, Security and other principles-Edge computing.	4	7
	2.4	Social engineering attacks-Government regulations in India regarding digital security.	4	7
	Group Discussion: Evolution of educational content- the rise of video- in place of temerits and demerits.			
	Mini P	Project: How to start a Google Business Page/Google Map API for your bu	isines	SS.
3	Digital Economy and Ecommerce		15	
	3.1	Digital pricing methods-Price elasticity of digital goods-Economics of cloud computing-HRM Software and their use in enterprise management.	2	1,6
	3.2	Content Management Systems-Learning Management Systems- Personalised/Adaptive Learning and their significance in e-learning.	3	1
	3.3	Website Domain Creation-Hosting and Search Engine Optimisation (concepts only)- Apps and their significance in digital business.	4	3, 6
	3.4	Ecommerce payment gateways-ecommerce platforms (concept only), Setting up of an online store /creating online seller license in ecommerce platforms- India Stack-ONDC-Getting Aadhar verification services for business-Government e-Marketplace (GEM).	6	1,5
		mental Learning: Use of various Microsoft office applications and cloud ss facilitation.	stora	ge in
	Discus	ssion: the role of Learning Management Systems in education.		
4	Digi	ital Economy in the advent of Artificial Intelligence and Robotics		15
	4.1	Economics of digital branding-Advantages of digital branding and advertising-Branding and advertisement in major social media platforms: Meta, LinkedIn, YouTube, Google ad sense-ads manager/ad settings.	5	1,4

	4.2	Economics of technological change and productivity expansion- Artificial Intelligence and IoT -challenges and opportunities. An overview of different AI tools/apps in task management and productivity enhancement.	5	6
	4.3	Economic implications of large language models and neural networks-Survey of different AI applications in industry, services (including education) and agriculture- Digital economy and international Trade: the issue of cross national data flows.	5	5, 6
	Industr	discussion: Use of AI in skill formation. ry Visit: To offices and service centres of corporate that provide imposs services.	ortant	digital
5	Teacher specific Module			

Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

- CD 1 Demonstration: Demonstration of the digital tools using mobile phones or laptops can be used as a prime mode to introduce the students the digital tools and platforms covered in this course. Examples are the creation of business profile, social media ad management campaign etc. Demonstration of the design elements of LMS, various features of Office 365, Cloud, Google Map API etc, should be done while going through the relevant topics.
- CD 2 Lecture-Based Instruction: For most digital concepts and their scope and application for digital enterprise development, lecture classes can be adopted.

Teaching and Learning Approach

- CD 3 Skill Generation Exercises: Starting of ecommerce seller license, prerequisites needed for starting a website (without the development part) etc.
- CD 4 Use of digital content for skill generation: Instruct the students to prepare a list of YouTube videos that helps them to develop the various digital skills like managing the Office 365, Google Workspace, Google Business Profile etc.
- CD 5 Self learning: Instructing students to visit websites like GEM, Google Map API, DigiLocker, Digital Marketing etc. to prepare a report on their working and create a brief note on how they may help them to develop/run their own business enterprise.
- Case 6 Case Study Analysis: Understand real-world case studies to illustrate the application of exploratory, descriptive, diagnostic, evaluation, action research, experimental, analytical, historical, survey, and field study methods.
- **CD 7 Group Discussions:** Conduct group discussions to explore the different opportunities of AI in facilitating productivity and digital business entrepreneurship.

- **CD 8 Interactive Workshops:** Interactive workshops can be conducted on methods for digital branding.
- **CD 9 Chart Making:** Charts can better express and map out the numerous issues related with digital security.
- **CD 10 Computer Lab Sessions:** Engage students in the computer lab for familiarising the various digital skills and transformation tools instructed in this course.
- **CD 11 Mock Exercises:** Online ad campaigns can be experimented by using any of the stipulated digital ad platforms (upto ad settings using the ad manager is enough).
- CD 12 Assignments: Information from digital sources in the form of text, images, videos and links can be consolidated and presented on selected topics like the use of various digital tools, running of digital advertisements etc (this should be kept in digital format using images, links, textual contents, videos if needed) and this should be regarded as assignments.
- CD 13 Industry collaboration and Seminars and Workshops: Industry experts can be invited for talk regarding the current trends in digital business transformation.
- CD 14: Industry Visit and Presentation: Visit to the industry can be made by the students and a presentation should be made in the class.

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- I. Theory 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks, B. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

Assessment Types

<u>Components</u>	Marks
Prepare a digital business transformation action plan for a local MSME/Startup and present a Mini project, Industry Visit Report(Report writing and presentation after making an industry visit to a service firm that is engaged in digital business promotion), Mock exercise, Lab test, Class test, Peer assessment.	

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes				
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 2 = 20$	
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30	
	50			

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

Components	
602 200	Marks
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Collaboration Project Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of digital business transformation, Digital ad campaign analytics, Network Economics Assessment Report for digital platform, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15
Total Marks	15

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)				
Туре	Marks			
Lab based test	35			
Total Marks	35			

References

- 1. The Economics of Digital Transformation, Katarzyna Śledziewska and Renata Włoch, first published 2021, Rouletdge.
- 2. Big Tech and the Digital Economy: The Moligopoly Scenario, Nicolas Petit, OUP Oxford, 2022.
- 3. Cyber Security, Artificial Intelligence, Data Protection and the Law, Rober Walters, Marko Novak, Springer, 2021.
- 4. The Digital Economy (Anniversary Edition): Rethinking Promise and Peril in the Age of Networked Intelligence, Don Tapscott, McGraw-Hill Education; 2nd edition, 2014.
- 5. Digital Economy (practical Guide): Economic Development and Digital transformation, Gilbert Saldivar, Lew Temple, FRESHMAN, Kindle Edition, 2021.
- 6. The Cosmo-Creative Society: Logistical Networks in a Dynamic Economy-(Advances in Spatial and Network Economics), Ake E. Andersson E Ake, Batten F David, Kobayashi Kiyoshi, Springer, 2012.
- 7. The Oxford Handbook of the Economics of Networks, Yann Bramoull, Andrea Galeotti, et al., Oxford Handbooks, 2016.
- 8. Digital Transformation: Build Your Organization's Future for the Innovation Age, Herbert Lindsay, Bloomsbury Business India, 2017.
- 9. Working with Microsoft Office 365 Running Your Small Business in the Cloud, Hill Brett, Microsoft Press US, 2012.
- 10. Winning in The Digital Age, Penguin Enterprise, Seth Nithin, 2021.
- 11. Digital Transformation: Survive and Thrive in an Era of Mass Extinction, Siebel M Thomas, Rodin Books, 2019.
- 12. Platform Pioneers 2024: Social Media Marketing Mastery Guide, Future-Proof Strategies for Brand Brilliance, YouTube, Google Ads, Meta, Blogging and More (Kindle Edition), Knight Ryan, ASIN: .B0CJ71K712
- 13. Digital and Social Media Marketing: A Results-Driven Approach, Routledge; 2nd edition, Heinze Aleksej, 2020.
- 14. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence, Ajay Agrawal, Gans Joshua and Avi Goldfarb, Oxford University Press, 2019.
- 15. Digital Economy and International Trade: Transnational Data flows regulation, Robert Walters, Wolters Kluwer, 2022.
- 16. Economic Impacts of Artificial Intelligence (AI), European Parliamentary Research Service, July 2019.
- 17. Powering the Digital Economy, Opportunities and Risks of Artificial Intelligence in Finance, DP/2021/024, Money and Capital Markets And Information Technology Departments, IMF, 2021.
- 18. Security and Privacy in Digital Economy, Shui Yu, Peter Mueller, Jiangbo Qian (Eds.), Springer, First International Conference, SPDE 2020.
- 19. Digital Economics, Avi Goldfarb and Catherine Tucker, NBER, 2017.
- 20. Personalised Pricing in the Digital Era, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Directorate for Financial and Enterprise Affairs Competition Committee, 2018.
- 21. Principles of Digital Economics: Innovation Theory in the Age of Intelligence, Zhiyi Liu, Springer, 2022.

Suggested Readings

- 1. The Age of the Platform: How Amazon, Apple, Facebook, and Google Have Redefined Business, Simon Phil, Simon Hris Consulting, 2011.
- 2. Booming Digital Stars: 11 Inspiring Journeys from India's Creator Economy, Harsh Pamnani and Manish Pandey, 2021, Pencil Select.
- 3. Digital Economy Report 2021, UNCTAD, 2021.



Programme	BA (Hons) I	Economics				
Course Name	Public Econ	Public Economics - I				
Type of Course	DSE	DSE				
Course Code	SJC5DSEEC	SJC5DSEECO304				
Course Level	300-399	13	~~		7	
Course Summary	through the l characteristic distribution,	Public economics is an academic discipline that examines government policy through the lenses of economic efficiency and equality. This study examines the characteristics of government involvement and its consequences on the allocation, distribution, and stabilization aspects This subject inherently entails a rigorous investigation of government revenue and expenditures and institutions behind it.				
Semester	5	01	Credits	2012	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practicum	Others	
		4				60
Prerequisites, if any		ST. JOS MO(EPH'S C DLAMAI	OLLEGE TOM		

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	examine and evaluate the fiscal operations and policies of governments.	An	1
2	examine types and components of budget, public revenue, public expenditure and public debt	An	1
3	evaluate the principles and theories underlying public economics	E	2
4	explain the process of resource transfer between Centre and state	U	6
5	analyze and evaluate fiscal operations in India	Е	1

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Mod ule	Units	Course description	H	CO No.
		Introduction to Public Economics	12	
1	1.1	Meaning and scope of Public Economics- Fiscal Functions-Allocation, distribution and stabilization.	3	1
	1.2	Principles of Maximum Social Advantage- Dalton, Musgrave.	5	4
	1.3	Private and public goods concepts and types -Market failure and the role of government.	4	1
2		Public Revenue	15	

	2.1	Sources of Public Revenue- Tax and Non Tax Sources - Classification of Taxes - Impact, Incidence and Shifting of Tax Burden - Effects of taxation.	6	2
	2.2	Canons of Taxation-Principles of taxation: Benefit, Ability, and Cost of Service	5	3
	2.3	Tax structure in India- Direct and indirect.	4	5
3		Public Expenditure and Public Debt	18	
	3.1	Public Expenditure meaning -Canon's of Public Expenditure.	3	1
	3.2	Theories of public Expenditure -Wagner's Hypothesis, Peacock -Wiseman Hypothesis, Critical limit hypothesis - Effects of public expenditure.	9	3
	3.3	Public debt- Types- Debt redemption –Burden of public debt.	3	1
	3.4	Public expenditure and public debt in India: pattern and growth.	3	5
4		Government Budget and Federal Finance	15	
	4.1	Budget: Meaning, Types – Classification: Revenue and Capital budget - Revenue deficit, fiscal deficit, primary deficit- Budget deficit - Preparation of budget in India-FRBM Act (details not needed).	7	2
	4.2	Fiscal Policy- Countercyclical Fiscal policy- Deficit financing.	4	1
	4.3	Fiscal federalism in India – Finance commission – Current Finance Commission.	4	5
		·		-

	Supportive Academic Exercises	
	1. Discussion on the latest norms governing resource transfer between Centre and states in India.	
	2. Discussion on the latest Union and state budgets.	
	3. Discussion on the concept of deficit financing.	
5	Teacher specific Module	

Teaching an d	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods
	o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
	o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments
	o CD3 - Class Seminars
	o CD4 - Peer group Discussions
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks
	Components of CCA
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
	Assignments, Case study Report,
	Seminar/Viva
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hours	3
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	10 <mark>out</mark> of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	Total Marl	ks	70

References

- 1. Musgrave, R.A. and P.B. Musgrave. (1989). *Public finance in theory and practice*. McGraw Hill
- 2. Stiglitz, Joseph E. (Third edition). *Economics of public sector*. New York: Norton.
- 3. Bhatia. H.L. (twenty-sixth edition). *Public finance*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House
- 4. Singh.S.K. (Ninth edition) *Public Finance in Theory and Practice*. New Delhi: S Chand Publications

Suggested Readings

- 1. John Cullis, Philip Jones. *Public finance and public choice*. (1st edition). New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Harbar, Bernard. P. (Fifth edition). *Modern public finance*. Richard Irvin Inc.
- 3. Bagchi, Amaresh (ed.). Readings in public finance. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Ulbrich, Holley H. *Public Finance in Theory and Practice*. Thomson South-Western.
- 5. Dalton. H. (eleventh edition). *Principles of Public finance*. Routledge Library Editions.
- 6. Taylor, Philip E. Economics of public finance. MacMillan. Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Gupta, Janak. (2nd Revised & Enlarged edition). *Public economics in India: Theory and practice*. Atlantic.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics								
Course Name	Institutional Economics								
Type of Course	DSE	DSE							
Course Code	SJC5DSEECO305	SJC5DSEECO305							
Course Level	300-399	300-399 TRUTH LIBERATES							
Course Summary	This course attempts to provide an understanding of economic institutions, which is rooted in a conceptual and theoretical apparatus. It is aimed that at the end of the course students will be in a position to embark on theoretical, public policy or empirical research projects using the tools and insights of institutional economics. Overview of Institutional Economics · Economic Organization · Contracting · Employment · Bureaucracy Government and State Law, Economics, and Organization · Regulation · Empirical Institutional Economics								
Semester	5	T. JOSE MOO	Credits	DLLEGE TOM	4	Total Hours			
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others				
		4				60			

Pre-
requisites, if
any

Studying institutional economics typically involves a multidisciplinary approach that combines elements of economics, sociology, political science, or history.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	apply the theory of institutions in the analysis of institutional environment in different contexts	A	1,2
2	apply the instruments of game theory to analyse institutions	A	2,4
3	evaluate Property Rights in the context of Institutional Economics	E	3
4	evaluate social cost and public policy in institutional change	Е	5

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Institutional Economics	18	
	1.1	Institutional economics –concept and significance.	4	1
	1.2	Historic development of Institutional Economics- Institutional Economics as a departure from Neo-Classical and Marxian Economics - Theory of the Leisure Class (Concepts Only).	5	1

	1.3 Old and New Institutional Economics- Core issues in New Institutional Economics.		5	1
	1.4	Institutional Change Theories-Economic Agents and Institutional Environment-Individuals, Firms, and Governments in Institutional Analysis-Legal and Regulatory Frameworks-Social Norms and Culture in Economic Behaviour	4	1
2		Institutions and Economic Development	11	
	2.1	Role of institutions in Economic Development	1	2
	2.2	The long term determinants of Economic growth.	5	2
	2.3	Hardin's Tragedy of Commons, Collective Action	5	2
3	Fu	undamental Institutions: Property, Decentralization, and Contract	13	
	3.1	Concepts of Property and defining Property Rights	4	3
	3.2	Problems of ill-defined Property rights, Externalities-Market failure and property rights, Social vis-à-vis Individual Choices, Neo-classical Maximisation vis-à-vis Methodological Individualism	4	3
	3.3	Decentralisation and Contracts –Religion Individuals, Firms, and Governments in Institutional Analysis-Legal and Regulatory Frameworks-Social Norms and Culture in Economic Behaviour (Concepts Only)	5	3
4		Institutions in Practice	18	
	4.1	Issues relating to transaction costs, Social cost vis-à-vis individual costs- Network Theory	5	4
	4.2	Identification and measurements of transaction costs - Coase Theorem - Bounded Rationality	4	4

	4.3	4.3 Static and dynamic institutional change – Firms and Markets – State intervention						
	4.4	4.4 Public Policy - Insurance Sector - Social issues - Ecological and Environmental Issues						
	4.5	Institutional failures in c	development economics	2	3			
5		Teac	cher spe <mark>c</mark> ific Module					
Teac	ching an	d Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Tectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, sen activities: Foster student engagement through class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors etc. o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments o CD3 - Class Seminars o CD4 - Peer group Discussions	ninar, interac	group			
	Asse	essment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessmen 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Tests,					
			Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Field	work (etc.			

B. End Semester Examination	(ESE): 70 marks; Time 2
hours	

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50			
	Total M	Iarks	70			

References:

- 1. North, D. C. (1990). *Institutions, institutional change and economic performance*. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Williamson, O. E. (2000). *The new institutional economics: Taking stock, looking ahead. Journal of Economic Literature*, 38(3), 595-613.
- 3. Acemoglu, D., Johnson, S., & Robinson, J. A. (2005). *Institutions as a fundamental cause of long-run growth*. In P. Aghion & S. N. Durlauf (Eds.), Handbook of Economic Growth (Vol. 1, pp. 385-472). Elsevier.
- 4. Eggertsson, T. (1996). *The old theory of economic policy and the new institutionalism*. World Development, 24(1), 1-19.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Coase, R. H. (1937). The nature of the firm. Economica, 4(16), 386-405.
- 2. Rodrik, D. (2000). *Institutions for high-quality growth: What they are and how to acquire them. Studies in Comparative International Development*, 35(3), 3-31.
- 3. Greif, A. (2006). *Institutions and the path to the modern economy: Lessons from medieval trade*. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Hodgson, G. M. (2006). What are institutions? Journal of Economic Issues, 40(1), 1-25.
- 5. North, D. C. (2005). *Understanding the process of economic change*. Princeton University Press.
- 6. McCormick: Part I, Chapter 1. "Instincts," Chapter 2. "Institutions"
- 7. Veblen, "Why is Economics Not an Evolutionary Science [1898] (google site) This 1898 article in the QJE opened up inquiry and defined the field of Evolutionary Economics.
- 8. McCormick, Chapter 3. "Technology;", Chapter 4. "*Technological Change and Institutional Change*,", Chapter 5 "Social Evolution"
- 9. "An Institutional Framework of Analysis," Journal of Economic Issues, vol. 14, no. 4 (December, 1980): 897-907.
- 10. "Corporate Hegemony" An Institutionalist Analysis of Corporate Power: Journal of Economic Issues, vol. 22, no. 1 (March, 1988): 79-111.
- 11. Gunnar Myrdal's Institutionalist Perspective, 5 The Academic Personnel

- 12. Myrdal, Rich Lands and Poor: The Road to World Prosperity. New York: Harper and Row, 1957. Easterly, William, The Elusive Quest for Growth: Economists' Adventures and Misadventures in the Tropics MIT Press, 2002. RESERVE
- 13. Stiglitz, Joseph Globalization and Its Discontents W.W. Norton, 2003. RESERVE
- 14. De Soto, Hernando, Mystery of Capital: Why Capitalism Succeeds in the West and Fails Everywhere Else Basic Books, 2003. RESERVE





Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	omics					
Course Name	Business Economics						
Type of Course	DSE						
Course Code	SJC5DSEECO30	06	αω	17			
Course Level	300 - 399	MAAN	20	7			
Course Summary	This course on Business Economics helps the students to comprehend the concepts of Economics to aid managerial decision making. The course equips students to apply demand forecasting techniques in various market conditions, delineate the features of production and cost curves in the short-term and long-term perspective and decipher pricing strategies and various profit types and theories in small and large organisations.						
Semester	5	EDH'S CO	Credits		4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum	Others		
		4				60	
Pre-requisites, if any					'		

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	examine the importance of Economics in Business Decisions.	An	2, 1
2	analyze the Demand elasticity and forecasting techniques in varying market conditions.	An	9,10
3	appraise the Production and Cost Curve in the Short Run and Long Run.	Е	3, 6
4	interpret pricing methods and profit theories in decision making.	Е	5, 3

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course Description	Hrs	CO No
1		Introduction to Business Economics	11	
	1.1	Scope and Methods of Business Economics	2	1
	1.2	Role in managerial decision making	1	
	1.3	Decision making theory and Theory of firms	3	
	1.4	Scarcity – Choice – Resource allocation	2	
	1.5	Fundamental concepts and principles - incremental principle, discounting principle, Time concept, opportunity cost principle and equi-marginal principle	3	

2		15		
	2.1	Demand and types		2
	2.2	Determinants of demand	1	
	2.3	Elasticity of Demand – Price, income, cross	3	
	2.4	Demand Forecasting	1	
	2.5	Types of Demand forecasting	2	
	2.6	3		
	2.7	Non – Statistical techniques of Demand Forecasting	3	
3		19		
	3.1 Production function			3
		Short-run production function – Law of Variable Proportion		
	Long run production function – Law of returns to scale			
	3.2	Economies of Scale and Diseconomies	3	
	3.3	Cobb Douglas Production function	2	
	3.4	Cost Concept - short run and long-run cost	2	

	3.5	6		
	3.6	Revenue concept	2	
	3.7	Break- even Analysis	2	
4		Theories of Pricing and Profit	15	
	4.1	Pricing and its importance	2	4
	4.2	Methods of Pricing – General and specific	3	
	4.3 Pricing a new product		2	
	4.4	Pricing over the life cycle of a product	2	
	4.5	Theory of Profit - risk bearing theory - market imperfection theory - innovation theory	3	
	4.6	Accounting profit and Economic profit	3	
		ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE	_	

Practicum	Conduct a comprehensive market analysis for an industry / product or conduct a field visit to firms /industries.	30
5	Teacher Specific Module	

Teaching
and
Learning
Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge

Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- o CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- o CD3 Class Seminars
- o CD4 Peer group Discussions

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

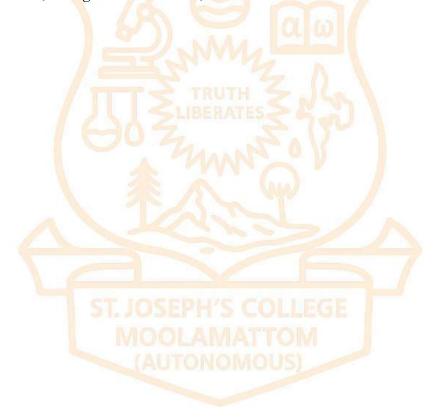
End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
	70					

References

- 1. Dwivedi, D.N., Managerial Economics, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Keat, Yong, & Banarjee, Managerial Economics: Economic Tools for Today's Decision Makers Pearson.
- 3. Mote V.L., Paul Samuel, Gupta G.S., Managerial Economics, TMH New Delhi

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pearson & Lewis, Managerial Economics, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 2. Mehta P.L., *Managerial Economics Analysis*, Problems and Cases ,Sultan Chand & Sons (ISBN 81-7014-386-1)
- 3. Gregory Mankiw, *Principles of Micro Economics*, South Western Cengage Learning
- 4. Pindyck, Rubinfield, Micro Economics, Pearson
- 5. Gupta G.S., Managerial Economics, TMH New Delhi
- 6. Homas, Maurice , Managerial Economics , Tata McGraw Hill





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management					
Type of Course	SEC		A			
Course Code	SJC5SECEC	CO300		1		
Course Level	300-399	<u>% 6</u>	3	7		
Course Summary	security ana different invand real esta	lysis and port estment alter ite. They will	folio manage natives, inclu also learn to	o the principles ment. Students ding stocks, be develop and mobjectives of t	s will learn tonds, mutua anage inves	o analyse l funds,
Semester	5	THE STATE OF THE S	Credits		3	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	
	ST. J	053		LEGE		45
Pre-requisites, if any	MOOLAMATTOM (AUTONOMOUS)					

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the concepts of Indian financial system, financial markets, financial instruments, and basic calculations.	U	1
2	apply financial planning and risk management techniques to develop personalized financial plans.	A, An, S	2
3	understand the working of the bond market.	U	2, 3,
4	examine the process of financial benchmarking.	E	1, 2, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description		CO No.
1		Introduction to Financial Markets and Instruments		
	1.1	Overview of the Indian Financial System-Structure-Capital Market-Primary and Secondary Market-Instruments.	3	1
	1.2	Indian stock market-NSE-BSE-GIFT-indices-calculations.	3	1
	1.3	Economic Linkages – Macroeconomic activities and security markets-the Cyclical Indicator Approach, Monetary Variables and Securities Market.	5	1
	1.4	Basic Financial Calculations: Risk and Return, Discounted Cash Flow Analysis.	4	1
2		Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	15	
	2.1	Fundamental Analysis: Economic Factors, Industry Analysis, Company Analysis.	3	2

	2.2	Technical Analysis: Assumptions-advantages-Types of Charts-Technical Trading Rules and Indicators-Dow theory.	4	2
	2.3	Portfolio Management: Specification of Investment Objectives and Constraints-Selection of Asset Mix- Formulation of Portfolio Strategy-Selection of Securities-Portfolio Execution-Portfolio Revision- Markowitz Model.	5	2
	2.4	Index Portfolio Construction techniques, Value versus Growth Investing-Random Walk Model.	3	2
3		Bonds and Financial Benchmarking	15	
	3.1	Bond Fundaments, Bond Pricing- Bond Yield-Market interest rate and bonds-types of bonds-Bond market in India.	5	3
	3.2	Capital Assets Pricing Model-Arbitrage Pricing Theory- Sharpe's Single Index Model.	4	3
	3.3	Interest rate determination-External Benchmark Lending Rate- Base Rate.	3	4
	3.4	Financial Benchmarking-Financial Benchmarking in India-FBIL.	3	4
4		Teacher Specific Module		
7 1.	,	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)		
Teachi Learning		Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge		
		Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions		
		Suggested Course Delivery Methods		
		o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.		
		o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments		
		o CD3 - Class Seminars		

	MODE OF ASSES	SMENT		
Assessment Types	Continuous Compr	ehensive Asses	sment (CCA): 25 Marks	8
			mponents of CCA	
		Class Test-I		
			ook/Other specific assessi	ment
		Seminar/Assig	nment	
	I B. End Semester Ex	xamination (ES	E): 50 marks; Time 1 h	our and 30 mini
		(20	2). 30 marks, 11mc 1 m	
		_ /	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30	
		_ /	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30	
	End Semes	t <mark>er Examin</mark> atio	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 Number of questions	minutes
	End Semes Descriptive type	ter Examination Word Limit	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 Number of questions to be answered	minutes Marks

Practicum / Practical Applications / Case Studies

- 1. Trading Simulation- create a portfolio with a fixed initial investment and analyse the performance
- 2. Real-world Applications: Analyzing Investment Scenarios, Case Studies, Investment Advice
- 3. Financial Modelling and Tools: Applying Financial Models, Software Simulation
- 4. Client Simulation and Role-playing: Mock Financial Planning Sessions, Feedback

References:

- 1. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management Donald E Fischer & Ronald J Jordan
- 2. Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management Prasanna Chandra
- 3. Investments- Zvi Bodie, Alex Kane, Alan J Marcus, Pitabas Mohanty
- 4. Business Communication -R C Bhatia
- 5. Essentials of Business Communication-Rajendra Pal and J S Korlahalli



Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	onomics				
Course Name	Economics of l	Economics of Rural Entrepreneurship				
Type of Course	SEC	SEC				
Course Code	SJC5SECECO3	301				
Course Level	300-399	~ /	$\Delta \Lambda \Lambda$			
Course Summary	This course provides a positive insight for students towards Rural Entrepreneurship and the ample opportunities it provides for the students to contribute towards the economic growth of the Nation. It aims to convert the dynamic Indian rural entrepreneurship as the haven for wealth creation. Rural entrepreneurship is considered to be a panacea to significant rural dilemmas like employment, impoverishment, and migration. Entrepreneurship is a prudent approach in favor of livelihood opportunities in rural areas while improving overall income levels. So rural entrepreneurship must be seen as a move toward national development. Moreover, rural start-ups are capable of providing the route to woman empowerment from her disenchantment.					
Semester	5	14	Credit	s		Total
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical Practicum	Others	Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	3	H'S CO	LIEGE	7	45
Pre-requisites, if any		VIOOL	AMAT	гом		

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the basic concepts of rural entrepreneurship.	U	1,2,3,10

	critically examine the major theories of entrepreneurship.	A	1,2
2			

2	design a detailed project proposal to start a rural enterprise.	С	1,2,10
3			
4	conduct market survey and formulate marketing strategies.	С	1,2
5	explore the rural entrepreneurship opportunities in both farm and non-farm sector.	Е	7,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	Entrep	oreneurship - <mark>concepts and Theories</mark>	15	
	1.1	Concepts: Entrepreneurship- entrepreneur- Importance of Entrepreneurship – Evolution of entrepreneurship in rural India-Types of rural entrepreneurship- Qualities and functions of an entrepreneur- Factors, Problems and Challenges of Rural Entrepreneurship	6	1
	1.2	Entrepreneurial competencies - entrepreneurial motivating factors- Women entrepreneurship - Ecopreneurship - rural micro enterprises	4	1
	1.3	Theories of Entrepreneurship: Innovation Entrepreneurship theory - Economic Entrepreneurship theory- Sociological Entrepreneurship theory-Psychological Entrepreneurship theory.	5	2
2	Rural	Entrepreneurial Ecosystem, Business Planning and Agribusiness	15	
	2.1	Institutional Support for Rural Entrepreneurship - Special Role of NABARD in promoting and supporting the Rural Entrepreneurship - Government Schemes for promotion of Rural Entrepreneurship (central, state and district level schemes)—Rules and Procedures to start a Rural Entrepreneurship Firm. Procedures to obtain formal loans from banks and other institutions - Preparation of Detailed Project Report for Loan	8	2
	2.2	Agribusiness and Value Addition: Procuring – Processing- Storing- Marketing of Rural Products: Market Survey, Marketing Strategies- Branding-Labelling of products -concepts only (FASSI, ISI, ISO, FAO), Planning and Promotion, Digital and Social Media Marketing	7	2
		Rural Entrepreneurship Opportunities	15	

	3.1	New Entrepreneurship Opportunities in Farm sector: Organic Farm Products, Horticultural Products, Forest Produce, Medicinal Plant Products	8	3,5
	3.2	Entrepreneurship Opportunities in Rural Non -farm sector: Poultry, Aquaculture, Sericulture, Honeybee, Mushroom Cultivation, Handicrafts.	7	4, 5
4		Teacher Specific Module		

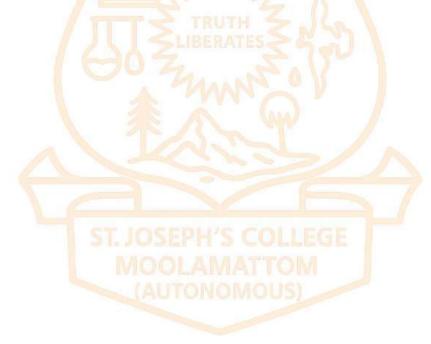
	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
	Classroom Lectures knowledge	: Traditional le	ectures can help the studer	nt to gain factual	
Teaching and Learning Approach Participative learning and case studies: Encourage students to learn experiencing the situation. Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 – Lecture by chalk and boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 – Case studies CD5 - Field visit					
	MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 Marks Components of CCA Class Test-I Chart/Work book/Other specific assessment Seminar/Assignment B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.				
Assessment Types	End Semes	ter Examinati	on (ESE) 1 Hour and 30	minutes	
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
	Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30	
		Total Marks			

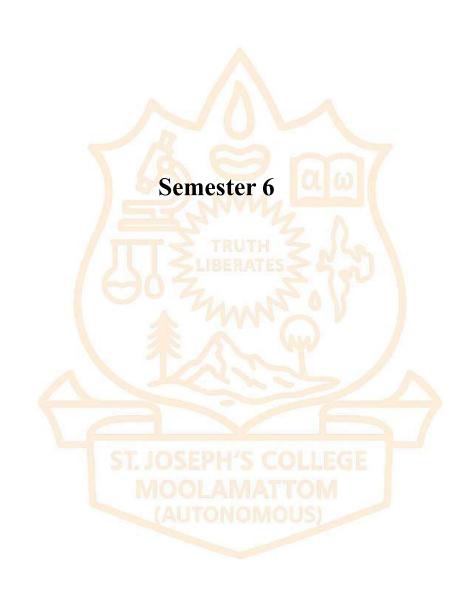
References

- 1. Ajmeri, S. R. (2012). Entrepreneurship Development. New Delhi: Agrarian Land Press.
- 2. Charantimath, P. (2019). Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises (3rd ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 3. Khanka, S. S. (2006). Entrepreneurial Development. S. Chand Publishing.
- 4. Sudhir Sharma, Singh Balraj, & Singhal Sandeep. (2005). *Entrepreneurship Development*. Wisdom Publications.
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- 6. Gordona, E., & Natarajan, N. (2017). *Entrepreneurship Development*. Himalaya Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
- 7. Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, Government of India. (2022). *Annual Report 2021-22*. Retrieved from https://msme.gov.in/documents/reports-and-publications

Suggested Readings

- 1. MANAGE. (2013). *Agri-Business and Entrepreneurship Development, Course Material AEM-202*. Retrieved from https://www.manage.gov.in/pgdaem/studymaterial/aem202.pdf
- 2. Petrin, T. (1990). The Potential of Entrepreneurship to Create Income and New Jobs for Rural Women and Families. Paper presented at the Fifth Session of the FAO/ECA Working Party on Women and the Agricultural Family in Rural Development, Prague, 2-5 October







	<u> </u>					
Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics				
Course Name	Indian Economy	Indian Economy - I				
Type of Course	DSC A			\		
Course Code	SJC6DSCECO3	00	-/ U			
Course Level	300-399	T /3	10) ala	17	
Course Summary	This course will relating to the evo	olution and po	erformance of	n all aspects of t		
Semester	6	96	Credits	TES S	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum/ Practical	Others (Practicum)	
		3		1	7	75
Pre- requisites, if any	Foundation in bas	sic economics	SEPH'S OLAM	COLLEG	E	•

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand major developmental strategies, structural transformation & features of Indian economy.	U	1, 2, 10

2	develop knowledge regarding the demographic trends and the	A	2,3,4,5,7,
	issues of Indian economy to global scenario.		10

3	examine the performance and growth of various sectors of Indian economy.	An	1,2, 3, 7
4	evaluate critically the reasons behind the transformation of Kerala economy and the significance of Kerala Model in the development process of Kerala.	Е	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Economic Development Strategy since Independence	24	
	1.1	Indian Economy: Major features-India's Economic transition to one of the largest economies of the world-Progress of structural transformation including shift from Agriculture to Industry and Services.	5	1, 2
	1.2	Development strategy-Planning: objectives and strategy – Evaluation of Planning- NITI Aayog.	2	1, 2
	1.3	Economic reforms of 1991-New Industrial Policy of 1991-Structural Adjustment Programmes -LPG-Overview of reforms in other areas.	3	1, 2
	1.4	Population and economic development: Demographic features of India-Assessment of the India's demographic dividend phase-Human development scenario-Incidence of poverty-Inequality and unemployment in India.	5	1, 2
	Practicum	Practicum 1. Outline the major components of India's economic reforms. Practicum 2. Assess the prospects of demographic dividend in India.	9	4
		2. Sectoral developments	24	
2	2.1	India's industrial sector-trends -Recent Industrial Policy of India- Make in India and PLI-Industrial Corridor Project-Fourth Industrial Revolution and opportunities for India.	6	2, 3

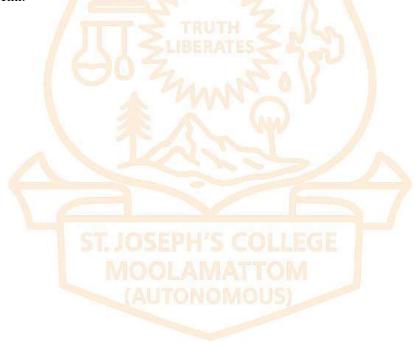
2.2	Agricultural sector: Green revolution -Current trends in production and productivity-Dominance of small and marginal farmers- Food security-Rise of India's service sector economy-Role of the IT sector.	5	2,3
2.3	RBI: Functions-Monetary policy instruments-RBI's Financial Regulation and Supervision-Banking sector reforms-Structure of India's banking sector.	4	2, 3
Practicum	Practicum 1. Evaluate the success of the PLI scheme. Practicum 2. Assess the challenges posed by AI on India's IT sector.	9	3, 4
	3. External Sector and Fiscal Environment	16	
3.1	Balance of payment crisis of 1991 and its management-India's trade composition and direction-Role of foreign capital in India's macroeconomic management-FDI and FPI-Current trends in India's balance of payments.	5	3, 4
3.2	Fiscal policy in India: Tax structure and tax reforms including GST.	2	3, 4
3.3	Indian federal finance: Finance Commission.	2	3, 4
Practicum	Practicum 1. Outline the factors that caused India's BoP crisis in 1991. Practicum 2. Map the major tax revenues of the central government and the reform measures introduced.	7	3,4
	4. Kerala Economy	11	
4.1.	Unique features of Kerala economy - Kerala model of development – Decentralized planning in Kerala.	3	3, 4
4.2	Major development issues-Agriculture, Industry, Health and Education-Kerala's fiscal scenario- In migration and out migration	2	3, 4
4.3	Role and significance of services sector in Kerala	1	3, 4
Practicum	Students may analyse the growth and impact of the services sector on the state's economy.	5	3,4
	2.3 Practicum 3.1 3.2 4.1. 4.2 4.3	and productivity-Dominance of small and marginal farmers- Food security-Rise of India's service sector economy-Role of the IT sector. RBI: Functions-Monetary policy instruments-RBI's Financial Regulation and Supervision-Banking sector reforms-Structure of India's banking sector. Practicum 1. Evaluate the success of the PLI scheme. Practicum 2. Assess the challenges posed by AI on India's IT sector. 3. External Sector and Fiscal Environment 3.1 Balance of payment crisis of 1991 and its management-India's trade composition and direction-Role of foreign capital in India's macroeconomic management- FDI and FPI-Current trends in India's balance of payments. 3.2 Fiscal policy in India: Tax structure and tax reforms including GST. 1. Indian federal finance: Finance Commission. Practicum Practicum 1. Outline the factors that caused India's BoP crisis in 1991. Practicum 2. Map the major tax revenues of the central government and the reform measures introduced. 4. Kerala Economy 4.1. Unique features of Kerala economy - Kerala model of development – Decentralized planning in Kerala. 4.2 Major development issues-Agriculture, Industry, Health and Education-Kerala's fiscal scenario- In migration and out migration 4.3 Role and significance of services sector in Kerala	and productivity-Dominance of small and marginal farmers- Food security-Rise of India's service sector economy-Role of the IT sector. RBI: Functions-Monetary policy instruments-RBI's Financial Regulation and Supervision-Banking sector reforms-Structure of India's banking sector. Practicum Practicum 1. Evaluate the success of the PLI scheme. Practicum 2. Assess the challenges posed by AI on India's IT sector. 3. External Sector and Fiscal Environment 16 3.1 Balance of payment crisis of 1991 and its management-India's trade composition and direction-Role of foreign capital in India's macroeconomic management-FDI and FPI-Current trends in India's balance of payments. 3.2 Fiscal policy in India: Tax structure and tax reforms including GST. 2 3.3 Indian federal finance: Finance Commission. 2 Practicum Practicum 1. Outline the factors that caused India's BoP crisis in 1991. Practicum 2. Map the major tax revenues of the central government and the reform measures introduced. 4. Kerala Economy 4.1. Unique features of Kerala economy - Kerala model of development - Decentralized planning in Kerala. 4.2 Major development issues-Agriculture, Industry, Health and Education-Kerala's fiscal scenario- In migration and out migration 4.3 Role and significance of services sector in Kerala Practicum Students may analyse the growth and impact of the services sector for the services

Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) CD 1-Lecture-Based Instruction: Conduct traditional lectures to introduce and explain the various issues related with Indian Economy. CD 2-Discussion on the bases of current developments: For Make in India, PLI, balance of payment development etc. group discussions can be adopted as a transaction mode. CD 3-Group discussions: On topics such as poverty, inequality, and unemployment discussion on various dimensions of these issues can be made. CD 4 Assignments with the use of charts and mind mapping: For areas like monetary policy instruments, banking sector regulation, banking structure, trade composition etc. chart-based assignments can be given.							
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.							
	End	l Semester Exa	Mination (ESE) 2 Hours Number of questions to be answered 10 out of 15	Y				
		Total Marl	ks	70				

Reference

1. Misra and Puri (recent edition), Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

- 2. Gaurav Datt & Ashwani Mahajan (recent Edition), Datt & Sundharam Indian Economy, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 3. Meera Bai M. (ed) (2008), Kerala Economy, Serials Publication, New Delhi.
- 4. Prakash B A (2004) Kerala's Economic Development, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- 5. George K K (1993) Limits to Kerala Model of Development, CDS, Trivandrum
- 6. B A Prakash (2009), The Indian Economy since 1991: Economic reforms and performance, Pearson Education.
- 7. Sunil Mani et al. (ed) (2006), Kerala's Economy: Crouching Tiger, Sacred Cows, D C Books, Kottayam
- 8. State Planning Board, Economics Review, Government of Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram (latest issue)
- 9. Pulapre Balakrishnan (ed) (2011) Economic Reforms and Growth in India, Orient Black Swann.
- 10. Y V Reddy (2011) Global crisis, Recession and Uneven Recovery, Orient Black Swann
- 11. Ajay Chhibber, Salman Anees Soz, (2021) Unshackling India Hard Truths and Clear Choices for Economic Revival, Harper Collins.
- 12. Singh, N. (2017). Financial inclusion: Concepts, Issues and Policies for India
- 13. Uma Kapila, Indian Economy Performance & Politics (2023) by, Academic Foundation
- 14. Tyagi, B.P. (2017), Agricultural Economics and Rural Development, Jai Prakash Nath and Co., Meerut.
- 15. Dhingra, I.C (2019), Indian Economy, S Chand and Sons Co Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 16. Agarwal, A.N. and Agarwal, M.K.(2015), Indian Economy Problems of Development and Planning, S. Chand, New Delhi.





Development Ecor DSC A SJC6DSCECO301	nomics - I	Λ			
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SJC6DSCECO301					
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300 -399	<u>(45</u>)	M	αω		
with the developing development theoring is to equip studen investigate and pro	nental experi es across vario its with prob pose evidence	ences of nat ous productive lem-solving, a e-based solution	tions. It emphase sectors and economical, and constitutions for addressing	si <mark>ze</mark> s the ap nomies. The p criti <mark>c</mark> al thinking pressing is	plication of primary goans of skills to such a
6	I	Credits	3	4	Total Hours
_	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practicum	Others	
	4	ONOM	108)		60
	with the development theoric development theoric is to equip studer investigate and propoverty, inequality,	with the developmental experidevelopment theories across varies to equip students with probinvestigate and propose evidence poverty, inequality, and migration 6 Learning Approach Lecture	with the developmental experiences of nat development theories across various productive is to equip students with problem-solving, a investigate and propose evidence-based solution poverty, inequality, and migration within the concentration of the concentratio	with the developmental experiences of nations. It emphases development theories across various productive sectors and economic is to equip students with problem-solving, analytical, and continuestigate and propose evidence-based solutions for addressing poverty, inequality, and migration within the context of promoting	Learning Approach Lecture Tutorial Practical/ Practicum

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Describe the fundamental concepts of development and relate their connections with the development trajectory of nations.	K, U, A	7
2	Identify the application of development theories in different productive sectors and economies.	U, A	4,5
3	Develop problem solving, analytical skills and critical thinking to investigate and propose evidence-based solutions for addressing poverty, inequality, and migration in the context of promoting human development.	A, An, E,	1,2,8,6
4	Explore poverty, inequality, human capital's role, and demographic theories, evaluating the impact of crony capitalism on growth.	U, E, C	2,4, 5,6,10
5	Critically examine and analyse some key issues in economic development.	E, An, C	1,2,8,6,

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction

Module	Units	Hrs	CO No.	
1		Introduction to Economics of Development	15	
	1.1	Growth and development- meaning-distinction- Features of underdevelopment. Core values of development	5	1
	1.2	Indicators of Development (Income and Non-Income) PQLI, HDI, HPI, Gender Development index, Happiness Index, multi-Dimensional poverty index	5	1
	1.3	Amartya Sen's views on Development- as freedom – as Capability- as Entitlement (basic understanding).	5	1

2	Approaches to Development	17	
	2.1 Classical theory of development (Ideas of Adam Smith and Ricardo only)	3	2
	2.2 Schumpeter's theory of innovation, Rostow's stages of growth, Dualism (social, financial & technological) Lewis's theory of unlimited supply of labour.	8	2
	2.3 Vicious circle of poverty - critical minimum effort thesis, big push theory, balanced and unbalanced growth theory.	6	2, 5
3.	Poverty, Inequality, and Human Capital in Development	13	
	3.1 Poverty – absolute and relative – measurement-Inequality of income and wealth measures - Lorenz curve- Gini Coefficient- Growth versus inequality - Crony capitalism	7	3
	Role of Human Capital-education-health- in Economic development-concept of missing women-Optimum theory of population -Theory of demographic transition- demographic dividend-	6	3
4	Leading Issues in Development	15	
	4.1 Globalisation and development-Global Inequality.	7	4, 5
	The rise of behavioural development economics Foundations of Behavioral Economics - Behavioral Biases and Development (concepts only)	8	4
5	Teacher Specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach	 Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Lectures Organize field visits to development projects, NGOs, or releginstitutions to provide students with a practical understanding inclusive development and the impact of migration Environmental Debates and Projects Policy Analysis Assignments/Seminar Student Research Projects 		

Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks						
		Components of CCA					
		Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,					
		Assignments, Case study Report,					
		Seminar/Viva					
		Project/Pra	acticum/Quiz/B	ook Review/Fieldwork e	tc.		
	B. End	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.					
			A E	9 007			
		End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s		
	Desc	riptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
	Shor	t Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
	Shor	t Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
			Total Mar	ks	70		

References

- 1. Thirlwall, A. P., & Penelope Pacheco- Lopez (2022). *Economics of Development*. Palgrave McMillian, New Delhi.
- 2. Higgins, B. (1968). Economic Development. Universal Book Stall, New Delhi.
- 3. Meier, G. M. (2007). Leading Issues in Economic Development. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Todaro, M., & Smith, S. (2017). *Economic Development* (7th Edition). Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 5. Ray, D. (2008 & 2014). Development Economics. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 6. Taneja, M. L., & Myer, R. M. (2017). *Economics of Development and Planning*. Vishal Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 7. Meier, G. M., & Rauch, J. E. (2014). *Leading Issues in Economic Development*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 8. Subrata Ghatak, (2008) *Introduction to Development Economics* (4th Edition) Routledge.
- 9. Thirlwall, A. P. (2011). Growth and Development with Special Reference to Developing Economies. McMillian, New Delhi.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Banerjee, Abhijit V., and Esther Duflo (2007). "The Economic Lives of the Poor." *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 21(1): 141-168.
- 2. Banerjee, Abhijit V., (2008). "Big Answers for Big Questions: The Presumption of Growth Policy." Brookings Global Economy and Development.
- 3. Mankiw, N. Gregory, David Romer, and David N. Weil (1992). "A Contribution to the Empirics of Economic Growth." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, Vol. 107, No. 2, 407-437.
- 4. Caselli, Francesco (2005), "Accounting for Cross-Country Income Differences." In Philippe Aghion & Steven Durlauf (ed.), *Handbook of Economic Growth*, edition 1, volume 1, chapter 9, pages 679-741.
- 5. Banerjee, Abhijit and Esther Duflo (2004). "Growth Theory through the Lens of Development Economics" (PDF).



Programme	BA (Hons) Econon	nics					
Course Name	Econometrics - II						
Type of Course	DSE	B	<u>/0</u> \	1	,		
Course Code	SJC6DSEECO300	2	MM	αω			
Course Level	300 - 399	IJŽ	TRUTH LIBERATES	340			
Course Summary	This course in Econometrics is designed to equip students with a deeper understanding of advanced econometric techniques used in empirical economic analysis. Building upon foundational econometric concepts, this course focuses on complex models and methodologies to analyse real world economic data.						
Semester	6	ST. JOSE MOO	Credits	OLLEGE TOM	4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practicum	Others		
		3		1	0	75	

Pre-	
requisites,	if
any	

A basic knowledge of Econometrics and an access to lab and software facilities

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

COUL	RSE OUTCOMES (CO)		1
CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand and comprehend advanced econometric theories, models, and techniques employed in empirical economic analysis.	K,U	1, 3
2	apply advanced regression, time series, and panel data analysis techniques using statistical software proficiently.	A	1, 2
3	create and design empirical studies that utilize advanced econometric methods to investigate economic phenomena, formulate hypotheses, and draw meaningful conclusions from the analysis.	С	1,2, 10
4	appreciate the role of econometrics in unravelling complexities within economic systems, encouraging a lifelong pursuit of knowledge in the field.	Ap	1, 2
5	analyze economic datasets employing sophisticated econometric models to interpret complex relationships among variables, addressing issues like endogeneity, heteroscedasticity, and multicollinearity.	An	2, 10
6	develop technical skills in econometric analysis, enabling students to proficiently employ software tools and interpret results, fostering their ability to communicate complex econometric findings effectively.	S	1, 2, 10
7	evaluate the strengths and limitations of various econometric models and methodologies, making informed decisions about model selection based on theoretical soundness and empirical relevance.	E	1, 2

*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units Course description		Hrs	CO No.
1		15		
	1.1	Heteroscedasticity, Auto-correlation, Multicollinearity: Nature, Consequences, Tests, and Remedial Measures.	2	1, 2
	1.2 Model Specification and Errors: Consequences—Under fitting and Over fitting— Measurement Errors (Concepts Only). 1.3 Different Functional Forms of Regression Models and their Applications (Log-linear, Semi-log, Double log, Reciprocal and Log Reciprocal Models)—Choice of Functional Form.		3	1, 2
			3	2, 3,5
	1.4	Nonparametric and Semiparametric Models (Concepts Only).	1	1,2, 3
	Practicum	Students may try to Specify Non Parametric and Semi Parametric models.	6	1,2,3
2		Review of Multiple Regression Analysis	17	

	2.1	Multiple Regression-Assumptions—General k variable Model—Variance Covariance Matrix.	3	5, 1, 2
	2.2	Partial Regression Coefficients—Multiple Coefficient of Determination-R Square and Adjusted R Square.	2	2, 3, 7
	2.3	Estimation and Testing of Hypothesis-Test of Coefficients and Overall Significance-t-test and F test-P-value—Testing the Equality of Two Regression Coefficients.	3	1, 2, 7
	2.4	Restricted Least Squares-Testing Linear Equality Restrictions (Concepts Only).	1	4,5
	Practicum	Formulate Multiple Regression with data collected from local economy.	8	1,2
3	Regi	ression with Qualitative Variables	20	
		a <mark>nd</mark> Simultan <mark>eous</mark> Equa <mark>ti</mark> on Models		
	3.1	Qualitative Explanatory Variables—Dummy Variable Regression—ANOVA and ANCOVA Models—Dummy variable Trap—Interpretation of Regression Results -Models with Qualitative Dependent Variables- LPM, Logit, Probit, and Tobit Models.	4	1, 2, 4
		SILVOSEI II S COLLEGE		
	3.2	Interpretation of Regression Results -Simultaneous Equation Models—Simultaneous Equation Bias—Inconsistency of OLS Estimators—Identification Problem—Test of Simultaneity and Exogeneity.	3	1, 2, 3, 4

	3.4	Estimation of Distributed Lag Models—Koyck Model and its rationalization—Partial Adjustment and Adaptive Expectations Model—Almon Approach -Estimation of Auto Regressive Models—Instrumental Variables—Method of Instrumental Variables—Problems—SARG Test and Durbin h Statistic—Causality- The Granger Causality Test and Sims Test (Concepts Only).	4	1,4,5,6,7
	Practicum	Develop any of the above specified models.	6	1,4,5,6,7
4		Panel Data Models	23	
	4.1	Nature and Data Sources—Constant Coefficients Model—Error Components Models—Fixed Effect (Lest Squares Dummy Variable LSDV) Model—Fixed Effect (Within Groups WG) Estimator—Random Effects Model (REM)—REM and Hausman Test—Breusch-Pagan Test—Consistency Property of Estimators.	4	2, 3, 5, 6
	4.2	Dynamic Panel Data Analysis—Panel Data Unit Root—Cointegration Tests.	6	2, 3, 5, 6,7
	4.3	Panel Data Estimation Techniques-Pooled OLS regression in panel data-Feasible Generalized Least Squares (FGLS)-Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE) in panel data models(Concepts Only).	3	2, 3, 5, 6,7
	Practical	Implement panel data analysis using statistical software (e.g., Stata, R, Python)/Analyzing real-world datasets employing fixed effects, random effects, and dynamic panel data models/Interpreting and presenting results from panel data estimations.	10	2,3,5,6,7
	5	Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching and	Classroom Proced	ure (Mode of t	ransaction)					
Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge							
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions							
	Suggested Course	Delivery Metho	ods					
	o CD1 - Lecture by	y use of relevan	t software, LCD projecto	or etc.				
	o CD2 - Tutorials/A	Assignment						
	o CD3 - Class Sem	ninar						
	o CD4 - Peer group	p Discussion						
Assessment Types I. Theory – 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment marks, B. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks). A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks. A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) Components Mar Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar,								
	Assignments, Viv	a, Mini Project,	Industry Visit Report.	25				
	Total Marks			25				
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.							
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes							
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks							
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
	Short Essay 150 words 6 out of 10 $6 \times 5 = 30$							

Total Marks

50

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
Components				
	Marks			
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Mini Project.	15			
Total Marks	15			

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)			
Туре	Marks		
Lab based test	35		
Γ <mark>otal Marks</mark>	35		

References

- 1. Wooldridge, J. M., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015
- 2. Cramer, J. S., Logit models from economics and other fields, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- 3. Davidson, R., & MacKinnon, J. G., *Bootstrap methods and their application*, Cambridge University Press, 2006
- 4. Judge, G. G., Hill, R. C., Griffiths, W. E., Lütkepohl, H., & Lee, T. C., Introduction to the theory and practice of econometrics., John Wiley & Sons, South Western, 1988.
- 5. Damodar N. Gujarati, Basic Econometrics.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Cameron, A. C., & Trivedi, P. K., Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 2. Arellano, M., & Bover, O, Another look at the instrumental variable estimation of error-components models. *Journal of Econometrics*, 68(1), 29-51.,1995.
- 3. Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S., Mostly harmless econometrics: An empiricist's companion. *Princeton University Press*, 2008.



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Programme	BA (Hons) I	Economics				
Course Name	Fundamental	s of Fintech	Entrepren	neurship		
Type of Course	DSE	~	Λ	1		
Course Code	SJC6DSEE	CO301	ĕ	007	7	
Course Level	300-399	2	MA	y a w		
Course Summary	This course offers an overview of the fintech industry and the entrepreneurial ventures that are driving innovation within it. Core objective of the course is to provide students with a solid foundation in fintech concepts, technologies, and business strategies, preparing them to analyse the trends and forces that are conditioning fintech enterprises with a an objective to facilitate fintech entrepreneurship. The course is designed with a focus on startup dimensions of the dynamic and vibrant Indian fintech industry and hence the various fintech concepts, underlying technology and the regulatory issues involved are provided in the Indian context.					
Semester	6 Credits 4 Total Hours				1 0 0001	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practicum	Others	
		3		1		75

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COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the various aspects related to the fintech sector in India.	U	1, 2, 3
2	create an idea about the development of a fintech enterprise	С	1, 2, 3, 10
3	apply the knowledge acquired here for the development of a fintech startup.	Ap	6. 7. 9. 10
4	evaluate the prospects and challenges involved in fintech entrepreneurship.	E	5, 6, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description SEPHS COLLEGE	Hrs	CO No.
1		Overview of the Fintech Sector	21	
	1.1	Overview of financial technology (Fintech): Definition, evolution, and importance-Traditional versus digital finance- Trends and opportunities in Indian Fintech industry: Payments, lending, insurance, etc-Scenario of digital lending in India.		1,3
	1.2	Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) in India and its development role-India Stack-ONDC-RBI Innovation Hub.	2	

	1.3	Use of various technologies including AI in different areas of financial services like client onboarding, loan disbursement, recovery and customer interfaces-Robo advisors in wealth management services-DPI and other platforms that support fintechs: Aadhar verification, KYC norms-Video KYC, Payment infrastructure, CIBIL Score- CIBIL Microfinance score.	5	
	Practicum	 Map out the various components of DPI in India and demonstrate how they helped and supported the birth and rapid proliferation of fintechs for financial institutions and the fintech firms. Illustrate the operational aspects of CIBIL score. 	10	1,3
2		India's Financial Services Industry -a Fintech angle Overview	19	
	2.1	Overview of the Indian financial services industry: Banks, NBFCs, MFIs, Payment banks and Small Finance Banks, Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Lending Platforms, Loan apps (risk and regulations), Crowdfunding-Account Aggregators.	3	1, 2, 3
	2.2	Overview of the Fintech industry in India-Leading categories of fintech firms (payments firms, lending tech, insure tech, neo banks, fintech Saas etc.) - Banks adopting financial technologies-Complementarities and Competition between banks, NBFCs and fintech firms in the Indian context-Fintech firms as financial sector disruptors.	3	
	2.3	Design thinking for a fintech: Need for a user centric approach — Business model canvas and value proposition design-Revenue models: subscription, transaction fees etc-Survey of technological and digital tools for a fintech startup.	3	
	Practicum	1. Map the different types of fintech enterprises operating in India.	10	1,2,3
		2. Explore and demonstrate the interdependence between banks, NBFCs and fintech firms in the Indian context.		
		3. Give ideation and provide a suitable business model for a potential fintech startup.		
	1			l .

3		Electronic Money-Cryptocurrencies and Blockchain Technology	20	2, 3, 4
	3.1	Electronic Money and Cryptocurrencies-CBDC-e-Rupee-Types of cryptocurrencies/assets-Difficulties in regulating cryptocurrencies-Global attempts to regulate crypto assets.	5	
	3.2	Crypto currencies: Currency vs asset nature-Risks of cryptocurrencies-Crypto Exchanges-Crypto crisis in the recent past-Case study of the fall of FTX.	5	
	3.3	Blockchain technology-Challenges and opportunities of blockchain technology-Applications of blockchain technology in the financial sector.	5	
	Practicum	Classify the different types of crypto assets. Compare and contrast crypto assets with CBDC. Analyse the failure of FTX and the message it left to the financial regulators.	5	2,3,4
	4	Regulatory landscape for fintech in India	15	1, 2, 3,
	4.1	Fintech Regulation: Need for regulation-Need for harmony between regulation and innovation-RBI approach to fintech regulation -Regulatory Sandboxes-Financial stability and the fintech sector.	4	
	4.2	Importance of Self-Regulatory Organisations (SRO) in fintech landscape-Fintech Repository.	5	
	4.3	Evolution of India's digital payment ecosystem- Components of India's Digital payment ecosystem -Role of NPCI-Uniqueness of UPI-Internationalisation of UPI-Comparison of UPI with other major digital payments systems across the world.	6	

	Practicum	Discuss the need for drawing a balance between regulation and innovation support of fintechs. Elaborate the unique advantages of UPI as a rockstar in the global fintech arena.	5	1,2,3,4
5		Teacher specific Module	<u> </u>	

Teaching	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
and Learning Approach	CD1 - Lecture-Based Instruction: Lecture classes on the various concepts and leading developments related with the FinTech sector.				
	CD2 - Case Studies: Case study related various fintech developments including the crypto crisis, development of fintech startups India etc.				
	CD3 - Group Discussions: Disruption caused by fintechs to traditional banking and NBFC business.				
	CD4 - Interactive Workshops: Use of emerging technologies for the developmen of fintech business.				
	CD5 - Project discussion : On the promotion of ideas, enterprise design and MVP for starting a fintech firm.				
	CD6 - Industry-academia collaboration and report presentation.				
	CD 7 - Invited talk by industry experts and fintech executives.				
	CD 8 - Online sessions by industry leaders and startup entrepreneurs.				
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks				
	Components of CCA				
	Fintech Industry Visit Report, Industry Expert Interaction Report, Startup Conclave Reporting, Technology Mapping Work Book, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Quiz/Book Review/Field Study, Class Tests.				
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.				

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours				
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =2	
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 1	
	Total Mar	ks	70	

References

- 1. The Fintech Entrepreneur's Guide, Ashok Mittal, 2022.
- 2. Fintech Future: The Digital DNA of Finance, Sanjay Phadke, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd, 2023.
- 3. Digital Bank: Strategies To Launch Or Become A Digital Bank, Embassy Books, 2017.
- 4. Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: 4 Books, Keizer Söze, Sabi Shepherd Ltd, 2019.
- 5. Financial Technology (FinTech) and Digital Banking in India, Jaspal Singh, New Century Publications 2022.
- 6. Private Equity Venture Capital in Financial and Fintech, October-December 2023, RBI innovation Hub, RBI.

Suggested Readings

- 1. FinTech Revolution in India: Opportunities and Challenges, CA Dr. Brajesh Kumar Jaiswal, Notion Press, February, 2024.
- 2. Reserve Bank Innovation Hub.https://rbihub.in/



Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	onomics						
Course Name	General Insurance							
Type of Course	DSE	DSE						
Course Code	SJC6DSEECO3	SJC6DSEECO302						
Course Level	300-399	300-399 LIBERATES						
Course Summary	general insuran	designed to equip learners with a comprehensive use industry, preparing them for various roles with the knowledge and skills needed to navig	thin the s	sector and				
Semester	6	Credits	4	Total Hours				
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture Tutorial Practical/Practicum	Others					
		3 (AUTONOMOUS) ₁		75				
Pre- requisites, if any								

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the principles and concepts of general insurance, including risk management.	U	1
2	Applying insurance concepts to real-world situations and making informed decisions.	A	10
3	Evaluate the regulatory framework governing the general insurance industry and its implications for insurance companies and policyholders.	Е	6
4	Analysing insurance policies and assessing their suitability for different risk scenarios.	An	2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Modul e	Units	Course Content	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Risk Analysis	15	
	1.1	Introduction to insurance- meaning- Importance.	2	1
	1.2	General Insurance: meaning- importance-Types-Overview of the insurance industry in India, Post - independence period – Insurance sector reforms- Malhotra committee 1994.	3	2
	1.3	General Insurance Corporation and other insurance institutions- Organizational structure of GIC-IRDA and its regulations.	2	3
	1.4	FDI in the insurance sector.	1	3

	Practi cum	Discussion on the relevance of insurance in society. Discussion on the impact of FDI in insurance sector. Identifying GIC's significance and impact on general insurance industry.	7	3
2		Insurance Operations and Management	15	
	2.1	Principles of insurance- Insurance Marketing	2	1
	2.2	Claims management-Risk Management-Underwriting-Rating	3	2
	2.3	Customer Relationship Management-Reinsurance and other functions.	2	1
	Practi cum	Claim processing simulation- Role-play as different stakeholders to negotiate and settle the claim Insurance policy Analysis.	8	1,2
3		Motor and health insurance	23	
	3.1	Introduction to Motor Insurance-Basic Principles-Types of vehicles – Types of motor insurance policies	3	1
	3.2	Underwriting and Risk management-Claim settlement- Types of Claims-Various documents- Claim Procedures-Methods.	5	2
	3.3	Legal and procedural aspects-Customer service and relationship management-Motor vehicles Act	2	2
	3.4	Health Insurance-Introduction - Growth of health insurance in India- principles-Types of health insurance-Underwriting and Risk Assessment	3	1
	3.5	Regulatory Framework-Insurance Act1938, IRDA Act1999 - Health insurance regulations-IRDA directions and guidelines on Health insurance.	2	3
		Practicum Discussion on factors influencing underwriting decisions and the importance of risk assessment in setting insurance premiums. Group discussion on market dynamics, customer needs, and innovation in insurance products and services.	8	3

	4	Rural, property and liability insurance				
	4.1	Rural insurance- Types of products-Crop- Farmers package- Plantation insurance- Artisans-Livestock insurance- Hut insurance	5	1, 4		
	4.2	IRDA Regulations on Rural Insurance, Reinsurance.	5	2		
	4.3	Property insurance- meaning-Types- Features-Liability insurance-meaning- scope- Types-Rating- Legal aspects of Liability insurance	5	2		
	Practi cum	7	2			
5		Teacher specific Module				
Teaching and Learning Approach	CD 1 CD 2 CD 3	ested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) - Lecture-Based Instruction: - Case Study Analysis: - Group Discussions: - Interactive Workshops:	>			
Assessmen Types						
		Class Texts Salfan I Para Assessments Over Park Texts				
		Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report,				
		Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.				
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.					

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Marks					
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
	70					

References

- 1. Keller, G. (2014). Statisticsfor Management and Economics. Cengage Learning
- 2. McClave, J.T., Benson, P.G., & Sincich, T. (2018). Statistics for Business and Economics, Global Edition.
- 3. Mendenhall, W., Beaver, B. M., & Beaver, R. J. (2019), *Introductionto probability and statistics*.
- 4. Moore, David S., et al.(2021), The Basic Practice of Statistics.





Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Behavioural Ed	Behavioural Economics					
Type of Course	DSE	DSE					
Course Code	SJC6DSEECO	303	9 [aw/			
Course Level	300-399	10 m	W	0			
Course Summary	significance in e risk, uncertainty economic decisi economics. The institutions, and providing guide explores conver	This course presents the principles of behavioural economics and their significance in economic decision-making, especially in situations involving risk, uncertainty, and strategic interactions. The focus is on elucidating economic decisions that diverge from the forecasts of neo-classical economics. The course endeavors to integrate perspectives from sociology, institutions, and evolutionary psychology to comprehend human behavior, providing guidelines for improved developmental outcomes. Additionally, it explores conventional research methods in the field, such as laboratory and field experiments, and examines their role in advancing the subject.					
Semester	ST. J	OSEPH OOLA	Credits	LEGE	4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others		
		3		1		75	
Pre-requisites, if any		Knowledge of Microeconomic concepts					

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	compare and contrast behavioural and neoclassical concepts.	E	3
2	appraise behavioural concepts in individual decision making.	E	2
3	apply core behavioural concepts to predict behaviour of economic agents under risky situations.	Е	2
4	analyse the mechanism of intertemporal choice and infer the reaction of economic agents during different time periods.	An	2
5	assess behavioural game theory concepts with the aim to explain observed human behaviour.	Е	2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	ST JOS Course description EGE	Hrs	CO No.
1		Foundations to Behavioural Economics	17	
	1.1	Nature of Behavioural Economics- Perspective on Psychology and Economics- Role of Intuition, Emotions, Beliefs in decision making	4	1,2
	1.2	Origins of Behavioural Economics: Decision making under neoclassical approaches-Rationality Assumption and Economic Behaviour-Optimality- Bounded Rationality	3	1, 2

	1.3	Heuristics availability and biases, Representativeness, Substitution, Framing, Anchoring, Mental Accounting, Endowment bias, Status Quo bias	3	1, 2		
	1.4	Nudge Theory- Choice Architect, Neuroeconomics	2	1,2		
	Practicum	Develop a simple experiment (thought experiment or online survey) to explore how a specific factor (e.g., time pressure, social cues) might influence economic decision-making.	5	3		
2	Choice under Risk and Uncertainty					
	2.1	Human Behavior Under Uncertainty- Expected Utility as a basis for decision making	3	3		
	2.2	Loss Aversion-Prospect Theory – Reference Points – Risk Concept and Understanding – Shape of Utility Function.	4	3		
	2.3	Decision Weighting – Probabilistic Judgment	1	3		
	Practicum	Develop an understanding on expected utility theorem		3		
3	Intertemporal Choice, Temporal Choice					
	3.1	Discounted Utility Model, Construal Level Theory	3	5		
	3.2	Valuation of Delayed Consumption Preferences for Sequences of Outcomes	5	5		
	3.3	Intertemporal Choice- Exponential discounting, Hyberbolic Discounting, Preference Reversal	5	4, 5		
	Practicum	Explore the concept of exponential discounting, a common assumption in the DU model.	10	5		
	Discuss the discount rate, which reflects how much we value a					

		reward the further it is in the future					
4		Behavioural Game Theory					
	4.1	Strategic Interaction and Social Norms: Ultimatum game	3	5			
	4.2	Social Preferences Fairness, trust, cooperation, reciprocity, Norms	4	5			
	4.3	Some applications of behavioural game theory; Modelling social preferences – inequality-aversion models, reciprocity models	5	5			
	Practicum	Analyze the Ultimatum Game, a classic experiment testing fairness preferences.	10	5			
5		Teacher specific Module					
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge. Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions. Suggested Course Delivery Methods: CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc, CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments, CD3 - Class Seminars, CD4 - Peer group Discussions.						
Assessment Types		MODE OF ASSESSMENT inuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.					
		Seminar/Viva					

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.						
End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
	Total Marl	ks	70			

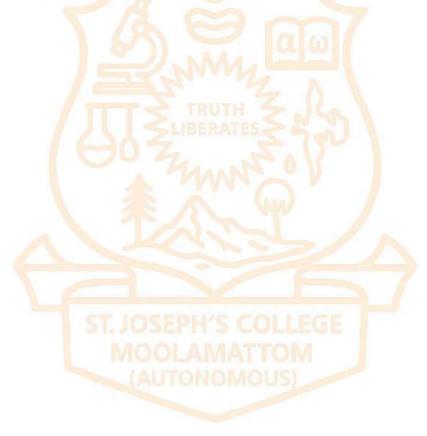
References

- 1. Angner, Erik (2016), A Course in Behavioral Economics, Palgrave Macmillan
- 2. Nick Wilkinson; Matthias Klaes (2012), *An Introduction to Behavioral Economics*, 2nd Edition, Palgrave Macmillan.
- 3. Hal R. Varian (2014): Intermediate Microeconomics with Calculus, 1st Ed, W. W. Norton & Company.
- 4. Kahneman, Daniel and Tversky Amos (2000), Choices, Values and Frames, Cambridge University Press
- 5. Masao Ogaki, and Saori Tanaka(2014). Behavioural Economics towards a New Economics by Integration with Traditional Economics, Published by Springer, ISBN 978-981- 10-6439-5
- 6. Kahneman, D (2011), Thinking Fast and Slow, Allen Lane, Penguin Books
- 7. E. Cartwright (2011), Behavioural Economics Routledge
- 8. Colin F. Camerer, George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)(2004), Advances in Behavioral Economics, Princeton University Press.
- 9. M. Altman(2007), Handbook of Contemporary Behavioural Economics: Foundation and Developments Prentice Hall India
- 10. Diamond Peter and Vartiainen (2007), Behavioral Economics and Its Applications, Princeton University Press.
- 11. Nick Wilkinson; Matthias Klaes(2012), An Introduction to Behavioral Economics, 2nd Edition, Palgrave Macmillan.
- 12. Colin F. Camerer(2004) George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)
- 13. Kahneman, Daniel and Tversky Amos (2000), *Choices, Values and Frames*, Cambridge University Press
- 14. Masao Ogaki, and SaoriTanaka(2017). *Behavioral Economics towards a New Economics by Integration with Traditional Economics*, Published by Springer, ISBN 978-981-10-6439-5
- 15. Kahneman, D (2011), *Thinking Fast and Slow*, Allen Lane, Penguin Books
- 16. Colin F. Camerer, George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)(2004), *Advances in Behavioral Economics*, Princeton University Press.
- 17. Nick Wilkinson; Matthias Klaes(2012), *An Introduction to Behavioural Economics*, 2nd Edition, Palgrave Macmillan. Colin F. Camerer, George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)(2004)
- 18. Masao Ogaki, and SaoriTanaka(2017). *Behavioural Economics towards a New Economics by Integration with Traditional Economics*, Published by Springer, ISBN 978-981-10-6439-5

- 19. Colin F. Camerer, George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)(2004), *Advances in Behavioural Economics*, Princeton University Press.
- 20. G. Loewenstein (2007), Exotic Preferences: Behavioural Economics and Human Motivation, Oxford University Press
- 21. Dhami, Sanjit (2016), *The Foundations of Behavioural Economic Analysis*, Oxford University Press.
- 22. Hal R. Varian (2014): *Intermediate Microeconomics with Calculus*,1st Ed, W. W. Norton & Company.
- 23. Colin F. Camerer, George Loewenstein, Matthew Rabin (ed.)(2004), *Advances in Behavioural Economics*, Princeton University Press.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pindyck, Robert S., Rubinfeld, Daniel L.. (2013). *Microeconomics 8th ed.* (8th). New Jersey: Pearson.
- 2. Koutsoyiannis, A. (1979): Modern Microeconomics, 2nd ed., Macmillan Press





	T								
Programme	BA (Hons) Economics								
Course Name	Economics (Economics of Management and Organisational Behaviour							
Type of Course	DSE	700							
Course Code	SJC6DSEE	CO304							
Course Level	300 - 399								
Course Summary		Nature of Management, Management Functions, Approaches of Organisational Behaviour, Dynamics of Organisational Behaviour.							
Semester	6 Credits 4 Total Hours								
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture Tutorial Practical Others							
		3	75						
Pre-requisites, if any									

Module	Units	Units Course description		CO No.
1	I	ntroduction to Management and Organisational Behaviour	14	
	1.1 Introduction to Management – Evolution – Concept – Scope – Significance – Role – Nature – Purpose 1.2 Management as profession – Management and Administration – Functions of Management		2	1
			2	2
	1.3	Management Thought – Classical Schools - Neo Classical - Quantitative and system school -Contingency approach to management - Decision theory school	3	2
	Practicum	Research the evolution of management thought. Create a timeline highlighting key milestones from early practices to modern management philosophies. Identify prominent figures associated with different eras of management (e.g., Frederick Taylor, Henri Fayol).	7	2
2		Management Functions	24	
	2.1	Planning: Nature, Types, Importance, Steps in Planning Process, Long range and Short- range Planning, Objectives, MBO, Premising, Decision Making, Strategies & Policies, Making Planning effective and Open System Approach to Planning.	4	2
	2.2	Organising: Span of Management, Graicuna's Theory of Superior- subordinate Relationship, Factors influencing Span of Management, Wide versus Narrow Spans, Decentralisation of Authority, Principles of Delegation, Balancing between Centralisation & de-centralisation, Types of Organisation.	3	3
	2.3	Staffing: Nature & Significance, A brief knowledge of Recruitment, Selection, Training& Development, and Performance Appraisal.	2	1

	2.4	Directing: Nature, Concept of Leadership, Leadership Styles, Theories of Leadership, Charismatic Leadership Theory, Concept of Motivation, relevance of Communication.	3	2
	2.5	Controlling: Concept and Importance of Control, Control Process, Types of Control Mechanism, Management by Exceptions.	2	2
	Practicum	Analyze real-world case studies of organizations that have implemented successful management practices. Identify the specific management functions and approaches used in	10	2
		these cases. Discuss the positive outcomes achieved through effective management.		
3		Organisational Behaviour - Approaches and its Structure	19	
	3.1	Organisation Behaviour -Introduction, Historical Perspective, Approaches - Importance, Framework for Learning OB, Limitations of OB, Globalization and OB.	3	3
	3.2	Organisation Structure: Classification on the basis of Possession of Authority, Classification on the basis of grouping of activities, New Organisational Designs – Project, Matrix, Organic Structure & Mechanistic Structure, Challenge of Modern Organisation, Virtual Organisation.	4	3
	3.3	Motivation – Concept of Motivation - Motivational Theories of Maslow, Herzberg, David McClelland, and Porter and Lawler.	3	3
	3.4	Leadership – Theories of leadership – Leadership Styles – Leadership Skills – Women and Leadership – Leadership for the future.	2	4
	3.5	Group Dynamics & Motivation – Benefits of Groups – Types of Groups – Group Formation and Development.	2	4
	Practicum	Reflect on your own leadership style and identify areas for	5	4

		development. Consider taking a leadership style assessment tool.					
4		Dynamics of Organisational Behaviour					
	4.1	Group - Nature - Stages- Properties - Group Decision making - Dynamics of informal Groups.	4	4			
	4.2	Conflict – interpersonal – inter group – organisational.	2	4			
	4.3	Culture and Change: Concept of Culture, Fundaments of Culture, Fundamentals of Change.	4	4			
	Practicum	Analyze a real-world case study of a group facing challenges (e.g., communication issues, conflict). Apply your understanding of group dynamics to propose solutions for improved group performance.	8	4			

	TETS TRUTH Z. (L.)							
5	Teacher Specific Module							
Teaching and	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)							
Learning And Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge							
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions							
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods							
	o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc, CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments, CD3 - Class Seminars, CD4 - Peer group Discussions							
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks							
	Components of CCA							
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,							
	Assignments, Case study Report,							
	Seminar/Viva							

Project/Q	uiz/Book Revie	ew/Fieldwork etc.	
. End Semester Ex	camination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	nours.
End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	S
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	Total Marl	ks	70

References

- 1. Hersey, Paul, Kenneth H. Blanchard, Dewey E. Johnson, *Management of Organisational Behaviour Utilising Human Resources*, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 2. Koonz Harold, Cyril O'Donnell and Heinz Weihrich, *Essentials of Management*, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Luthans, Fred , Organisational Behaviour, McGraw -Hill
- 4. Newstrom, John W. and Keith Davis, Organisational Behaviour *Human Behaviour at Work*, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 5. Robbins, Stephen P. and Mary Coulter, *Management*, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 6. Robbins, Stephen P, Organisational Behaviour, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Sanjay Gupta, Management Concepts and Organisational Behaviour, SPBD Publication
- 2. Ricky Griffin, Management Principles and Applications, Cengage, New Delhi
- 3. Meenakshi Gupta, Principles of Management, PH Learning, New Delhi
- 4. Tripthi & Reddy, *Principles of Management*, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 5. Gupta C.B. & Mathur S, Management Principles and Applications, Scholar Tech Press, Delhi
- 6. Rao V.S.P Management Principles and Applications, Taxman Publications



Programme	BA (Hons) E	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Economics o	Economics of Artificial Intelligence						
Type of Course	DSE	DSE QQ						
Course Code	SJC6DSEEC	SJC6DSEECO305 LIBERATES						
Course Level	300-399	300-399						
Course Summary	implications transformation tries to exploomaking an assinfluencing policies. With the labour manadverse constitues occurred	Artificial Intelligence has engulfed almost every field of life. Economic implications of the AI is yet to be understood deeply because of the constant transformation of AI technology and applications. In this context, this course tries to explore the working of AI on the economy though rapid changes are making an assessment of AI difficult. This module is evaluating how AI is influencing productivity, employment, market dynamics, and economic policies. With tasks becomes automated, there is significant impact of AI on the labour market. Similarly, its overuse and blind adoption may bring some adverse consequences producing undesirable economic impacts. Given all these occurrences, this course tries to present the developments in the mostly science driven field AI from and economics angle.						
Semester	6	Credits 4 Total Hour						
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practicu m	Other s	S		
		3		1		75		

Pre-requisites, if any	

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the role of AI in enhancing productivity in various sectors of the economy.	U	1, 3
2	Analyse the areas and sectors in which AI helps the various tasks to be completed.	A	4, 5
3	Understand the influence of AI in Economics and Finance.	U	9, 10
4	Evaluate the impact of AI on the labour market and the various macroeconomic effects it produces.	Е	8, 9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course Content	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to AI	19	
	1.1	The role of productivity expansion in economic development-Solow's residual and the concept of productivity-Technological progress and productivity expansion.	3	1, 4

	1.2	Basics of Artificial Intelligence –Artificial intelligence: meaning, nature and evolution-Development of neural networks- Turing Test-Advent of machine learning-Significance of large language models and GPT.	4	3, 4
	1.3	A glimpse on AI affiliated developments: Difference between AI, Machine learning and robotics-Difference between narrow AI, general AI and super-intelligent AI.	3	3
	Practicum	Discuss the cognitive aspects of AI that may displace labour or fulfil tasks in various sectors. Elaborate how AI is supplementing to other technological sectors like chip design in brining an edge to technology driven economies.	9	3,4
		TRUTH SLIBERATES SAN		
	1			
2		Popular Applications of AI	18	
2	2.1	AI applications in industry: Automation and robotics, automated decision making, predictive analytics, supply chain optimization and quality control systems.	3	2, 3
2	2.1	AI applications in industry: Automation and robotics, automated decision making, predictive analytics, supply		2, 3

Practicum	Examine the significance of AI based adaptive learning in elearning.	9	2,3,4
	Prepare a survey of AI tools that promotes digital learning.		
	Discuss the significance of prompting in large language models.		
	Applications of AI in Economics and Finance	18	
3.1	Uses of AI in economics: Predictive modelling, forecasting, and behavioural economics- Use of natural language processing to analyse economic and financial data.	4	1, 2
3.2	Use of AI in Sentiment Analysis/Behavioural Economics: Steps of sentiment analysis: Data collection, pre-processing, feature extraction, model training, sentiment classification and analysis and reporting.	4	1, 3
3.3	AI in Finance: Algorithmic trading, fraud detection, credit scoring systems, financial advising and management.	3	3, 4
Practicum	Make a survey of major algorithmic trading AI applications. Analyse how AI is helping financial entities in client acquisition, lead generations and service delivery.	7	3,4
4	Economic implications of AI	20	
4.1	AI labour market implications – Implications of AI on the job market-AI as a task fulfilment technology-AI as a labour replacement technology-AI and skill bias-AI based startups.	5	1, 2
	3.1 3.2 Practicum	in elearning. Prepare a survey of AI tools that promotes digital learning. Discuss the significance of prompting in large language models. Applications of AI in Economics and Finance Uses of AI in economics: Predictive modelling, forecasting, and behavioural economics- Use of natural language processing to analyse economic and financial data. 3.2 Use of AI in Sentiment Analysis/Behavioural Economics: Steps of sentiment analysis: Data collection, pre-processing, feature extraction, model training, sentiment classification and analysis and reporting. 3.3 AI in Finance: Algorithmic trading, fraud detection, credit scoring systems, financial advising and management. Practicum Make a survey of major algorithmic trading AI applications. Analyse how AI is helping financial entities in client acquisition, lead generations and service delivery. 4 Economic implications of AI 4.1 AI labour market implications – Implications of AI on the job market-AI as a task fulfilment technology-AI as a labour replacement technology-AI and skill bias-AI	in elearning. Prepare a survey of AI tools that promotes digital learning. Discuss the significance of prompting in large language models. Applications of AI in Economics and Finance 18 Uses of AI in economics: Predictive modelling, forecasting, and behavioural economics- Use of natural language processing to analyse economic and financial data. 3.2 Use of AI in Sentiment Analysis/Behavioural Economics: Steps of sentiment analysis: Data collection, pre-processing, feature extraction, model training, sentiment classification and analysis and reporting. 3.3 AI in Finance: Algorithmic trading, fraud detection, credit scoring systems, financial advising and management. Practicum Make a survey of major algorithmic trading AI applications. Analyse how AI is helping financial entities in client acquisition, lead generations and service delivery. 4 Economic implications of AI 5 AI labour market implications – Implications of AI on the job market-AI as a task fulfilment technology-AI as a labour replacement technology-AI and skill bias-AI

4.2	AI regulation-GPAI-OECD and G20 initiatives- UNICRI Centre for AI and Robotics-ethical issues related with AI.	5	1, 3
4.3	Economic implications of AI-AI and inequality-AI favours big tech companies-the Magnificent seven and their role in the development of AI-Big tech, AI and the power of network effects.	5	1, 4
Practicum	Conduct a market study about AI based start-ups and applications that have tremendous labour displacement effects. Prepare a report on how the big techs are integrating their newly designed AI applications int their popular platforms like browser, cloud devices etc.	5	1
	Assignment: Leading AI applications developed by the big tech and their task areas. Illustrate the network and other economies associated with these AI innovations.		
5	Teacher specific Module		

Teaching and Learning Approach

Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Artificial intelligence is a rapidly transforming area. Any syllabus that covers the impact of AI on any fields of life including economic and social should tough the basics of AI as well. Still, given the elementary nature of a rapidly evolving.

- CD 1- Lecture-Based Instruction: The lecture format for explaining the progressing AI and its impact on the various aspects of Economy and Business.
- CD 2 Case Study Analysis: For the understanding of AI, updated content based on case study can be adopted. Here, case study of any large language model on work or task can be analysed.
- **CD 3 Group Discussions:** Promote group discussions on emerging topics and current developments related to AI and its economy effects.
- **CD 4 -. Presentations based on leading articles:** the impact of AI will be covered by prominent articles and research works. Such academic and analytical works can be presented in the class to nudge updates on the topics.
- **CD 5 -Mapping and Simulations**: The AI is producing new types of task fulfilments and new types of enterprises that exploits technology driven business opportunities. Prepare mapping of such sub industrial and services sectors where AI is ambushing the traditional sectors.
- CD 6: Industry visits and presentation: Students can visit Exhibitions, Seminars

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA

Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Report on Industry visit, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva, Project/Book Review/Fieldwork.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
00	Total Marl	ks	70		

and conclaves and make presentation about the topics covered in the course.

CD 7: Expert led seminar and workshop: Seminars and workshops can be conducted about the progress of AI and its impact on various sectors.

References

- 1. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence: An Agenda, Ajay Agrawal, Joshua Gans, Avi Goldfarb, NEBER, 2019.
- 2. Mitchell, Melanie. Artificial Intelligence: A Guide for Thinking Humans. Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2019.
- 3. Agrawal, Ajay, Gans, Joshua, and Goldfarb, Avi. Prediction Machines: The Simple Economics of Artificial Intelligence. Harvard Business Review Press, 2018.
- 4. Bootle, Roger. The AI Economy: Work, Wealth and Welfare in the Robot Age. Nicholas Brealey Publishing, 2019.
- 5. O'Neil, Cathy. Weapons of Math Destruction: How Big Data Increases Inequality and Threatens Democracy. Crown, 2016.
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Automation." Journal of Economic Perspectives, vol. 29, no. 3, Summer 2015, pp. 3-30.

- 7. Aghion, Philippe, Jones, Benjamin F., and Jones, Charles I. "Artificial Intelligence and Economic Growth." In The Economics of Artificial Intelligence: An Agenda, edited by Ajay Agrawal, Joshua Gans, and Avi Goldfarb, University of Chicago Press, 2019, pp. 237-282.
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- 10. Bessen, James. "AI and Jobs: The role of demand." Labour Economics, vol. 70, April 2021, pp. 10197.
- 11. Future of Humanity Institute. "Governance of AI." Oxford University, accessed 2023. https://www.fhi.ox.ac.uk/research/research-areas/artificial-intelligence/

Suggested Readings

- 1. AI & Society https://link.springer.com/journal/146
- 2. The Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research https://www.jair.org/
- 3. The future of Life org www.thefutureoflife.org
- 4. The OECD AI Observatory: https://oecd.ai/en/





Programme	BA (Hons) E	BA (Hons) Economics				
Course Name	Integrated S	Integrated Skills for Applied Economics				
Type of Course	Skill Enhanc	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)				
Course Code	SJC6SECEC	D300	a	ω		
Course Level	300-399	MAAA	1/2	0.		
Course Summary	The objective of the course is to enable the students with a comprehensive set of skills essential for the dynamic landscape of economics. This course handles different areas as the skill sets demanded by the diverse type of industry and services sectors from economics graduates vary with industry nature. Several of the skills are already provided in other courses like Data Analysis, Digital Business Transformation etc. Hence, an overall skill generation with the aid of technology becomes the focus of this course. The relevant topics of the syllabus that demand the use of computer lab should be handled with the help of lab sessions though practical/practicum allocation is not explicitly provided. At the same time, the assessment involves practical assessment using the computer lab.					
Semester	6	TONO	Credits	VI	3	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practicum	Others	
		3				45

Pre-requisites, if any	Pre-requisites, if any
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COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the methods and approaches for the acquisition and development of economics specific skill development in the concerned areas.	U	1, 4,
2	develop the skills in jobs that demand an application of economics theories and logics.	C, S	10
3	Understand economic theories and matching them with industries needs and developing the skill and art of converting KNOWLEDGE in the economic domains to the PRACTICAL field.	A, S	1,7
4	design a skill-oriented technique and experiment new tools like data analysis tools.	C, S	1
5	analyse economic issues by using statistical techniques.	An	10, 3
6	construct an affinity and mindset for launching startups through different process involved like idealisation, prototyping and MVP.	S, A	2, 10, 9, 5
7	develop specific skills to produce contents on economic and financial topics.	С	10, 7,

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Skill formation in Economic Policy Analysis	15	

1	1.1	Monetary Policy Interpretation: RBI's monetary policy interventions- Repo rate, LAF and other interventions.	3	1, 3
	1.2	RBI's regulation and supervision of the banking sector-financial stability. US Federal Reserve Monetary Policy and the interconnectedness.	2	1, 3
	1.3	Understanding the government budget through <i>Budget at a Glance</i> Table of the latest central government budget- Important receipts, expenditure and deficit entries and their economic importance.	5	1, 3
	1.4	Writing reports and policy briefs and analysis about: Economic indicators CPI, IIP, Sensex Nifty, exchange rate movements-economic events, financial sector developments-Use of Economics Terminologies.	5	1, 2,
	1			the
2	curren Case s	discussion: RBI's Annual Monetary Policy Statement, MPC meeting outcome to budget, RBI's liquidity interventions to stabilise the banking system. Study: The PLI Scheme of the government and the development of the electron and the development of the electron and promotion using AI tools	·	
2	curren Case s	study: The PLI Scheme of the government and the development of the electronic sectors.	etronic	
2	Case sother i	study: The PLI Scheme of the government and the development of the electronanufacturing sectors. Digital Content creation and promotion using AI tools Simplicity and Clear Language in writing: a case study of the Economist and Financial Times-Writing for the digital media: making the content emotional and appealing-Use of diagrams in economic and financial journalism: pie, line chart, bar diagram, histograms, scatter plots, bubble	15	s and

4		Teacher specific Module		
		nment: Perform an excel regression analysis using secondary data. Project: Create a questionnaire, collect data and use any of the models to conceh.	luct ma	rket
	3.4	Conducting Correlation and Regression analysis using Excel.	2	2, 10
	3.3	Sorting, Cleaning and Filtering of Data-Performing T-tests, chi-square tests, and ANOVA using excel.	6	3, 5, 10
	3.2	Important Excel Shortcuts-Use of Excel techniques for data analysis-Functions and Formulas.	6	2, 10
3	3.1	Types of market research- Surveys-Questionnaires and forecasting.	1	5
3		Basic Skills in Research and Excel Based Data Analysis	15	
	_	ry visit and project: Industry visit to a digital content creation or content pron	notion f	ĭrm.
	insight Prepar	re an instruction design for an economics topics using mind mapping.		
		n contents on Economics topics using an updated GPT version with effective nstrate an ad campaign using meta ad platform and analyse the ad outcome u		
		tudies: Compare the article styles of important economic magazines and nev		
	2.4	Instructional Design Techniques and skills for Economics: Storyboard and script making-integrating text, image, audio and video for e-learning-Designing mind mapping template for economic content (using platforms like Canva)-Role of gaming, game based quizzing and interactive contents-Setting keywords and URL in digital content.	-	5, 6
		and ad analytics-case study of meta platform and google ad.		

Teaching and Learning Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Suggested

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

The skill sets suggested in this course is highly dynamic and may undergo quick changes. Hence, updated presentation of the content is desirable. Though there is no provision for practicum and practical, it is essential to engage a sizable portion of the content through computer lab.

- **CD 1: Lecture-Based Instruction:** For most of the course contents, lecture-based instructions combined with real world demonstrations (for module 2) is desirable.
- CD 2: Lab oriented sessions: Lab sessions are suitable to provide the data analysis skills and digital content creation skills to the students.
- CD 3: Skill Generation Exercises: For those skill creation components, exercises can be given to the students.
- CD 4: Use of digital content for skill generation: Students can be asked to prepare digital content on their own as a practical exercise (eg. Articles on finance).
- CD 5: Self learning: Instructing students to a report on any particular economic or financial index.
- Case 6: Presentation of Budget: For a better understanding of the budget (or monetary policy statement), a mock budget can be prepared and presented by the students.
- CD 7: Group Discussions/Debate: Conduct group discussion/Debate to explore the different dimensions of the government's budgetary exercise.
- CD 8: Interactive Workshops: Interactive workshops can be conducted on methods for data analysis or visualisation.
- CD 9: Mock Exercises: A startup project should be ideated by the students at any of the government programme like the YIP.
- CD 10: Industry visit: There can be an industry visit to a content creation or digital advertising firm.
- CD 11: Create an ad campaign in the meta platform to experiment the process of content promotion.

Assessmet Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- **I. Theory 50 marks (A.** Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, **B**. End Semester Exam (ESE): 35 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): Components	Marks
Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Mini Project, Open Book test, Industry Visit Report.	15
Total Marks	15

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks; Time 1 hour.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	5 out of 8	5 x 2 =10			
Short Essay	150 words	5 out of 8	5 x 5 = 25			
	Total N	Marks	35			

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) Components	Marks
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Hackathon Report, Prototyping of digital content creation for economics/finance topic, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15
Total Marks STJOSEPH'S COLLEGE	15

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1 hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)					
Туре	Marks				
Lab based test	35				
Total Marks	35				

References

- 1. Before You Start Up, Pankaj Goyal, Fingerprint Publishing, 2017.
- 2. Zero to One, Peter Thiel, Blake Masters, Virgin Books, 2014.
- 3. Startup Idea to MVP in 12 Weeks, Naren Lokwani, Starup Success Series.
- 4. The \$100 Startup: Fire Your Boss, Do What You Love and Work Better To Live More, Chris Guillebeau, Pan, 2015.
- 5. Entrepreneurial Ecosystems for Tech Start-ups in India: Evolution, Structure and Role (De Gruyter Studies in Knowledge Management and Entrepreneurial Ecosystems Book 1), M H Bala Subrahmanya, De Gruyter, 2021.
- 6. Introduction to Business and Economic Journalism, Text Book of Journalism, Pandeli Pani, Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom, 2017, https://www.idem-institute.org/downloads/introductiontobusinessandeconomicjournalism.pdf.
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- 9. Interconnectedness and Contagion Analysis: A Practical Framework, Jana Bricco; TengTeng Xu, International Monetary Fund, 2019.
- 10. Monetary Policy in India: A Modern Macroeconomic Perspective, Chetan Ghate, Kenneth M Kletzer, Springer.
- 11. Fundamentals of Government Budgeting in India, SP Ganguly, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2000.
- 12. Various government budget documents: https://www.indiabudget.gov.in/.
- 13. Basic Computational Techniques for Data Analysis: An Exploration in MS Excel, D Narayana, Sharad Ranjan, Nupur Tyagi, RoutledgeFalmer, 2023.
- 14. Data Analysis with Microsoft Excel, Kenneth N. Berk, Patrick Carey, Brooks/Cole, 2010.
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- 17. The New Science of Customer Emotions A better way to drive growth and profitability, Scott Magids, Alan Zorfas, and Daniel Leemon, Harward Business Review, November 2015.
- 18. The Determinants of Impulsive Buying Behaviour in Electronic Commerce, Ying Wang, Jialing Pan, Yizhi Xu, Jianli Luo and Yongjiao Wu; MDPI, School of Business, Wenzhou University, Wenzhou 325035, China, June 2022.
- 19. SOLD OUT: Digital Strategies for Effective Lead Generation, Sorav Jain, Notion Press, November 2019.
- 20. Impulse Buying Behaviour and Post-Purchase Regret: An investigation on Emotion-Sensing Technology as a means to diminish the regret arising from retail therapy in sad consumers, Copenhagen Business School; Master's Thesis; Elisa Laderchi, Rob Gleasure, May 2021.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Business Data Analysis using Excel, David Whigham, Oxford,
- 2. Advanced Data Analysis with Excel 2019, Manish Nigam, BPB Publishers, 2023.
- 3. Data Analysis using Excel and SQL, Godon S Linoff, Wiley, 2016.



	<u>, </u>								
Programme	BA (Hons) Economics								
Course Name	Foundations of Env	Foundations of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG)							
Type of Course	VAC								
Course Code	SJC6VACECO300		$/\Lambda \Lambda$						
Course Level	300-399	15	/ U 1						
Course Summary	This course covers the Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) framework, focusing on its three pillars. It explores the UN's Principles for Responsible Investment and examines ESG within the corporate sector, particularly its role under Corporate Social Responsibility. The module covers GRI-Business Responsibility Reporting and the Nine Principles of Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report. Additionally, it discusses ESG-related regulations in India. The second part of the course addresses economic instruments for climate change, including concessional finance, blended finance, and green bonds, along with fundamentals of carbon pricing. The third section explores ESG disclosures, emphasizing the importance and challenges, as well as the concept of circular economy and its 10Rs. The course concludes by examining the Sustainable Blue Economy								
Semester	6	and the climate change threats faced by India's coastal areas. 6 Credits 3 Total Hours							
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	13001130113			
Details	Approach	3 45							
Pre-	111	21.1021	LH2 C	ULLEGE		•			
requisites, if any	es, MOOLAMATTOM								

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Analyse the concepts in ESG.	An	1,10

2	Apply climate change aspects in Finance.	A	1,10
3	Analyse the concepts associated with ESG.	An	1,10

4 Understand Climate Change and the risks emanating from it.	U	1, 2, 3
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^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hours	CO No.		
1		Basics of ESG	15			
	1.1	The concept of Environmental, Social and Governance-Three Pillars of ESG	3	1		
	1.2	1.2 UN's Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI)				
	1.3	1.3 ESG and the corporate sector- ESG under Corporate Social Responsibility				
	1.4	GRI (Global Reporting Initiative)-Business Responsibility Reporting- Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report and its Nine Principles	3	1		
	1.5	ESG related Regulations in India.	3	1		
2		12				
	2.1	Economic instruments for Climate Change-Concessional Finance-Blended Finance-Green Bonds, Guarantees.	4	2, 4		
	2.2	Fundamentals of Carbon Pricing: Carbon Taxes, Carbon Markets, CBAM.	4	2, 4		
	2.3	Green Bond Policy in India.	4	2		
3		18				
	3.1	ESG Disclosures and its Importance- Greenwashing.	5	3		

	3.2	Environment and Social Management Framework and Environmental and Social Impacts during Project Implementation and Post Project Operation.	5	3
	3.3	Concept of Circular Economy and the 10Rs.	5	3
	3.4	Sustainable Blue Economy - Climate Change Threat to India's Coastal Areas.	3	3
4		Teacher specific Module		

Teaching and Learning Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Lecture, Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge, Case study, Seminar presentation, Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- CD3 Class Seminars
- CD4 Peer group Discussions

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 Marks

Assessment Types

Components of CCA

Industry Visit Report, Mini Project, Prototyping and design of ESG Projects, Chart/Work book/Other specific assessment, Industry Expert Interaction and Reporting, Seminar/Assignment, Class test.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

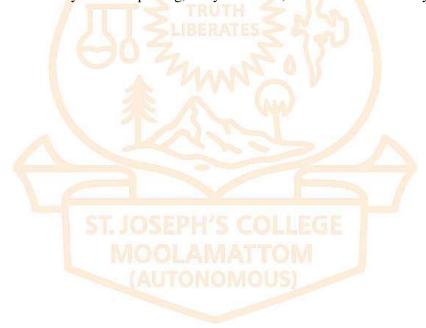
End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30			
	Total Marks					

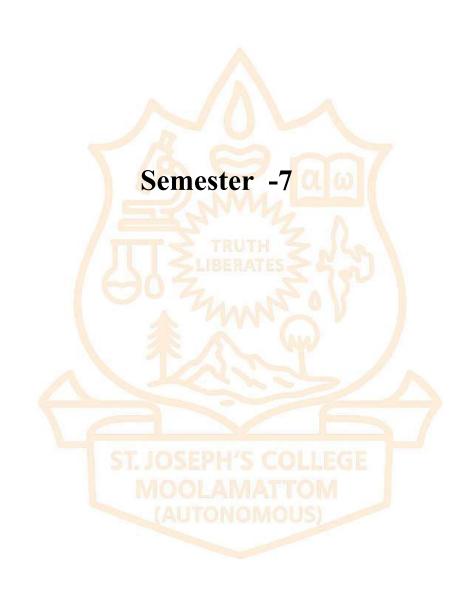
References:

- 1. Environmental, Social and Governance Practices in India (ESG) Principles and Practice, The Institute of Companies Secretaries of India, Study Material.
- 2. Environment and Social Management Framework (ESMF), Multidisciplinary Education and Research Improvement in Technical Education, (MERITE), Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education (MoE), Updated Draft, June 2022.
- 3. Environmental, Social and Governance, The Management Accountant, The Institute of Cost Accountants of India, March 2022.
- 4. Carbon Trading: Some Insights & Perspectives, Radha Purswani, ICFAI books, December 2012.
- 5. Circular Economy- (Re) Emerging Movement, Shalini Goyal Bhalla, Invincible Publishers, December 2020.
- 6. Green bonds: Mobilising the debt capital markets for a low-carbon transition, Policy Perspectives, OECD, 2016.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. ESG Essentials: A Guide for Principled Investors" by Paul Herman
- 2. Sustainable Development: Principles, Frameworks, and Case Studies" by Okechukwu Ukaga and Abiodun Alao
- 3. Climate Change: What Everyone Needs to Know by Joseph Romm
- 4. Circular Economy: A New Sustainability Paradigm?" by Walter R. Stahel:
- 5. Blue Economy Handbook" by Mark J. Spalding, Meryl Williams, and David C. McCauley







Programme	PA (Hons) Fac	nomios						
Course Name		BA (Hons) Economics Microeconomics – II						
Type of Course	DCC							
Course Code	SJC7DCCECO4	100	7					
Course Level	400 -499	10	D.M	αω				
Course Summary	demand theory, navigate uncerta pricing strategie concept of incor- welfare theories course equips I	This course equips the learners to analyse consumer behavior with powerful tools like demand theory, unravel production mysteries through models like Cobb-Douglas, and navigate uncertainty with theories like the Neumann-Morgenstern Utility Index. Master pricing strategies and game theory tactics to understand competitive dynamics. Explore the concept of income distribution with theories from Ricardo to Kaldor, then critically evaluate welfare theories and apply them to contemporary issues like the Easterlin Paradox. This course equips learners with the analytical skills to understand the core principles of economic behavior and its impact on society.						
Semester	7	Ä	C	redits	4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach							
		3		1		75		
Pre- requisites, if any	Acquaintance w	ith basic eco	nomics and e	lementary microeconomics				

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Analyse real-world consumer behavior using practical demand theory.	An	1
2	Explore the link between inputs and outputs.	С	2
3	Evaluate how consumers make decisions with time limitations.	A	1,2
4	Analyze firm interactions and pricing strategies.	Е	6
5	Comprehend how wealth is distributed in economies by examining key theories.	A	2,10
6	Appreciate contemporary issues and their policy implications	Ар	1,2, 9,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

odul e	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Advanced Techniques in Demand and Production Analysis	18	
	1.1	Pragmatic Demand Theory- Constant Elasticity Demand Function	2	1
	1.2	Empirical Production Functions: Cobb-Douglas, Variable Elasticity of Substitution (VES)	2	2
	1.3	Homothetic Production Function- Dynamic Demand Functions: Nerlove, Houthakker, Taylor - Linear Expenditure System	2	2

	1.4	Dynamic Demand Functions: Nerlove, Houthakker, Taylor - Linear Expenditure System	2	4
	Practicum (Optional) Using real economic data (e.g., historical price and quantity data), estimate a demand function or production function using statistical software.		10	1,2,4
		Analyze the results and interpret the estimated parameters in the context of the chosen model.		
		Define dynamic demand functions and how they incorporate past consumption or prices into current demand.		
		Explore three prominent dynamic demand models:		
		Nerlove Model		
		Houthakker Model		
		Taylor Deman <mark>d Model</mark>		
2		Consumer Behavior in Uncertainty and Time	15	
	2.1	Neumann-Morgenstern Utility Index	3	4, 6
		Risk and Uncertainty in Consumer Decision Making- Kahneman and Tversky's Theory		
	2.2	Inter-temporal Substitution effect- Choices Involving Time- Time Allocation model-Attributes model of Kevin Lancaster	2	4
	2.3	Bernoulli Hypothesis, Friedman and Savage hypothesis,	2	4
	2.4	Network Externalities and Behavioral Effects- Network Externalities: Bandwagon, Snob, and Veblen Effects Behavioral Aspects in Consumer Choices	3	3, 6
		•		

		1	
Practicum	Explore the bandwagon effect, where consumers are more likely to adopt a product because many others already have. Analyze the snob effect, where consumers avoid products that become too mainstream, seeking exclusivity.	5	3,4
	: Understand the Veblen effect, where consumers are willing to pay more for a product simply because it's expensive and signals high status.		
	Pricing Theories and Game Theory in Economics	18	
3.1	Full-Cost Pricing Theory: Andrews Version, Limitations, and Merits Rate of Return Pricing and its Evaluation	3	4
3.2	Various Pricing Strategies: Marginal Cost Pricing, Target Pricing, etc Marginal Productivity Theory and Product Exhaustion Problem	3	2
3.3	Macro Theories of Distribution: Ricardo, Marx, Kalecki, Kaldor	4	2
3.4	Introduction to Game Theory in Price Determination	3	3
Practicum	Identify and analyze the different types of costs incurred by a business fixed, variable, total, cost-plus, value-based, competition-based, marginal cost, target etc Calculate the break-even point, ,the minimum quantity that needs to be sold to cover all costs	5	2,3
	Equilibrium, Welfare, and Social Choice	24	
4.1	Partial and General Equilibrium Analysis- Walrasian General Equilibrium System- Existence, Uniqueness and Stability of an Equilibrium-2x2x2	5	1
4.2	Welfare Theories: Pigou, Pareto, Kaldor-Hicks, Bergson-Samuelson, Arrow	4	5
	3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1	adopt a product because many others already have. Analyze the snob effect, where consumers avoid products that become too mainstream, seeking exclusivity. : Understand the Veblen effect, where consumers are willing to pay more for a product simply because it's expensive and signals high status. Pricing Theories and Game Theory in Economics 3.1 Full-Cost Pricing Theory: Andrews Version, Limitations, and Merits Rate of Return Pricing and its Evaluation 3.2 Various Pricing Strategies: Marginal Cost Pricing, Target Pricing, etc Marginal Productivity Theory and Product Exhaustion Problem 3.3 Macro Theories of Distribution: Ricardo, Marx, Kalecki, Kaldor 3.4 Introduction to Game Theory in Price Determination Practicum Identify and analyze the different types of costs incurred by a business fixed, variable, total, cost-plus, value-based, competition-based, marginal cost, target etc Calculate the break-even point, the minimum quantity that needs to be sold to cover all costs Equilibrium, Welfare, and Social Choice 4.1 Partial and General Equilibrium Analysis- Walrasian General Equilibrium System- Existence, Uniqueness and Stability of an Equilibrium-2x2x2 4.2 Welfare Theories: Pigou, Pareto, Kaldor-Hicks, Bergson-Samuelson,	adopt a product because many others already have. Analyze the snob effect, where consumers avoid products that become too mainstream, seeking exclusivity. : Understand the Veblen effect, where consumers are willing to pay more for a product simply because it's expensive and signals high status. Pricing Theories and Game Theory in Economics 18 3.1 Full-Cost Pricing Theory: Andrews Version, Limitations, and Merits Rate of Return Pricing and its Evaluation 3.2 Various Pricing Strategies: Marginal Cost Pricing, Target Pricing, etc Marginal Productivity Theory and Product Exhaustion Problem 3.3 Macro Theories of Distribution: Ricardo, Marx, Kalecki, Kaldor 4 Introduction to Game Theory in Price Determination 3 Practicum Identify and analyze the different types of costs incurred by a business fixed, variable, total, cost-plus, value-based, competition-based, marginal cost, target etc Calculate the break-even point, ,the minimum quantity that needs to be sold to cover all costs Equilibrium, Welfare, and Social Choice 4.1 Partial and General Equilibrium Analysis- Walrasian General Equilibrium-2x2x2 4.2 Welfare Theories: Pigou, Pareto, Kaldor-Hicks, Bergson-Samuelson, 4

	Teacher Specific Module		
	Improve research skills by exploring case studies and national happiness data.		
	Develop critical thinking skills by analyzing the limitations of economic explanations for happiness.		
Tracticum	implications for happiness research. Develop a short survey to measure happiness and related factors (e.g., income satisfaction, social support, work-life balance) among your peers or colleagues. Analyze the results to identify potential correlations.		3
Practicum	Gain a deeper understanding of the Easterlin Paradox and its	10	5
4.4	Contemporary Issues and Case Studies - Easterlin Paradox and Human Happiness Index	2	5
4.3	Arrow's Impossibility Theorem and Sen's Capability Theory-Rawls' Theory of Justice, Nussbaum's Central Capabilities,	3	5

Teaching and	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions
	Suggested Course Delivery Methods
	o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
	o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments
	o CD3 - Class Seminars
	o CD4 - Peer group Discussions

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End	Semester Exa	<mark>mination (ESE) 2 H</mark> our	s
Descriptive type	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Sh <mark>or</mark> t Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	70		

Reference

- 1. Varian, Hal R. Microeconomic Analysis. W. W. Norton & Company, 2014.
- 2. Mas-Colell, Andreu, Michael D. Whinston, and Jerry R. Green. Microeconomic Theory. Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 3. Jehle, Geoffrey A., and Philippe J. Reny. Advanced Microeconomic Theory. Routledge, 2011.
- 4. Kreps, David M. A Course in Microeconomic Theory, Princeton University Press, 1990.
- 5. Tirole, Jean. The Theory of Industrial Organization. The MIT Press, 1988.
- 6. Carlton, Dennis W., and Jeffrey M. Perloff. Modern Industrial Organization (4th ed.). Addison Wesley, 2004.
- 7. Mas-Colell, Andreu, Michael D. Whinston, and Jerry R. Green. Microeconomic Theory (1st ed.). Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 8. Pindyck, Robert S., and Daniel L. Rubinfeld. Microeconomics (8th ed.). Pearson Education, 2012.
- 9. Rubinstein, Ariel. A Course in Game Theory (1st ed.). The MIT Press, 2006.
- 10. Carlton, Dennis W. The Economics of Industrial Organization (1st ed.). Prentice-Hall, 1983.
- 11. Böhm-Bawerk, Eugen von. Capital and Interest (1st ed.). Ludwig von Mises Institute, 2016



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics			
Course Name	Macroeconomics - II			
Type of Course	DCC			
Course Code	SJC7DCCECO401			
Course Level	400-499			
Course Summary	The modern macroeconomics course enables students to acquire knowledge about different schools of economic thought after Keynes including different Keynesian groupings. This course emphatically captures the fundamental theoretical debates between Classical and Keynesian followers. Furthermore, it provides an opportunity for students to divulge upon the various debates surrounding policy interventions.			
Semester	7 Credits 4	Tota l Hour s		
Course Details	Learning Approach Lecture Tutorial Practicum Other s Practical			
	4AUTONOMOUS)	60		
Pre-requisites, if any				

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO	Expected Course Outcome	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:		

1	explain the major disagreements between different Keynesian Followers.	E	1, 10
2	analyse the relevance of Monetarism as an effort towards a revival of Classical Macroeconomics.	An	1, 10
3	evaluate the role of the government as per the modern schools in the classical tradition.	An	1 ,10
4	explain the theoretical contributions of the New Classical school and their strong critique on policy effectiveness.	E	1,10
5	evaluate the New Keynesian attempts towards a comeback of Keynesian Economics.	E	1,10
6	explain the practical difficulties suggested by New Keynesians with regard to wage/price flexibility as an equilibrating mechanism.	A	1, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

odule l	its	Course description	Hrs	СО
				No.
1		Keynesian Conflicts- Rigidity or Uncertainty	20	
	1.1	Hydraulic Keynesianism- IS-LM Model(with fiscal & monetary policy impacts) - Classical-Keynesian synthesis and eventual surrender to classics-The Pigou effect	6	1
	1.2	Disequilibrium Keynesianism or Neo Keynesianism- Uncertainty, information and coordination difficulties as the main theme of Keynes-Rejection of the Walrasian auctioneer-Dual decision hypothesis of Robert Clower- Lack of market coordination hypothesis by Axel Leijonhufvud	8	1
	1.3	Post Keynesian Economics- Essential Characteristics- Procedural rationality- Endogenity of Money-Fiscal and Monetary policy in PKE	6	1

2		Classical Revival	10	
	2.1	Monetarism- Quantity theory restatement and the monetarist transmission mechanism- Monetarist view on interest rate- Expectations augmented Phillips Curve analysis with policy implications-Monetarist view regarding interest rates- Rule over discretion	7	2, 3
	2.2	Supply side economics- Main propositions-Tax cut policy-Laffer curve analysis-Role of the government	3	3
3		Classical Assertion	15	
	3.1	New Classical Economics- The rational expectations hypothesis- Continuous market clearing- Policy ineffectiveness proposition by Robert Lucas	8	4
		[Activity: Study the consumption behavior of the neighborhood]		
	3.2	Real Business Cycle School- Real shocks instead of monetary shocks- Impulse and Propagation mechanisms-RBC Labour market model [Activity: Analyze the investment trends and patterns of any industry]	7	4
		Keynesian Resurrection	15	
4	4.1	New Keynesian Economics- REH does not mean end of Keynesian economics- Micro foundations wage and price rigidity- Nominal wage rigidity model- Nominal price rigidity model(menu cost model)	7	5, 6
	4.2	Real Rigidity models-Asymmetric Information-Implicit contract Model-Insider outsider model –Efficiency wage theories-Labour turnover, Fairness and Shirking models- Hysterisis effect	8	5,6
5		Teacher specific Module		

Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction), Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments o CD3 - Class Seminars					
	o CD4 - Peer group Discussion					
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.					
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks					
	Short Answer 30 words 10 out of 15 10 x 2 = 20					

References:

1. Snowdon, Brian and Vane, Howard, R (2005): *Modern Macroeconomics: Its Origins, Development and Current State*, Edward Elgar.

150 words

Total Marks

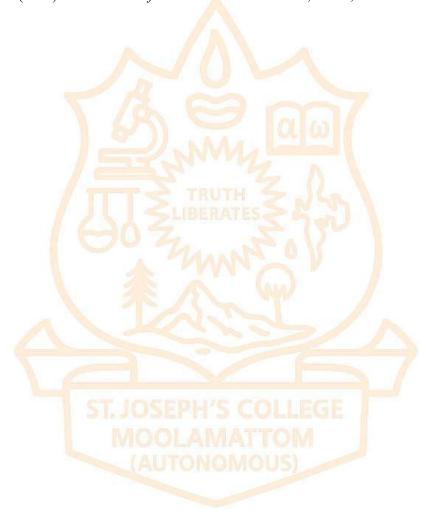
10 out of 15

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

70

Short Essay

- 2. Levacic, Rosalind and Rebmann, Alexander (1982): *Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Keynesian-Neo-Classical Controversies*, 2nd Ed, MacMillan
- 3. Chirichiello, Giuseppe (1994): *Macroeconomic Models and Controversies*, The Macmillan Press Ltd.
- 4. Agenor, Pierre-Richard and Montiel, Peter J. (2015): *Development Macroeconomics* 4th Ed, Princeton University Press, Princeton.
- 5. De Vroey, Michel (2016): A History of Macroeconomics from Keynes to Lucas and Beyond, CUP
- 6. Harcourt, G. C. (2006): *The Structure of Post-Keynesian Economics: the Core Contributions of the Pioneers*, CUP. (Module-III-B)
- 7. Heijdra, Ben J. (2017): Foundations of Modern Macroeconomics, 3rd Ed, OUP





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Mathematical E	conomics - I						
Type of Course	DCC		J(0)					
Course Code	SJC7DCCECO40)2	Š		7			
Course Level	300-399	185		OL W				
Course Summary	Economics. It air modelling appro	The course focuses on fundamental principles of calculus and its relevance to the field of Economics. It aims to equip students with the necessary skills to understand mathematical modelling approaches, which may be utilised to address a range of economic situations and problems in order to derive solutions.						
Semester	7	903	Credits	277	4	Total		
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach 60							
Pre- requisites, if any		ST. JOS MOC	EPH'S (COLLEGE TTOM				

CO	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
1	Understand the concepts of partial differentiation, total derivative, and differential and homogeneity of a function.	U	2

	Apply concepts of differential calculus in economics and utilize them	An	1
2	for rigorous analysis.		

3	Outline the rules of integration and use them to solve problems.	U	2
4	Apply integration techniques in economic analysis.	An	1

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units Course description			
1		Calculus of multivariable functions	15	
	1.1	Functions of several variables - partial derivatives, higher order partial derivatives - quasi convexity and quasi concavity.	3	1
	1.2	Optimization of multivariate functions, criteria, inflection and saddle points	3	1
	1.3	Constrained optimization with Lagrange multiplier	3	1
	1.4	Differentials: total and partial differentials	2	1
	1.5	Total derivatives - implicit and inverse function rules	2	1
	1.6	Homogeneous functions and non-homogeneous functions - Homothetic functions - Euler's theorem	2	1
2		Basic applications of multivariable calculus in Economics	18	
	2.1	Consumer behavior - Utility Function : - indifference curves - MRS - equi-marginal utility- Demand function- partial elasticities: - price, cross and income elasticities- commodity classification(normal, inferior, substitute and complementary, luxury and necessity)	5	2
	2.2	Producer behavior - Production Function – isoquants – MRTS - factor elasticities – elasticity of substitution - Returns to a factor - identifying stages of returns to a factor - Returns to scale and degree of homogeneity of homogeneity – problems, C D and CES production functions and their properties - Supply function	6	2
	2.3	Consumers equilibrium and producers' equilibrium – ordinal analysis – problems - equilibrium in a multi-plant firm - equilibrium derivation and problems - Market equilibrium	4	2

	2.4	Optimising multivariable functions in economics – cost function – revenue function and profit function, functions subject to constraints – Meaning and significance of Lagrange multiplier in economics	3	2			
3		Integral Calculus	15				
	3.1	Integration – meaning and significance for economics - indefinite integrals	2	3			
	3.2	Rules of integration – constant function – power rule - exponential function rule	2	3			
	3.3	Integration by substitution, integration by parts	4	3			
	3.4	Definite integrals – fundamental theorem of calculus – Properties of definite integrals	3	3			
	3.5	Area under a curve and between curves	2	3			
	3.6	Multiple integrals(concept only)	2	3			
4	Basic applications of integral calculus in Economics						
	4.1	Marginal functions to total function – utility, revenue, cost and investment functions	2	4			
	4.2	2 Investment flow and discounting					
	4.3	4.3 Present value of cash flow and perpetual flow					
	4.4 Consumer's surplus and Producer's surplus, total welfare - dead weight loss of taxation						
5		Teacher Specific Module					
	Classr solid f	coom Procedure (Mode of transaction) coom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide factual knowledge c-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster at engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group discussions					

MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours							
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$				
1	70						

Reference

- 1. Chiang, A. C., & Wainwright, K. (2013). Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics.
- 2. Dowling, E. (2000). *Schaum's Outline of Introduction to Mathematical Economics*, 3rd Edition. McGraw Hill Professional
- **3.** Anthony, M., Biggs, N., & Biggs, N. L. (1996). *Mathematics for Economics and Finance: Methods and Modelling*. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Simon, C. P. (2010). Mathematics For Economists.
- 5. Jacques, I. (2017). Mathematics for Economics and business.

Suggested Readings:

1. Holden, K., & Pearson, A. W. (1992). Introductory Mathematics for Economics and Business.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Time Series	Time Series Econometrics						
Type of Course	DCE		0/	-1				
Course Code	SJC7DCEEC	0400		αω	1			
Course Level	400-499		TRUTH	Z D.				
Course Summary	The course is							
Semester	7	乘	Credits	S.	4	Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others			
	51	M040L	AMAT	TOM		60		
Pre-requisites, if any	A computer lab is needed for delivering the practical in this course.							

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the various methods for analysing time series data.	U	1, 3
2	Apply the various methods for econometric analysis.	A	1, 2
3	Create models for univariate econometric analysis with	С	1,2,

	appropriate model settings.		10
4	Evaluate the various methods of stationarity tests.	Е	1, 2
5	Analyse the models and forecasting methods.	An	2, 10
6	Apply the different time series forecasting methods.	A	1, 2, 10
7	Evaluate the stochastic processes.	Е	1, 2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.				
1		Introduction to Time Series analysis & Time Series Decomposition						
	1.1	6	1, 2					
	1.2	Time Series Decomposition - Trend, Cyclical, Seasonal, Irregular Components	3	1, 2				
	1.3	3	2, 3					
	1.4	3	2, 3					
	Practic	eal: Time Series Decomposition.						
2		Stochastic Process and Stationarity						
	2.1 Stochastic Process—Ergodicity and Stationarity—White Noise Processes 2.2 Non-Stationarity and Random Walk Models—Deterministic and Stochastic Trends / Trend and Difference Stationary Processes		5	7, 1,				
			5	2, 3,				
	2.3	5	1, 2, 7					

	Seminar: Stochastic Process					
3		Stationarity Tests				
	3.1	Non-Stationary Time Series and the Problem of Spurious Regression—Solutions—Transforming the Non-Stationary Time Series.	5	1, 2,		
	3.2	Tests of Stationarity —Correlogram (ACF, PACF), and Unit Root Test— The Variance Ratio— Dicky-Fuller and Augmented Dicky-Fuller test -KPSS test- Non-parametric PP test— ADF- GLS Unit Root Test	5 (with practical)	1, 2, 3, 4		
	3.3	Structural Equation & Lucas Critique - Structural Change - Chow-test	5	4, 3,		
	Practical: Non-Stationarity Tests					
4		Time-Series Modelling and Forecasting				
	4.1	AR and MA Processes—ARMA and ARMAX—ARIMA and ARFIMA Modelling	5 (with practical)	2, 3, 5, 6		
	4.2	Volatility Measurement—ARCH and GARCH Models and Estimation—GARCH	5 (with practical)	2, 3, 5, 6		
	4.3	Time Series Forecasting—Single Equation and Simultaneous Equation Regression Modelling and the Lucas Critique.	5 (with practical)	2, 3, 5, 6		
	Practic	cal: ARMA, ARMAX, GARCH and Forecasting.				
5	Teacher Specific Module					

Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Teaching and Practical.
Assessmen t Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT I. Theory – 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks, B. End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks). A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

Components	
•	Marks
Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Industry Expert Interaction Report, Viva, Mini Project, Industry Visit	25
Report.	

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay 150 words		6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30		
	50				

- II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).
- A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)			
Components	Marks		
Lab based exercises, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Mini Project.	15		
Total Marks	15		

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks (1hour)

End Semester Examination (ESE)

Туре	Marks
Lab based test	35
Total Marks	35

References

- 1. Enders, W. (2014). Applied Econometric Time Series. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Greene, W. H. (2017). Econometric Analysis,. Pearson Education.
- 3. Pesaran, M. H. (2015). Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics. Oxford University Press
- 4. Wooldridge, J. M. (2015). Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, . Thomson, South Western.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Yaffee, R. A., & McGee, M. (2000). An Introduction to Time Series Analysis and Forecasting: With Applications of SAS and SPSS,. Academic Press.
- 2. Ashenfelter, O., Levine, P. B., & Zim, D. J. (2002). Statistics and Econometrics: Methods and ApplicationS. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Baltagi, B. H. (2013). Econometric Analysis of Panel Data. Springer.
- 4. Bhaumik, S. K. (2015). Principles of Econometrics: A Modern Approach Using EViews. Oxford University Press.
- 5. Brockwell, P. J., & Davis, R. A. (2002). Introduction to Time Series and Forecasting. Springer.
- 6. Brooks, C. (2019). Introductory Econometrics for Finance. Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Chatfield, C. (2003). The Analysis of Time Series: An Introduction. Chapman and Hall.
- 8. Gujarati, D., Porter, D. C., & Pal, M. (2020). Basic Econometrics. McGraw Hill.
- 9. Hamilton, J. D. (1994). Time Series Analysis. Princeton University Press.
- 10. Heiss, F. (2020). Using R for Introductory Econometrics, . Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 11. Hsiao, C. (2014). Analysis of Panel Data. Cambridge University Press.
- 12. KirchgassneR, G., Wolters, J., & Hassler, U. (2013). Introduction to Modern Time Series Analysis. Springer.
- 13. Maddala, G. S. (2010). Unit roots, Cointegration, and Structural Change. Cambridge University
- 14. Makridakis, S., Wheelwright, S. C., & Rob, J. H. (1998). Forecasting: Methods and Applications. John Wiley & Sons.
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	T					
Programme	BA (Hons)	BA (Hons) Economics				
Course Name	Insurance,	Insurance, Banking and Financial Services				
Type of Course	DCE	OCE				
Course Code	SJC7DCEE	CO4 <mark>01</mark>	I/Λ		\ \	
Course Level	400-499	15	4 U			
Course Summary	theory, indu world chall understandin	This course is designed to equip learners with a strong foundation in financial theory, industry practices and regulatory frameworks and prepare them for real world challenges within the financial industry. Emphasis will be placed on understanding the interrelationships between banking, insurance and financial markets and their roles in the broader economy				
Semester	7	M3	Credits	THES & A	3 4	Total Hours
Course Details		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	
	Learning Approach	4		ST.		60
Pre-requisites, if any	S	T. JOS	EPH'S	COLL	EGE	

CO	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning	PO
No.		Domains *	No
1	understanding the concepts of insurance and the pivotal role of financial institutions in driving economic activities and fostering growth.	U	3

2	Learning about different types of banking and financial institutions and	K	10
	their functions		

3	Examine the regulatory framework governing insurance, banking and other financial products and services	An	6		
4	Apply theoretical knowledge to analyse and solve real world scenarios in insurance, banking and financial services	A	2		
*Rem	*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest				

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	1	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1			Introduction to Insurance	15	
		1.1	Introduction to Insurance, Definition and purpose of insurance, Types of Insurance (Life, Health, Property etc.),	4	1
		1.2	Principles of risk management, Types of risks and their classification	4	4
		1.3	Impact of banking and insurance sectors on economic growth	2	2
-		1.4	Role of Insurance in economic development	2	1
<u>-</u>		1.5	Actuarial concepts and Insurance Pricing	3	3
	1. I	ecting indi	about the importance of insurance in managing risks and viduals and businesses		
			and analysis of the policy terms and conditions, including s, deductibles, exclusions and claim procedures		
			y provisions that illustrate insurance concepts such as urable interest and subrogation		
2			Insurance Principles and Practices	15	
	2.1	Basic P	rinciples of Insurance	3	1
	2.2		ce Underwriting and Claims Process, Regulatory	4	1,3

	2.3	Reinsurance and alternative risk transfer mechanisms, Insurance market dynamics and trends in Economic Developments.	4	1
	2.4	Insurance Regulation And Development Authority (IRDA)- Role And Functions Of Insurance Companies –Bancassurance- Assurbanking.	4	3
	Subsid	diary works		
	1. Dis servic	scuss and identify emerging trends impacting insurance products and less		
3		Banking Operations	15	
	3.1	Evolution of Banking Systems	1	1
	3.2	Types of Banks and Financial Institutions	1	2
	3.3	Structure of the Banking Industry (Central Bank, Commercial Banks etc.)	3	2
	3.4	Functions of Banks	2	2
	3.5	Banking Products and Services	2	1,4
	3.6	Technology and Innovation in Banking(core banking, Internet Banking, fintech and digital disruption, cyber security and fraud prevention)	4	4
	3.7	Contemporary Issues in Banking(Financial inclusion and Social Banking, sustainable Banking Practices)	2	4
	1. Disc	diary works cuss the transformative role of technology and innovation in shaping rn banking services		
		cuss contemporary issues impacting the banking industry including cial inclusion and social responsibility		
4		Financial Services	15	
	4.1	Introduction to Financial Services	1	1
	4.2	Financial Products and services	3	3

	4.3	Financial markets and instruments	3	2
	4.4	Financial Regulation, Role of Regulatory Bodies, Regulatory framework for consumer protection	4	3
	4.5	Technology and Innovation in financial services	4	4
	Subsi	idiary works		
	1. C	Compare and contrast financial products through discussions		
	2. Г	Discussion on how technology is reshaping the financial services		
	3. P	resent a case study involving a new fintech product or service		
5		Teacher Specific Module		
		T // (2) = 27		

Teaching and	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge
	Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods OCD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Class Seminars CD4 - Peer group discussions
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks
	Components of CCA
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
	Assignments, Case study Report,
	Seminar/Viva
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours		
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	Total Mar	ks	70

Reference

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- 2. Gupta, N. K., Financial Markets, Institutions and Services, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Khan, M.Y., Financial Services Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi.
- 4. Siddaiah, T., Financial Services Pearson Education New Delhi.
- 5. Shekhar, K.C, Banking Theory and Practice, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
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- 7. Sundharam, Varshney, Banking Theory Law & Delhi. Practice, Sulthan Chand & Delhi.
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- 9. Saxena, G.S., Legal Aspects of Banking Operations, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
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- 12. Gupta, P.K., Insurance and Risk Management, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 13. Mishra, M.N., Principles and Practices of Insurance, S. Chand and Sons, New Delhi



Programme	BA (Hons) E	conomics				
Course Name	Quantitative	Economics -	m			
Type of Course	DCE	_ /	A/			
Course Code	SJC7DCEEC	O402				
Course Level	400-499	BL E	91	207		
Course Summary	used in econo	omic analysis	s. This cours	s with the fundance also aims at age economic data	empowering	
Semester	7	LIBE	Credits	NWN	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	
	Approach	4	12	2/		60

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the fundamental concepts essential for optimisation in economic analysis	U	2
2	apply optimisation techniques in economic analysis the presence of inequality constraints	A	2

3	formulate problems in economics into LP problems	С	1, 2
4	understand the concepts of probability distribution, sampling distribution and the steps involved in statistical inference.	U	2
5	apply inferential statistics for decision making in economics.	A	1

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Optimisation in Economics	20	
	1.1	Partial derivatives – higher order derivatives – Gradient Vector - Jacobian – Hessian – Discriminant	5	1
	1.2	Applications of partial differentiation in economics - National Income model: multipliers (investment, government expenditure, tax) - partial elasticities of demand.	5	1, 2
	1.3	Multivariable optimization - Constrained optimisation and the Bordered Hessian – Lagrange multiplier	5	2
	1.4	Optimisation problems associated with utility functions, cost functions, production function (Cobb-Douglas, CES, VES)	5	2
		nt: Illustrate optimization problems geometrically and lly using the profit maximisation problem		
2		Linear Programming	10	
	2.1	Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints - KuhnTucker formulation	5	3

	2.2	Formulation of LPP - primal and dual - solution using graphical and simplex methods	5	3
		nt: Illustrate formulation of LPP taking one example each from e, production, marketing, transportation and finance (may use		
3		Probability theory and Sampling distribution	13	
	3.1	Random variables: Discrete and Continuous - Bivariate random variables – Joint PDF, Marginal PDF and Conditional PDF	3	3
	3.2	Probability distributions - Log-normal distribution - pdf, relation between normal and log-normal distribution.	3	3
	3.3	Sampling distribution – Standard Error - tables of Chisquare, t, and F distributions. Examples of statistics following these distributions	5	3,4
	3.4	Law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem(Statement and concepts only)	2	3
	_	nt: Illustrate the meaning and concept of the tables of the distributions - Z, t, F, Chi-Square etc.		
4	Sta	ntistical Inference – Estimation and hypothesis testing	17	
	4.1	Estimation; concept - point and interval estimation - properties of good estimators	2	3,4
	4.2	Maximum Likelihood and Method of Moments estimators (concept only-no derivations required)	2	3,4
	4.3	Interval estimation - Confidence Interval - population mean of normal distribution when population variance is known and unknown	3	3,4

	4.4	Hypothesis testing - Hypothesis - Rejection and acceptance region - Type I and Type II errors, Significance level and power of a test, the p-value of a test	3	3
	4.5	Large sample tests of population mean - one sample and two samples - proportion of a population - one sample and two samples	3	3,4
	4.6	Small sample tests of mean and variance of normal population - one sample and two samples - paired sample and independent sample tests - ratio of variances of two normal populations	4	3,4
	interval es Assignmen	nt 1. Illustration using a data set the process of point and stimations nt 2. Use two datasets from economics to explain the large d small sets		
5		Teacher Specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom factual known Active-integengagement Suggested	n Procedure (Mode of transaction) Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can prowledge eractive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: For through interactive class discussions Course Delivery Methods Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc, CD2 - Assignments, CD3 - Class Seminars, CD4 - Peer group discussions	ster stud	
Assessment Types	A. Contin	MODE OF ASSESSMENT nuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks		
v 1				
• •		Components of CCA		
		Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,		
		•		
		Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,		

En	d Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$

Reference

- 1. Chiang, A. C., & Wainwright, K. (2013). Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics.
- 2. Dowling, E. (2000). *Schaum's Outline of Introduction to Mathematical Economics*, 3rd Edition. McGraw Hill Professional
- 3. Sydsaeter, Knut, et al. (2016) Essential Mathematics for Economic Analysis. Pearson Higher Ed
- 4. Anthony, M., Biggs, N., & Biggs, N. L. (1996). *Mathematics for Economics and Finance: Methods and Modelling*. Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Simon, C. P. (2010). Mathematics For Economists.
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- 7. Mendenhall, W., Beaver, B. M., & Beaver, R. J. (2019). Introduction to probability and statistics.
- 8. McClave, J. T., Benson, P. G., & Sincich, T. (2018). Statistics for Business and Economics, Global Edition.
- 9. Sharma, J. K. (2016) Operations Research: Theory and Applications.

.Suggested Readings:

1. Holden, K., & Pearson, A. W. (1992). Introductory Mathematics for Economics and Business.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Public Econo	Public Economics - II					
Type of Course	DCE		M				
Course Code	SJC7DCEEC	O403	RATES	120			
Course Level	400-499	老公	STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P				
Course Summary	equity. It dely Indian Public including tax economic dev	This course explores government intervention's impact on economic efficiency and equity. It delves into taxation, public goods, externalities, and welfare economics. Indian Public Finance focuses on the fiscal policies and challenges specific to India, including tax structures, subsidies, and government expenditure. Emphasizing economic development and social welfare, it analyses the Indian economy's fiscal aspects, considering federalism, public debt, and budgetary policies.					
Semester	7				Total Hours		
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	60	

		4			
Pre- requisites if any	Students shou	ıld have a basic economi	c Knowled	lge	

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

O No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning mains *	PO No
1	Develop the rationale for and role of Government intervention in Economic activities and how Government makes economic decisions.	U,A,K	1
2	Understand the complexities of public goods provision in Public Economics, and to learn their significance within different economic structures.	U,E	2
3	Analyse the diverse fiscal policies employed in India, and to learn their impact on economic growth and social welfare.	An,A ,Ap	1
4	Create innovative strategies for optimizing government spending in Indian Public Finance, to propose budgetary frameworks conducive to sustainable development.	С,Ар	6
5	Synthesize the relationship between externalities and policy interventions in the Indian economic landscape and state and union budget trends.	S,R	10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Economic Analysis of Public Goods and externalities	15	
	1.1	Public goods: Pure and Impure Public Goods.	1	1
	1.2	Market failure and Externalities- Types of Externalities, Coase Theorem and Property Rights, Free-Rider Problem	3	1,2
	1.3	Changing role of government in modern society.	3	1,3,4
	1.4	Global public goods TRUTH LIBERATES	2	1
	1.5	Optimal provision of public goods- Voluntary Exchange Models - Samuelson's contribution. Lindahl's approach.	3	2,5
	1.6	The Theory of Clubs and Local Public Goods- Tiebout Model.	3	1,2
2		Economic Decision Making of the Government	15	
	2.1	Voting and Public Choice - Reasons for Public Choice- Public Choice under Direct Democracy unanimity rule- Wicksell approach	4	1,2,3
	2.2	Majority Rule- Buchanan and Tullok model - Bowen Black model	1	3

	2.3	Normative social choice theory- Arrow's theorem- Majority Voting-The Median Voter Model- Representative Democracy -Downs Model on Demand and Supply of Government Policy- Niskanen Model of Bureaucratic Behaviour.	4	3
	2.4	Positive Social Choice Theory: The Leviathan Hypothesis- Theory of Rent Seeking - Property Rights Dimension, Rent Seeking and X- Efficiency	4	4
	2.5	Lobbying and Interest Groups.	2	5
3		Fiscal Administration and Management	15	
	3.1	Incidence of Taxation- Optimal theory of Taxation -Dead Weight Loss -Equity Vs Efficiency	3	1
	3.2	Impact and Incidence of Taxation	2	1
	3.3	Theories of Public Expenditure: Adolf Wagner-Wiseman- Peacock - Colin Clark- Bowen Model, Lindahl Model, Pigou Model and Samuelson Model	5	2
	3.4	Theories of Public debt: Classical -Keynesian – Modern	2	2
	3.5	Burden of Public Debt - Intergenerational Equity theory - Buchanan Thesis	1	3,4
	3.6	Deficit concepts-Problem of fiscal deficit-Corrective measures- FRBM Act	1	5

	3.7	Budgetary Policy- An evaluation of current budget in India	1	5
4		Fiscal Federalism: Theory and Practice	15	
	4.1	Theory of Fiscal Federalism: The Decentralization Theorem.	4	3
	4.2	Issues of fiscal federalism in India	4	3
	4.3	Finance commission and it's role	4	1
	4.4	State finance Commission and Panchayat Raj institutions	3	5
	5	Techer specific module		

Teaching and Learning Approach

Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge, Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions

Suggested Course Delivery Methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc.
- o CD2 Tutorials/Assignments
- o CD3 Class Seminars
- o CD4 Peer group Discussions

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	1 <mark>0</mark> x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$			
1	Total Mar	ks	70			

References

- 1. Rosen and Gayer (2014) Public finance, 10th Ed,MC Graw-Hill, Newyork.
- 2. Public Economics Principles and Practice- Peter Abelson: online Edition 2018. www. applied economics.com.au.
- 3. Economics of the Public sector, Joseph E. Stiglitz, Jay K Rosengard 4th Ed.W.W Norton & Company, INC, Newyork.
- 4. Public finance and public choice, John Cullis and Phillip Cullis (2009) OUP, Oxford
- 5. Public Finance in theory and practice 5th Ed., Musgrave and Musgrave.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Public Economics in India Janak Raj Gupta
- 2. Indian fiscal federalism, Y.V Reddy and GR Reddy, OUP, 2019.
- 3. Public finance -BP Tyagi, HP Singh,
- 4. Studies inindian Public Finance M. govind Rao, OUP,2022. Public finance principles and practice JVM Sarma, OUP,2018



Programme	BA (Hons) I	Economics				
Course Name	Resource Ed	conomics and Env	<mark>ironment</mark> al	Accounting		
Type of Course	DCE	_ /	AL	_		
Course Code	SJC7DCEEC	CO404			-	
Course Level	400 - 4 <mark>99</mark>	/& E	3	2017		
Course Summary	designed to a Bloom's Tax management overview of evolving lar examination preservation traditional na sheds light on ature. The economics, sustainable depletion. Taknowledge a	impart higher-level onomy, explores the and environment the utilization and descape. Subseque of the sustainable. The fourth unit unit on the pivotal role curriculum often the valuation of development, and the goal is to equipation of the goal is t	el procedural he intersectival sustainable inventor ently, the polity conception and great from and great from and great from a ddresses ecosystem in the econopistudents visto unders	I knowledge a on of economicality. The inity of resources focus shifts to the in relation comparative a sen accounting topics such a services, pomic implicativith the trand, evaluate	al Accounting" is ligned with revised cs, natural resource ial unit provides an s, delving into the towards a critical to environmental nalysis between the The final unit (V) oring their dynamic as environmental olicy analysis for tions of resource s, and contribute to e management.	
Semester	7	MOOLAI (AUTO)	MATT(DIM S)	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	
		4				60

Pre-requisites, if any

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	comprehend the categorization of resources, principles of sustainable development, concepts of green accounting, and the components of a green economy.	U	1,3,6
2	assess and contrast resource categories, including conservation and extraction; traditional National Income (NI) accounts versus green accounts; and the conventional economy versus the ecological economy.	C, S	1,4,6
3	critically examine the key issues such as the tragedy of the commons, sustainable yield, the political economy of green accounts, growth constraints, and the challenges associated with human development.	E, An, S	4,5,6,10
4	synthesises the diverging aspects of private good and common property resources, economic development and sustainable development, the system of national accounts and environmental accounts, education and health in human resource development.	E, An, AP	2,3,5,6
5	internalize the concepts of resource use, environmental policy, green accounting techniques, future of global economy, and the strength of human resource development.	Ap, I, S	2,6,8

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Fundamentals of Resource Economics		
	1.1	Definitions and Scope of Resource Economics - Major economic resources -classification of resources	5	1, 2, 3

		-		
	1.2	Protecting renewable and non-renewable resources - Common property resources and 'the tragedy of commons' - Case of fishery Resources	4	2,3,4
	1.3	The trend in resource use -Managing resource exhaustibility	4	2, 4
2		Sustainable Development and Human Resources	20	
	2.1	Principle of maximum sustainable yield –Hotelling rule - Limits to growth –	4	1, 4
	2.2	Man is a vital resource for Development-process of human resource formation	2	1,3,5
	2.3	Human Development and Environment - population projections and resource constraints.	3	1,2,5
	2.4	Sustainable Development – evolution and definitions of the concept.	3	1,3,4,5
	2.5	Inter-generational and intra-generational equity – the outcome versus input for output approach- Weak and Strong sustainability rules - Daly's operational Principles and Maintaining system resilience	5	1,4
	2.6	Economic indicators of sustainability- Green NNP and Genuine Savings	3	1, 5
3	F	Environmental Accounting for Sustainable Development	15	
	3.1	Environmental Accounting – SEEA-objectives - supply and use accounts, asset accounts.	3	1,4, 5
	3.2	Environmental protection expenditures and modification of the System of National Accounts.	4	4,5
	3.3	Development of green Accounts-Satellite based environmental accounting -Matrix approach – Difficulties of accounting nature and environment	4	3, 5
	3.4	Environment and Natural Resource Accounting in India (ENRA) background, physical and economic accounts	4	3,4,5

4	Designing a Green Economy					
	4.1	The shape of the eco-economy, restructuring the economy, new industries and new jobs,	4	1,2,3		
	4.2	investment opportunity - building the solar/ hydrogen economy. Energy efficiency, alternate forms of energy, harnessing the wind, sunlight wave, geo thermal, natural gas and hydrogen economy.				
	4.3 Designing a new materials economy -feeding everyone well - protecting forest products and services. Redesigning cities for people					
Practicum		rkshop for green accounting or Internship (one Week) – book/internship report submission is mandatory)		1,2,4,5		
	2: Interactions with Green Auditors or One-week Internship (Workbook/internship report is mandatory)					
5		Teacher specific Module				
Teaching and Learning Approach	Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) CD1- Classroom Lectures: Traditional lectures can provide a solid foundation of theoretical knowledge on resource economics and sustainable development. Use multimedia presentations, case studies, and real-world examples to illustrate concepts and theories. CD2 - Interactive Discussions: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions. Encourage students to express their thoughts on key topics and share their perspectives on sustainable resource management. Facilitate debates on current issues related to resource economics and sustainable development.					
	CD3 - Case Studies: Introduce real-life case studies that highlight successful and unsuccessful examples of resource management and sustainable development. Analyze case studies collaboratively, encouraging students to apply theoretical concepts to practical situations. CD4 - Field Trips and Guest Speakers: Arrange field trips to relevant sites, such as sustainable development projects, resource management organizations, or					
	eco-friendly businesses. Invite guest speakers from the industry, academia, or government agencies to share their experiences and insights with the students.					

CD5 - Project-Based Learning: Assign projects that require students to research and develop solutions for real-world challenges in resource economics and sustainable development. Encourage collaborative projects that integrate knowledge from various disciplines and promote critical thinking.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

SLIBERATES S. S.					
End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descr <mark>i</mark> ptive type	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
ST. J	70				

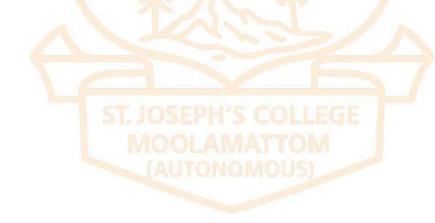
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- 2. World Resources Institute. *Annual reports*.
- 3. Sankar, U. Environmental Economics, New Delhi, OUP, 2009.
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- 9. Bhattacharya, Rabindra N. Environmental Economics: An Indian Perspective. OUP, 2007. New Delhi. Chapter 2.
- 10. Sanker, Uluganathan. Environmental Economics. OUP, 2009. New Delhi. Chapters 4, 5, 10, and 11.
- 11. Hanley, Nick, et al. Environmental Economics in Theory and Practice. Palgrave Macmillan, 2009. New York. Chapter 2.
- 12. World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED). Our Common Future. OUP, 1987. Delhi.
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- 16. Brown, Peter G., and Geoffrey Garver. Right Relationship: Building a Whole Earth Economy. Berrett-Koehler Publishers, 2009. San Francisco.
- 17. Korten, David C. Getting to the 21st Century. Oxford and IBH, 1992. New Delhi.

Suggested Readings

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- 2. Sankar, U. Environmental Economics, New Delhi, OUP, 2009.
- 3. Bhattacharya, Rabindra N. Environmental Economics: An Indian Perspective. OUP, 2007. New Delhi.
- 4. Brown, Lester R. Eco-Economy. Orient Longman, 2003. Hyderabad.
- 5. Brown, Peter G., and Geoffrey Garver. Right Relationship: Building a Whole Earth Economy. Berrett-Koehler Publishers, 2009. San Francisco.
- 6. Korten, David C. Getting to the 21st Century. Oxford and IBH, 1992. New Delhi.
- 7. Hanley, Nick, et al. Environmental Economics in Theory and Practice. Palgrave Macmillan, 2009. New York.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics						
Course Name	Research Methodology for Economics						
Type of Course	DCE						
Course Code	SJC7DCEECO405						
Course Level	400-499						
Course Summary	This advanced course is meticulously crafted to equip students with a profound understanding of research methodology within the expansive realm of social science, with a specific focus on the field of economics. The curriculum is strategically designed to delve into diverse research methods, tools, and techniques, offering students a robust foundation for conducting rigorous and impactful research.						
Semester	7	TT S	Credits	S. S.	4	Total	
Course	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practicum	Others	Hours	
Details	Approach	4	1	(M)		60	
Pre- requisites, if any	4	*		2/	4	1	

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, students will be able to;	Le <mark>a</mark> rning Domains *	PO No
1	Present fundamental concepts and principles of research methodology in social sciences.	K, U	1,3,6
2	Demonstrate research methodologies through hands-on exercises and projects.	A, C, S	1,4,6
3	Critically evaluate the strengths, and limitations associated with different research approaches.	E, An, S	4,5,6,10
4	Develop the skills necessary to design, conduct, and analyze research in a rigorous manner	E, An, AP	2,3,5,6
5	apply statistical skills in the analysis and interpretation of research data	S, I, Ap	4,5,6,8,9,10

6	Apply acquired knowledge to address real-world economic issues through a culminating research project.	Ap, I, S	2,6,8

*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Module	Units Course description		Hrs	CO No.
1	Introduction to Research Methodology and Design			
	1.1	Definition and Nature of Research, Understanding the research process, Types of research: Exploratory, Descriptive, Analytical	2	1, 2, 3
	1.2	Research Problem Formulation, Identifying and defining research problems, Formulating research questions and objectives		1, 2,3
	1.3	Basics of Research Design, Experimental, Descriptive, and Exploratory designs, Cross-sectional vs. Longitudinal designs	2	2, 3, 4
	1.4	Sampling Techniques, Probability and non-probability sampling Random sampling, stratified sampling, purposive sampling	3	1,3,4
2		Methods of Data Collection		
	2.1	Primary Data Collection, Surveys, Interviews, Observations Questionnaire design and administration	5	1, 4
	2.2	2.2 Secondary Data Collection, Utilizing existing data sources Data archives and repositories		1,3,6
	Quantitative Data Analysis, Descriptive and inferential statistics – (Overview only), Introduction to Statistical packages (e.g. EViews, SPSS)			1,2,6
3		Data Analysis and Interpretation	18	
	3.1	Testing of Hypothesis (Parametric or Standard Tests of Hypothesis) – Chi-square Test – Analysis of Variance and Covariance	6	4,5,6
	3.2	Testing of Hypothesis (nonparametric or Distribution-free tests) – Multivariate analysis techniques	6	4,5,6
	3.3	Qualitative Data Analysis, Content analysis, thematic analysis Coding and interpretation	6	1,3,4,6
4	Writing and Presenting Research Findings			

	4.1	Research Report Writing, Structure and components, Citation styles (APA, MLA) and online tools.	6	1,4,5,6
	4.2	Effective Presentation Skills, Preparing and delivering research presentations	6	4,5,6
	4.3	Ethical Principles in Research, Informed consent, confidentiality, and privacy, Handling sensitive issues and vulnerable populations	6	3,5,6
5		Teacher Specific Module		

Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)

CD1 Traditional Classroom Lectures: In-person lectures facilitated by an experienced instructor. This method is suitable for delivering foundational content (Module 1) where concepts need to be explained, and students can engage in discussions. It's also effective for addressing ethical principles (Module 4) through real-time discussions and case studies.

CD2. Interactive Workshops: Conduct interactive workshops combining lectures with hands-on activities, group discussions, and case studies. This method is ideal for engaging students in problem-solving activities related to research problem formulation (Unit 1.2) and developing practical skills in data collection methods (Unit 2.1).

Teaching and Learning Approach

CD3. Online Modules and Tutorials: Identify or suggest online platforms to transact content asynchronously, including video lectures, tutorials, and quizzes. Online platforms are effective for covering theoretical aspects of research methodology and design (Module 1) and providing tutorials on statistical tools (Unit 2.3) and data analysis methods (Unit 2.4). It allows students to learn at their own pace.

CD4. Research Project-Based Learning: Incorporate a research project into the course, where students apply the concepts learned in Modules 1 and 2 to a real-world problem. This method is highly effective for reinforcing learning outcomes related to research problem formulation, data collection, and analysis. It encourages practical application and critical thinking.

CD5. Experts Sessions: Invite guest speakers who are experts in research methodology and practitioners in the field. Experts enhance the understanding of practical aspects of research design (Unit 1.3) and data collection methods (Unit 2.1). Industry practitioners can share insights on ethical considerations and effective presentation skills (Module 4).

These delivery methods can be combined or adapted based on the specific needs and preferences of the students and the course instructor.

MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

Assessment Types

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours								
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks					
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20					
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$					
Total Marks 70								

References:

- 1. Kothari, C. R. (2008). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International.
- 2. Trivedi, P. (2016). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. SAGE Publications.
- 3. Yadav, R. (2016). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Pearson.
- 4. Kumar, R. (2019). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Researchers. SAGE Publications.
- 5. Sekaran, U., & Bougie, R. (2016). Research Methods for Business: A Skill-Building Approach. Wiley.
- 6. Agarwal, P. (2010). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. APH Publishing Corporation.
- 7. Bryman, A. (2016). Social Research Methods. Oxford University Press.
- 8. Corbin, J., & Strauss, A. (2014). Basics of Qualitative Research: Techniques and Procedures for Developing Grounded Theory. SAGE Publications
- 9. Creswell, J. W. (2014). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. SAGE Publications.
- 10. Panneerselvam, R. (2014). Research Methodology. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 11. De Vaus, D. (2001). Research Design in Social Research. SAGE Publications.
- 12. Naresh, J. (2009). Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Techniques fo	Techniques for fieldwork and research						
Type of Course	DSE			_				
Course Code	SJC7DSEECO	400	سار					
Course Level	400-499	46	96					
Course Summary	methodologies Merging theory of planning, e design, data c considerations to experiments settings. Learn statistical tech	This dynamic course equips learners with the essential skills and methodologies to excel in fieldwork and research across diverse disciplines. Merging theory with hands-on experience, learners explore the fundamentals of planning, executing, and analyzing research projects. Master research design, data collection methods like surveys and interviews, and ethical considerations in research. Explore various methodologies, from observations to experiments, and gain practical experience applying them in real-world settings. Learn to organize and analyze data using software tools and statistical techniques, extracting meaningful insights from your research. Learners will be empowered to conduct independent research projects with						
Semester	7		Credits		4	Total		
Course Details	Learning Lecture Tutorial Practical Others Approach Practicum							
	M	AUTON	VIATTO OMOUS	[M		60		
Pre-requisites, if any	Basic knowled	Basic knowledge of spreadsheet						

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	explain the significance of primary data and its factual level implications in academic study.	U, A, An	6
2	review the meaning and characteristics of surveys and their application in academic studies	A, An	9
3	demonstrate the steps involved in conducting a survey, from planning to data analysis.	C	9
4	interpret the purposes of sampling and their applications in different sizes and characters of population.	E	3, 1
5	employ the basic approaches of scientific research for academic investigations.	С	1,4
6	make use of the tools for a comprehensive study proposal and be adept at data processing tasks and report writing.	C, S, Ap	1, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Foundations of Research	12	
	1.1	Research – Scientific method – Social science research - Limitations of social science research	2	1, 2
	1.2	Types and Methods of research – pure, applied, exploratory, descriptive, diagnostic, evaluation, action research, experimental research, analytical study, historical research, surveys, field study, case study	5	1,2

	Overview of steps in research: Planning (literature review, selection of the problem, operationalization of concepts, research design) – Operation (tools of data collection, pretesting and revision, collection of data, processing of data, analysis of data) - Reporting	5	2,3
2	Field Work and Sampling Techniques	15	
	Planning of Survey Study: Study design: meaning — importance — content of study proposal or plan: introduction — statement of the problem—review of previous studies — scope of the study — objectives — conceptual model—hypothesis-operational definition of concepts — significance — geographical area covered — reference period — methodology — sampling plan — tools for gathering data — plan of analysis — chapter scheme — time budget — financial budget (Procedural Level)	5	2,3
	2.2 Sampling Techniques: Population and sample, Census Enquiry and Sampling, Purposive and non-purposive Sampling, Sample Size	5	2,3
	Sampling Procedure: SRS (WR and WOR), Stratified, Systematic, Repeated Systematic, Cluster and Multi-Stage cluster, Quota Sampling and Sequential Sampling, Sample Weights and Choice of Sampling Design. (Procedural Level)	5	3,4
3	Data Collection, Processing and Presentation	15	
	Tools for Data Collection: Methods of Primary Data: Observation, Interview and Questionnaire/ Schedule; Structured vs. Unstructured and Participatory vs. Non- Participatory, The Pilot Survey, Reliability and Validity. (Procedural Level)	5	3,4
	3.2 Data Processing: Editing- Coding- Classification and Tabulation- construction of frequency table	3	3,4
	3.3 Statistical analysis of data – Central tendency, dispersion, association and relationship, hypothesis testing, tests of significance (overview only)	7	3,4
4	Field Survey and Data Analysis in Practice	18	

	4.1 Data Analysis: Descriptive Analysis – Inferential Analysis – computerized analysis and Presentation using a spreadsheet - Using Functions – Sum, Average, Max, Min, Count, Counta -Absolute, Mixed and Relative Referencing- Creating Simple Pivot Tables- Basic and Advanced Value Field Setting - Classic Pivot table - Choosing Field - Filtering PivotTables - Modifying PivotTable Data - Grouping based on numbers and Dates (Procedural Level) (Practical/hands-on Activity)	9	5,6
	 Data Processing: Editing- Coding- Classification and Tabulation- Graphical representation— Graphs/charts/ diagrams Report writing – types of reports, planning report writing, research report format, principles of writing, footnotes and bibliography. Activity: Conduct one field survey and submission of its Report. (internal evaluation only) 	9	5,6
5	Teacher Specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach	Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) CD1- Lecture-Based Instruction: Conduct traditional lectures to introduce and explain concepts. CD2 - Case Study Analysis: Understand real-world case studies to illustrate the application of exploratory, descriptive, diagnostic, evaluation, action research, experimental, analytical, historical, survey, and field study methods. CD3 - Group Discussions: Facilitate group discussions to explore and compare primary and secondary data, discussing the factual implications at different levels. CD4 - Interactive Workshops: Conduct interactive workshops for understanding surveys, emphasizing characteristics, steps, purposes, and subject matter, with a focus on social and economic surveys. CD5 - Scientific study Proposal Development: Engage students in practical exercises to develop study proposals, covering problem statements, objectives, hypotheses, conceptual models, and operational definitions. CD6 - Sampling Simulation: Simulate sampling techniques through		
	activities, discussing population and sample, census, purposive and non-purposive sampling, sample size, and various sampling		

procedures.

CD7 - Role-Play for Data Collection Methods: Use role-play scenarios for practicing observation, interview, and questionnaire/schedule methods, emphasizing structured vs. unstructured and participatory vs. non-participatory approaches.

CD8 - Computer Labs: Conduct hands-on labs for data processing, covering editing, coding, classification, tabulation, and the construction of frequency tables.

CD9 -Statistical Software Training: Provide training on statistical software for data analysis, including descriptive and inferential analysis, spreadsheet functions, and pivot table creation.

CD10 - Practical Report Writing: Assign practical report writing tasks to enhance understanding of the significance of report writing and the different steps involved.

CD11 -Peer Review Sessions: Organize peer review sessions for students to evaluate and provide feedback on each other's research proposals, survey designs, and reports.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA
Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours							
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20				

	Total Mark	.s	70
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$

References

- 1. Kothari, C. R. (2004). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International.
- 2. Krishnaswami, O. R., & Ranganathan, M. (2014). Methodology of Research in Social Sciences. Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Panneerselvam, R. (2014). Research Methodology. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Kumar, R. (2019). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications.
- 5. Aggarwal, Y. P. (2017). Research Methodology in Social Sciences. APH Publishing Corporation.
- 6. Chakraborty, S. K. (2013). *Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques*. SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Cohen, L., Manion, L., & Morrison, K. (2017). Research Methods in Education. Routledge.
- 2. Creswell, J. W. (2014). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. Sage Publications.
- 3. Babbie, E. R. (2016). The Practice of Social Research. Cengage Learning.
- 4. Kumar, R. (2014). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications.
- 5. Fraenkel, J. R., Wallen, N. E., & Hyun, H. H. (2019). *How to Design and Evaluate Research in Education*. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 6. Sekaran, U., & Bougie, R. (2016). Research Methods for Business: A Skill-Building Approach. Wilev.
- 7. Leedy, P. D., & Ormrod, J. E. (2014). *Practical Research: Planning and Design*. Pearson.
- 8. Neuman, W. L. (2014). Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches.
- 9. Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2017). Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. Sage Publications. 10. Robson, C. (2016). Real World Research. John Wiley & Sons.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics					
Course Name	Foundations of Economic Data Analysis						
Type of Course	DSE		_				
Course Code	SJC7DSEECO40	1					
Course Level	400-499		701				
Course Summary	This course is designed to provide students with fundamental data analysis skills in economics. Covering statistical methods and quantitative tools, it emphasizes hands-on applications such as data exploration, visualization, and interpretation. Students will learn to model economic trends, make predictions, and extract meaningful insights from datasets. The course equips them to contribute effectively to economic decision-making, market research, and policy formulation in an increasingly data-centric environment.						
Semester	7		Credits		4	Total	
Course	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Pr <mark>actica</mark> l / Practicum	Others	Hours	
Details	Approach	4	13/20			60	
Pre- requisites, if any	Attempting Economic Analytics -I is a prerequisite for this course. at least 50% of the classes should be engaged with the support of computer lab. A five day workshop is to be arranged for the teachers before launching the course.						

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand some fundamental programming tools that can be used for economic data analysis.	U	1, 2, 3
2	analyse economic data using the techniques learnt in this course	An	2, 3, 9. 10
3	evaluate the specific problem and apply relevant tools for the particular dataset	E	2, 3, 9. 10

4	create simple analytical models making use of Python	С	2, 3, 9. 10

*Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units Course description		Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to programming for economic analysis	15	
	1.1	Economics and Programming: Importance of programming in Economics- Introduction to Excel, SAS, SPSS, EViews, Gretl, Stata, R and Python Software.	5	1
	1.2	Introduction to Python: Setting Up the Python-installing Python- Uses of Integrated Development Environments- IDLE, Jupyter, PyCharm, Spyder, Visual Studio Code and Atom.	4	2
	1.3	Economic variables in Python Syntax: Variable types, lists, tuples, sets, dictionaries.	3	3
	1.4	Basic computation and Structuring Objects: lists, tuple, sets, strings and dictionary methods.	3	3
	1. Sett	ing up of the python environment.		
Practical:	2. Usi	ng Python for basic economic computation		
2		Python syntax and objects		
	2.1	Control Flow statements in Python: Conditional Statements-IF, ELIF and ELSE, Iteration statements-for and while, Break statements.	4	3
	2.2	Python functions in Economics: Importance, Inbuilt functions-user defined functions- function rules.	3	3, 4
	2.3	OOP in Python: Creating python objects-methods-building classes.	4	3, 4
	2.4	Introduction to Libraries: NumPy, Pandas, Scipy, Scikit leran, statsmodels-Methods for importing modules.	4	3, 4
Duo off1	1. Usin	g Control flow statements in economic scenarios.		
Practical:	2. Crea	ating Economic functions in python.		
3		Quantitative Economics in Python	15	
	3.1	Quantitative Economics using Python I: Linear Algebra-vectors-matrices-Linear equations-Eigen vectors ad Eigen value.	4	3

	3.2	Economic Data visualisation in Python: Introduction to visualisation libraries- matplotlib- Bar graph, Line graph, Scatter plot, pie chart.	3	4
	3.3	Quantitative Economics using Python II: Introduction to Probability-mean-variance- Data distributions-use of random module.	4	4
	3.4	Drawing Economic graphs using Python-Demand and Supply Curves-Costs Curves-other curves.	4	3, 4
Practical:	1.	Visualising Economic concepts using python		
4		Data Handling	15	
	4.1	Data and Python: Data extraction - Different Data file formats- CSV, Doc, text and PDF file extraction.	4	3, 4
	4.2	Data Handling in Python: Data cleaning approaches -qualitative and quantitative-Introduction to Database management systems.	3	3, 4
	4.3	Working with Pandas <i>DataFrame</i> : Exploring Data- count, binning, minimum, maximum, mean, variance and sd- Inclusion and Exclusion of Columns.	4	3, 4
	4.4	Modelling in Python- Libraries for Regression – Implementing Economic Models-Growth Models.	4	3, 4
Duo oti ous	1. Han			
Practicum	2. Reg	ression Analysis using Python.		
5		Teacher Specific Module		

	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide the basics of data analysis. Practical session should be conducted for familiarising the various data analytic techniques. Suggested Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments CD3 - Peer teaching CD4 - Lab sessions
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT I. Theory – 75 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks, B.

End Semester Exam (ESE): 50 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 25 marks.

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
Components	Marks			
Lab based exercises, Industry Visit Report, Class tests, Presentation/Seminar, Assignments, Mini Project, Open Book test.	25			
Total Marks	25			

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 50 marks; Time 1 hour and 30 minutes.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 1 Hour and 30 minutes						
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20			
Short Essay	150 words	6 out of 10	6 x 5 = 30			
	50					

II. Practical Examination: 50 marks (A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks, B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 35 marks).

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks.

Components	
	Marks
Industry Expert Interaction Report, Industry Project Collaboration Report, Prototyping of Data Analysis Project - interdisciplinary, Lab based exercises, Presentation/Seminar.	15
Total Marks	15

End S	Semester Examination (ESE)
Туре	Marks
Lab based test	35
Total Marks	35

Reference

- 1. Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with pandas, NumPy, and Jupyter, Third Edition (Grayscale Indian Edition), Wes McKinney, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2022.
- 2. Fluent Python: Clear, Concise, and Effective Programming, Second Edition (Grayscale Indian Edition) Paperback, Luciano Ramalho, Shroff/O'Reilly2022.
- 3. Learn Python Quickly: A Complete Beginner's Guide to Learning Python, Even If You're New to Programming, Code Quicky, 2020.
- 4. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data in Python 3, Charles Severance, Shroff Publishers
- 5. Data Analysis with Python: Introducing NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, and Essential Elements of Python Programming, Rituraj Dixit, 2022.
- 6. Python Data Analysis: Perform data collection, data processing, wrangling, visualization, and model building using Python, 3rd Edition, Avinash Navlani, Armando Fandango, et al., February 2021.
- 7. Data Analysis Using Python by Dr. Samitha Khaiyum, Prof. Rakshitha Kiran P, Good Writers Publishing, 2023.
- 8. Mastering Power BI, Chandraish Sinha, 2021.
- 9. Power Query for Power BI and Excel, Christopher Webb and Crossjoin Consulting Limited, Apress, 2014.
- 10. Power BI Data Modeling: Build Interactive Visualizations, Learn DAX, Power Query, and Develop BI Models, Nisal Mihiranga, 2022.
- 11. Microsoft Power BI Complete Reference: Bring your data to life with the powerful features of Microsoft Power BI, Devin Knight, Brian Knight, et al., Packt Publishing Limited, 2018.
- 12. Learning Microsoft Power BI: Transforming Data into Insights (Grayscale Indian Edition), Jeremey Arnold, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2022.

.Suggested Readings:

- 1. Practical Data Science with Jupyter, Prateek Gupta, 2021.
- 2. Power BI for Jobseekers: Learn how to create interactive dashboards and reports, and gain insights from the data, Alan Murray, 2023.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econon	nics				
Course Name	Contemporary Eco	onomic Polici	es			
Type of Course	DSE	B		1		
Course Code	SJC7DSEECO402	٤),	M	αω		
Course Level	400-499	#	TRUTH	Z.M.		
Course Summary	This course provide significance. Econo					
Semester	7		Credits	5/	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	
		4)()	AMATI	OM		60
Pre- requisites, if any		(AU)	ONONO	001		

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understanding the relevance of economic policy making in the context of diverse economic systems.	U	1, 2
2	Analysing the role of the state in promoting various sectoral development goals.	An	1, 2,
3	Evaluating the government policies with respect to different sectors in the dynamic and current context and analysing them with the global trends.	E	4, 5, 6
4	Analysing the global scenario in frontier economic policies including that in technology and digital sectors.	An	9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course Content	Hrs	CO No.
1		An overview of economic policies and their categorization	15	
	1.1	An introduction to economic policies: State as an economic agent and as the designer and implementor of economic policies and programmes-Role of the state in guiding economic activities and their relative importance in capitalist, mixed and centralized economies-Objectives of economic policies of the state: faster economic growth, economic stabilization structural change facilitation, managing external economic factors and social justice.	5	1

		-		
	1.2	Role of state in economic development and stabilization-Policies and programmes in the global context-China's economic governance and state intervention -Western approach to state intervention in the economy and recent policy interventions.	5	1
	1.3	Identification of the different economic policies usually designed by governments to realize various economic objectives: Industrial policy, commercial policy including IPRs, startup policy, and trade policy, agricultural policy, policy on foreign investment, PPP and the policy on infrastructure, financial sector policies, public sector policies and tax policies (only an overview from the Indian context is needed).	5	1, 2
2		Contemporary economic Policies -1	15	
	2.1	Two vital ingredients of state policies-Fiscal policy and monetary policy: their use, significance and recent trends.	5	2, 3
	2.2	Industrial policies and state supports by various governments: Make in India-measures to support make in India-Make in China 2025-Chip Acts and other supportive measures to promote the interest of local entities by the US and Europe-EV Policy and the Semiconductor policy of India.	5	2, 3
	2.3	Food Security policy in India: MSP, Procurement, Buffer stock, PDS, Open market sale and export/import. Food Security and Public Stock holding: India and WTO.	5	2, 3
3		Contemporary Economic Policies -2	15	
	3.1	International economic governance, cooperation and policies: the Washington Consensus-Bretton woods System-Multilateral Bodies and their current role.	4	1, 4
]			

3.2	Multinational Corporations-Global Value Chains (GVCs)-Decoupling-Deglobalization and the recent shift in GVCs-freindshoring.	4	1, 4
3.3	Trade partnership: Policy on FTAs -China ASEAN and RCEP-and India's higher FTA engagement with western countries-Policy to stop global black money and tax avoidance: the BEPS.	3	1,4
3.4	Promotion of an International Financial Centre in India: the GIFT IFSC-India's higher economic engagement with UAE and Singapore.	4	1, 4
4	Contemporary Economic Policies -3	15	
4.1	Tax policy: Taxes on corporate and taxes on individual: the messages of Laffer curve-tax concessions to corporates in recent years (tax competition)-DTAAs and the global action on tax havens.	5	1, 4
4.2	Renewable Energy Policy-Approach to climate change and net zero targets-EU's CBAM-Green Energy-Policy on energy mix and energy security and energy transition in India.	5	1, 4
4.3	Digital economy policies-Efforts to control the big tech-Promotion of digital enterprises and fin-techspolicy on digital public infrastructure-technology and tax compliance-technology and financial sector developments recent years.	5	1, 4
5	Teacher specific Module		

Teaching and	Suggested Classroon	n Procedure (M	ode of transaction)			
Learning Approach	CD 1- Lecture-Based	CD 1- Lecture-Based Instruction				
	CD 2 - Case Study A	analysis				
	CD 3 - Group Discus	ssions				
	CD 4 Assignments	S				
	CD 5 - Debates					
Assessment Types	A. Continuous Co		E OF ASSESSMENT Assessment (CCA) – 30	Marks		
		Con	mponents of CCA	P		
	Class	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,				
	Assign	Assignments, Case study Report,				
	Semina	Seminar/Viva TRUTH				
	Project	t/Practicum/Qui	z/Book Review/Fieldwor	·k etc.		
	B. End Semester Ex	xa <mark>m</mark> ination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	ours.		
		♣∧	(A)	/		
	End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s		
				- 100		
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
	Descriptive type Short Answer	Word Limit 30 words		Marks 10 x 2 = 20		
	ST.	OSEPH'	to be answered			

References

- 1. Allen, Robert C. "Global Economic History: A Very Short Introduction." Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2. Acemoglu, Daron, and Robinson, James A. "Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Power, Prosperity, and Poverty." Crown Publishers, 2012.
- 3. Dasgupta, Partha. "Economics: A Very Short Introduction." Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 4. Sharma, Ruchir. "The Rise and Fall of Nations: Forces of Change in the Post-Crisis World." W.W. Norton & Company, 2016.
- 5. Banerjee, Abhijit V., and Duflo, Esther. "Poor Economics: A Radical Rethinking of the Way to Fight Global Poverty." PublicAffairs, 2011.
- 6. Piketty, Thomas. "Capital in the Twenty-First Century." Harvard University Press, 2014.
- 7. Rajan, Raghuram. "The Third Pillar: How Markets and the State Leave the Community Behind." Penguin Press, 2019.
- 8. Reinhart, Carmen, and Rogoff, Kenneth. "This Time Is Different: Eight Centuries of Financial Folly." Princeton University Press, 2009.
- 9. Rodrik, Dani. "The Globalization Paradox: Democracy and the Future of the World Economy." W.W. Norton & Company, 2011.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Joshi, Vijay. "India's Long Road: The Search for Prosperity." Oxford University Press, 2016.
- 2. McMillan, John. "Reinventing the Bazaar: A Natural History of Markets." W.W. Norton & Company, 2002.





	<u>, </u>						
Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	onomics					
Course Name	Artificial Intel	Artificial Intelligence and the Economy					
Type of Course	DSE	1	\$ 6	9 007	7		
Course Code	SJC7DSEECO	403	SAW.	MZO			
Course Level	400-499	90	LIBER	TATES \$ 120			
Course Summary	economy, offer reshaping various studies, studies, studied dynamics, and and economic	ring students ous sectors. Ints will exa economic po challenges p	a compreher Through a blomine AI's in blicies. The cosed by rapic	re impact of artificial insive understanding of lend of theoretical foundations of the productivit arriculum also touches the technological advancer valuate AI's potential and	now AI technorations and pra y, employmenthe ethical connent, equippir	ologies are ctical case nt, market siderations	
Semester	7	M	Cr	redits 15)	4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practicum	Others		
		4				60	

Pre- requisites, if any	
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COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the role of AI in enhancing productivity in various sectors of the economy.	U	1, 3
2	Analyse the areas and sectors in which AI helps the various tasks to be completed.	A	4, 5
3	Understand the influence of AI in Economics and Finance.	U	9, 10
4	Evaluate the impact of AI on the labour market and the various macroeconomic effects it produces.	E	8, 9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course Content		CO No.
1		Introduction to AI	15	
	1.1	The role of technological progress in economic development-productivity expansion -Solow's residual and the concept of productivity.		1, 4

		·		
	1.2	Artificial intelligence as a technological revolution-Basics of Artificial Intelligence –Artificial intelligence: meaning, nature and evolution-Development of neural networks- Turing Test- Advent of machine learning-Significance of large language models and GPT.	5	3, 4
	1.3	AI basic concepts: Difference between AI, Machine learning and robotics-Difference between narrow AI, general AI and superintelligent AI.	5	3
2		Popular Applications of AI	15	
	2.1	Industrial sector applications of AI: Automation and robotics, automated decision making, predictive analytics, supply chain optimization and quality control systems.	5	2, 3
	2.2	AI applications in business: Customer Relationship Management (CRM), Marketing automation, Business intelligence and Analytics and Human Resource Management.	5	2, 4
	2.3	AI in other sectors: Education: Adaptive and personalized e- learning-Governance: AI in public administration-Infrastructure including transportation and smart cities-Health: AI based Diagnosis-Consumer segment: Personal assistants and smart home devices.	5	3, 4
3		Applications of AI in Economics and Finance	15	
	3.1	Applications of AI in economics: Predictive modelling, forecasting, behavioural economics, natural language processing to analyse economic data, news etc.	5	1, 2
	3.2	Use of AI in Sentiment Analysis/Behavioural Economics: Steps of sentiment analysis: Data collection, pre-processing, feature extraction, model training, sentiment classification and analysis and reporting.	5	1, 3
	3.3	Use of AI in finance: Algorithmic trading, fraud detection, credit scoring systems, financial advising and management.	5	3, 4

	4	Other economic issues related with AI	15	
4	4.1	AI labour market implications – Implications of AI on the job market-AI as a task fulfilment technology-AI as a labour replacement technology-AI and skill bias-AI based startups.	5	1, 2
4	4.2	AI regulation-GPAI-OECD and G20 initiatives- UNICRI Centre for AI and Robotics-ethical issues related with AI.	5	1, 3
	4.3	Economic implications of AI-AI and inequality-AI favours big tech companies-the Magnificent seven and their role in the development of AI-Big tech, AI and the power of network effects.	5	1,4
		Assignment: Leading AI applications developed by the big tech an effects.	d their 1	narket
5		Teacher specific Module		
Approach CD1- Lecture-Based Instruction: explain concepts. CD2 - Case Study Analysis: Unda application of exploratory, descrip experimental, analytical, historical, s CD3 - Group Discussions: Facilit primary and secondary data, discussion on social and economic surveys. CD4 - Interactive Workshops: Consurveys, emphasizing characteristics, on social and economic surveys. CD5 - Scientific study Proposal exercises to develop study proposal exercises to develop study proposal exercises, conceptual models, and consumption of the consumption of exploratory, description of exploratory, descrip		CD2 - Case Study Analysis: Understand real-world case studie application of exploratory, descriptive, diagnostic, evaluation, experimental, analytical, historical, survey, and field study methods CD3 - Group Discussions: Facilitate group discussions to experimental and secondary data, discussing the factual implications at a CD4 Interactive Workshops: Conduct interactive workshops surveys, emphasizing characteristics, steps, purposes, and subject methods.	es to ill actions. lore and different for und natter, when the dents in ments, who we have a considered as the constant of the	ustrate the research, d compare t levels. lerstanding with a focus n practical objectives, activities, sampling,

structured vs. unstructured and participatory vs. non-participatory approaches.

CD8 - Computer Labs: Conduct hands-on labs for data processing, covering editing, coding, classification, tabulation, and the construction of frequency tables.

CD9 -Statistical Software Training: Provide training on statistical software for data analysis, including descriptive and inferential analysis, spreadsheet functions, and pivot table creation.

CD10 - Practical Report Writing: Assign practical report writing tasks to enhance understanding of the significance of report writing and the different steps involved.

CD11 -Peer Review Sessions: Organize peer review sessions for students to evaluate and provide feedback on each other's research proposals, survey designs, and reports.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA

Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,

Assignments, Case study Report,

Seminar/Viva

Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

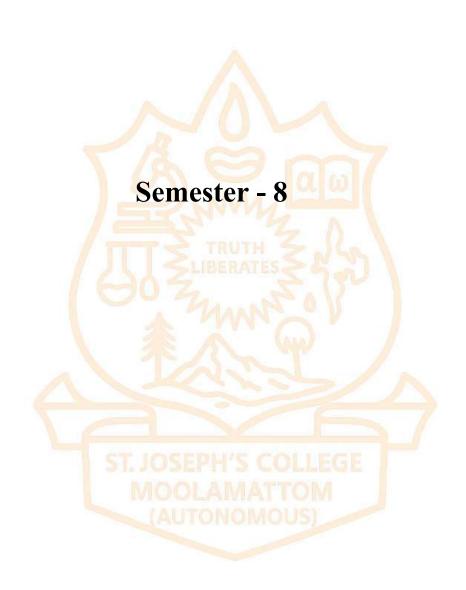
End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	ptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
	Total Marks				

References

- 1. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence: An Agenda, Ajay Agrawal, Joshua Gans, Avi Goldfarb, NEBER, 2019.
- 2. Mitchell, Melanie. Artificial Intelligence: A Guide for Thinking Humans. Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2019.
- 3. Agrawal, Ajay, Gans, Joshua, and Goldfarb, Avi. Prediction Machines: The Simple Economics of Artificial Intelligence. Harvard Business Review Press, 2018.
- 4. Bootle, Roger. The AI Economy: Work, Wealth and Welfare in the Robot Age. Nicholas Brealey Publishing, 2019.
- 5. O'Neil, Cathy. Weapons of Math Destruction: How Big Data Increases Inequality and Threatens Democracy. Crown, 2016.
- 6. Autor, David. "Why Are There Still So Many Jobs? The History and Future of Workplace Automation." Journal of Economic Perspectives, vol. 29, no. 3, Summer 2015, pp. 3-30.
- 7. Aghion, Philippe, Jones, Benjamin F., and Jones, Charles I. "Artificial Intelligence and Economic Growth." In The Economics of Artificial Intelligence: An Agenda, edited by Ajay Agrawal, Joshua Gans, and Avi Goldfarb, University of Chicago Press, 2019, pp. 237-282.
- 8. Cockburn, Iain, Henderson, Rebecca, and Stern, Scott. "The Impact of Artificial Intelligence on Innovation." NBER Working Paper No. 24449, National Bureau of Economic Research, March 2018.
- 9. McKinsey Global Institute. "Artificial Intelligence: The Next Digital Frontier?" McKinsey & Company, June 2017.
- 10. Bessen, James. "AI and Jobs: The role of demand." Labour Economics, vol. 70, April 2021, pp. 10197.
- 11. Future of Humanity Institute. "Governance of AI." Oxford University, accessed 2023. https://www.fhi.ox.ac.uk/research/research-areas/artificial-intelligence/

Suggested Readings

- 1. AI & Society https://link.springer.com/journal/146
- 2. The Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research https://www.jair.org/
- 3. The future of Life org www.thefutureoflife.org
- 4. The OECD AI Observatory: https://oecd.ai/en/





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Programme	BA (Hons) E	conomics				
Course Name	Indian Econ	omy - II	Λ			
Type of Course	DCC	N	/ 0\	1		
Course Code	SJC8DCCE	CO400	Ö	mm7		
Course Level	400-499		My			
Course Summary	economy. The improving ecof the differed international sharpen the a	e policy issue onomic develont sectors of level particul nalytical capa	s and measure opment and grothe economy a arly after economy	udents with differ to understand expects, agriculture and the place of loomic reforms a dents to understate economy.	c <mark>o</mark> nomic initi and industry, In <mark>d</mark> ian econor n <mark>d</mark> covered.	atives for planning my in the This will
Semester	8	TIOSE	Credits	LLEGE	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learni <mark>n</mark> g Approach	Lecture	Tutorial ONOMO	Practical/ Practicum	Others	
		3		1		75

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COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	compare the macroeconomic variables of the Indian Economy with other economies of the world.	An	1,2
2	evaluate major policies and trends in various fields like Agriculture, Industry and Services.	Е	2, 3, 4, 5, 7,10
3	learn the leading development issues related with Indian Economy.	Е	1, 2, 3, 7,10
4	analyze the sector specific policies adopted for achieving the rational goals.	An	1, 2, 3, 6, 7,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description JOSEPH'S COLLEGE	Hrs	CO No.
	1	Macroeconomics developments	17	
	1.1	Indian Economy: Macroeconomic performance in recent years- Structural transformation trends and challenges—Avoiding premature deindustrialization.	3	1
	1.2	Comparison of India's GDP, Per capita income and HDI trends with major other economies (US, China, South Korea, UK, Germany, Vietnam etc.)-Strategy for avoiding the middle-income trap.	3	1

	1.3	Education and health sector challenges and policies by the government to overcome them-Multidimensional poverty and its incidence in India-Interstate and interregional differences in India's economic development.	3	1, 2
		Practicum: 1. Compare India's economic transformation vis a vis major other economy by using GDP and GDP per capita income indicators (10).	8	3
		Practicum 2. Elaborate the incidence of poverty in India.		
2	2	Agriculture and Industry and Services	22	
	2.1	Agriculture: Current trends in Indian Agriculture-Agricultural price policy in India-MSP and its significance-Agricultural Credit-Agricultural Marketing-Challenges of climate change-WTO's AoA and India's Agricultural Sector-Public stockholding of food grains and India's stand.	3	2, 3,
	2.2	Performance of the industrial sector in the post reform period- Government initiatives to rejuvenate the industrial sector-Significance of IBC-MSME Policy and support measures-Infrastructure expansion in recent years-Fourth industrial revolution and India.	4	
	2.3	Climate change and India's net zero target and initiatives- Panchamrit-Renewable energy strategy-Balancing India's development goals and climate commitments.	4	
	2.4	Service sector and economic transformation of India-Challenges and opportunities of new technologies including AI- Global big tech companies, digital economy, and their impact on indian economy- Inclusive growth and government policies.	3	
		Practicum 1. Elaborate the role of India's service sector in GDP, sectoral transformation and international trade.	8	3,4
		Practicum 2: Discuss the various programmes launched by the government towards emission reduction and energy transition.		
	3	Monetary policy, Financial Sector and Fiscal Policy	18	3, 4

	(AUTONOMOUS)	
	Ascertain the impact of pandemic on lives of different sections of people Submit your ideas for the vision of India @2047 Assignment on Welfare programmes in recent Union budget	
	Practicum And the interest of the control of the c	7
4.2	Different sources of foreign capital in India-Capital Account Convertibility (CAC) in India- FDI Policy.	5
4.1	India and Free Trade Agreements-India's major demands in the WTO-India's rise as a service (invisibles) trading economy-India and the IMF.	6
4	Foreign Trade and Investment	18
	Practicum 2: Discuss the different types of NBFCs in India.	
3.3	Practicum 1: Chart the various components of India's digital payment system.	7
3.2	Fiscal policy challenges in India-the FRBM Act-Fiscal Consolidation-Major features of GST-Current Finance Commission and apprehensions of progressive states including Kerala-Role of the public sector- Evaluation of the disinvestment policy.	
3.1	Evaluation of RBI's monetary policy -Inflation targeting in India-Trends and progress of banking in India-Role and performance of NBFCs-Fintech, digital finance, and the challenges-Financial inclusion in India-Digital payment system in India.	6

Teaching and	Classroom Proced	ure (Mode of t	ransaction)			
Learning Approach	CD1- Lecture-Based Instruction : Lecture classes on the various leading issues related with Indian economy.					
			elated various issues like ood security issues, MSP			
	CD3 - Group Dis		plems of poor structural	changes, human		
	CD4 Interactive Fiscal policy issues	_	Challenges of Fourth Indu	astrial Revolution,		
Assessment Types	Assessment Types MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks					
	1 60	Comp	onents of CCA			
	Class Tes	ts, Self and Pee	er Assessments, Open Bo	ook Tests,		
	Assignme	ents, Case study	Report,			
	Seminar/	Viva	275			
	Project/Pi	racticum/Quiz/E	Book Review/Fieldwork	etc.		
		1	W /			
	B. End Semester Ex	a <mark>mination (E</mark> S	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	ours.		
				7		
	End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s		
	Descriptive type Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks					
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	10 x 5 = 50		

References

1. Acharya, Shankar. "Macroeconomic performance and policies, 2000–2008." India's economy, performance and challenges:. (Essays in honour of Montek Singh Ahluwalia). New Delhi (2010): 39-81.

Total Marks

70

- 2. Acharya, Shankar, and Rakesh Mohan. India's Economy: Performances and Challenges. Oxford University Press, 2010.
- 3. Arnal, Elena, and Michael Förster. "Growth, employment and inequality in Brazil, China, India and South Africa: an overview." (2010): 13-55.
- 4. Naudé, Wim, Adam Szirmai, and Nobuya Haraguchi. "Structural transformation in Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa (BRICS)." UNU-MERIT Working Papers 2016-16 (2016).
- 5. Chetan Ghate (Ed), The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Economy, OUP, 2012
- 6. Balakrishnan, Pulapre, Ramesh Golait, and Pankaj Kumar. "Agricultural growth in India since 1991." (2008).
- 7. B.N. Goldar and S.C. Aggarwal, 2005, —Trade Liberalisation and Price-Cost Margin in Indian Industries, The Developing Economics, September.
- 8. Goldar, Bishwanath. "Indian manufacturing: productivity trends in pre-and post-reform periods." Economic and Political Weekly (2004): 5033-5043.
- 9. Economic Survey (Latest)
- 10. Sinha, Chaitali, and Kunal Sen. "The determinants of foreign direct investment: An analytical survey." International Trade and International Finance: Explorations of Contemporary Issues (2016): 333-362.
- 11. Mazumdar, Dipak, and Sandip Sarkar. Globalization, labor markets and inequality in India. Vol. 79. Idrc, 2008.
- 12. Basu, Kaushik, and Annemie Maertens. The new Oxford companion to economics in India. Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 13. Misra and Puri (recent edition), Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 14. Gaurav Datt & Ashwani Mahajan (recent Edition), Datt & Sundharam Indian Economy, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 15. Uma Kapila, Indian Economy Performance & Politics (2023) by, Academic Foundation
- 16. Tyagi, B.P. (2017), Agricultural Economics and Rural Development, Jai Prakash Nath and Co., Meerut.
- 17. Dhingra, I.C (2019), Indian Economy, S Chand and Sons Co Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 18. Agarwal, A.N. and Agarwal, M.K.(2015), Indian Economy Problems of Development and Planning, S. Chand, New Delhi.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics				
Course Name	Development Economics - II					
Type of Course	DCC					
Course Code	SJC8DCCECO4	01	Z			
Course Level	400 - 499	18	, M	αω		
Course Summary	This course offers a comprehensive exploration of theoretical paradigms in economic development. It addresses the demands of a rapidly evolving global economy by integrating interdisciplinary perspectives, incorporating cultural, political, and social dimensions. Despite its interdisciplinary nature, the course grounds students in the logic and theoretical framework of standard economic analysis. Objectives include familiarizing students with conceptual routes, theoretical dynamics, and practical strategies for growth and development. The course aims to orient students toward major development themes, encourage systematic inquiry, and equip them with analytical knowledge. Ultimately, students should critically evaluate growth theories, demonstrate understanding of recent literature on underdevelopment and growth, and assess results related to development issues.					
Semester	8	ST. JOS	Credit	COLLEGE	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	
		3		1		75

Pre-	
requisites,	iſ
any	

Understanding the concepts of economic development, its measurement, core values of development, and views of Adam Smith, Ricardo, Schumpeter, Rostow, and balanced and unbalanced growth theories, poverty, inequality, and their measurement.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	analyse and critically evaluate theories of underdevelopment.	An, E, I	1,2,8,6,10
2	acquire competency in developing growth models.	C, S,	1, 8,6,5
3	evaluate development approaches critically.	Ap, An, E, S	2,8,6,5
4	assess and develop policies for the implications of population growth in economic development	E, A, An, S, C, I,	1,2,8,6

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description		CO No.
1		Theories of Underdevelopment	17	
	1.1	Dualistic Theories. – Social – Financial and Technical Dualism-Prebisch- Singer thesis and Myrdal thesisStable Theory – the Dutch Diseases.	3	1
	1.2	Rural-urban migration and urban unemployment (Harris-Todaro model)	2	1
	1.3	Theory of dependency- Paul Baran, Gundar Frank, Samir Amin and Emmanuel Wallerstein (World systems approach).	4	1
Practicum		Research and analyze alternative theories to dualism that explain economic development patterns in developing countries. Explore theories that emphasize market failures, institutional weaknesses, or geographical factors.	8	1
2		Growth Models	15	

		T	1	
	2.1	Harrod-Domar Model.	2	2
	2.2	Neo-Classical Growth Models – Solow and Meade.	3	2
	2.3	Cambridge Growth Models: Mrs. Joan Robinson's	2	2
	2.4	Kaldor's Growth Models.	2	2
	2.5	Endogenous Growth Models: (Romer model, AK model, Arrow's Model)	4	2
Practicum		Explore the contributions of Joan Robinson	2	2
3		Approaches to Development	21	
	3.1	Theory of Big Push- Critical Minimum Effort Thesis- Low Income Equilibrium Trap.	5	3
	3.2	Lewis model-, Ranis and Fei Model - Michael Kremer's O-Ring Theory of Economic Development The Jorgenson model and Dixit-Marglin model.	5	3
	3.3	Globalization and Development: Views of Stiglitz.	1	3
Practicum		Research case studies of developing countries that have experienced success or failure in the context of globalization. Analyze these cases through a Stiglitzian lens, considering factors like market failures, institutional weaknesses, and policy choices.	10	3
4		Population Growth and Economic Development	22	
	4.1	Economic theories of population growth (Malthus model, Optimum theory of population	2	4
	4.2	Theories of resource constraint on Economic growth: Malthus to the Club of Rome, the Ricardo model and the dual economy model	4	4
	4.3.	Harris Todaro Model of Urban Migration;	2	4

		1
	4.4. Interrelation between population, development and environment; sustainable development	4
	4.5 Population as 'Limits to Growth' and as 'Ultimate Source' 2	4
Practicum	Define the demographic transition model and identify the stage India is currently in. Discuss how India's demographic transition might influence its economic development trajectory.	4
5	Teacher Specific Module	
Teaching and Learning Approach	 Suggested Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Lectures, Class Debates and Discussions on Development Approaches Utilize real-world case studies to illustrate dualistic theories Organize class debates or discussions to critically assess and apply development approaches Arrange guest lectures or panel discussions featuring experts or practitioners to share insights on real-world perspectives. Assign critical analysis assignments on globalization and development, incorporating diverse views including those of Stiglitz Assign research projects exploring economic theories of population growth, theories of resource constraints Enhance understanding by incorporating multimedia presentations, videos, and documentaries related to the syllabus content. Assign critical analysis assignments on the role of population as 'Limits to Growth' and the 'Ultimate Source.' Encourage students to explore different viewpoints and present well-reasoned arguments. 	
Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA	
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,	
	Assignments, Case study Report,	
	Seminar/Viva	
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.	
	B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.	
	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours	

Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$
	Total Marl	ks	70

References

- 1. Acemoglu, D. (2009). Introduction to Modern Economic Growth. Princeton University Press, New Jersey.
- 2. Behrman, S., & Sreenivasan, T. N. (Eds.). (n.d.). Handbook of Economics Development, Vol. 3. Elsevier Amsterdam.
- 3. Debaraj Ray. (1998). Development Economics (8th ed.). Oxford University Press, Calcutta.
- 4. Ghatak, S. (2003). An Introduction to Development Economics (4th ed.). Routledge, London.
- 5. Higgin, B. (1999). Principles of Economic Development. Universal Book Stall, New Delhi.
- 6. Hover, A., & Cole, B., Population Growth and Economic Development (2016) Princeton University Press
- 7. Kindleberger, C. P. (1958). Economic Development (2nd ed.). Tata McGraw Hill, New York.
- 8. Meier, G. M., & Rauch, J. E. (2005). Leading Issues in Economic Development (8th ed.). Oxford University Press
- 9. Myrdal, G. (1958). Economic Theory and Underdeveloped Regions. Vora & Com. Publishers, Bombay.
- 10. Nurkse, R. (1966). Problems of Capital Formation in UDCs. Oxford University Press, Bombay.
- 11. Sen, A. (1970). Growth Economics: Selected Readings. Penguin Books, England.
- 12. Todaro, M. P. (1998). Economic Development (6th ed.). Longman Group Ltd, London.
- 13. Thirlwall, A. P. (1978). Growth and Development (8th ed.). MacMillan, London.
- 14. UNDP. (latest). Human Development Report.
- 15. World Bank. (latest). World Development Report.
- 16. Rebucci, A., Raissi, M., Mohaddes, K., Pesaran, M. H., & Chudik, A. (2020, October 19). Economic consequences of Covid-19: A counterfactual multi-country analysis.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bardhan, Pranab and Debraj Ray (1986). Inequality as a Determinant of Malnutrition and Unemployment: Theory. The Economic Journal, Vol. 96 (384), pp. 1011-1034.
- 2. Banerjee, Abhijit V. and Esther Duflo (2007). The Economic Lives of the Poor. Journal of Economic Perspectives, 21 (1): 141-168.
- 3. Acemoglu, Daron, Simon Johnson, and James A. Robinson (2001). The Colonial Origins of Comparative Development: An Empirical Investigation. American Economic Review, 91 (5), 1369-1401.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics								
Course Name	Economics of Innovation and Technological Change								
Type of Course	DCE								
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO400	63	0	αω					
Course Level	400-499		MANY	30					
Course Summary	This course is designed to provide an insight into the leading technological developments that are influencing economic progress. Across the world, with the march of the fourth industrial revolution, life and work are heavily conditioned by new technologies especially in the digital field like AI, Automation, 3D printing, robotics, quantum computing etc. Economies, entities and technical people who embraced these advancements are able to get higher economic rewards. In this context, the current course is designed to analyse these frontier developments from an economics perspective. The module on MSMEs is added here so that the students get an idea about the startup procedures and environment of small business in India.								
Semester	8	T. JOSE MOO	TJOSEPH'S COLLEGE A Credits 4						
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practicum	Others ()				
		3		1		75			

Pre- requisites, if any

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the learner will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understand the role of entrepreneurship in economic development.	U	1, 3
2	analyse the nature of current technological progress.	An	2, 6, 10
3	examine the relationship between economic development and technological progress.	E	3, 5, 10
4	examine the new technologies and their impact on the labour market and industrial sector transition.	Е	3,10
5	assess the role of the state in promoting technological progress and development.	A	3, 4, 10
6	evaluate the productivity expansion effect of new technologies.	Е	9, 10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course Description	Hrs	CO No.
1		The Macroeconomics of Innovation, Technological Progress and Structural Change	24	

1	1.1	Role of innovation in economic development- Schumpeter theory of development-Role of	3	1, 3
		entrepreneurs-Creative destruction and Disruptive Innovation.		
	1.2	Types and relevance of intellectual property-IPRs and economic development	3	1, 2, 3, 5
	1.3	Convergence and catching up in the global economy- Connection between scientific progress and economic development-knowledge economy-digital literacy, data literacy and economic development.	3	3, 5
	1.4	Macroeconomics of innovation and structural change-Fourth industrial revolution and new technologies- Use of Government (industrial) policies and funds to promote scientific and industrial development in recent years: Make in India - Chips Act of the US and the EU and Made in China 2025.	5	2, 3
	racticum	Prepare the list of countries and policies that designed to promote technological change and innovation domestically. Explore the strategic significance of semiconductor	10	1,2,3,5
		industry in driving fourth industrialisation.3. Map out how Asian countries like China are catching up with advanced countries.	4	
		4. Prepare an overview of the various government initiatives to promote fourth industrialisation across the world in recent years.5. Discussion on the rise of China, South Korea, Japan and Germany as industrial powerhouses.	7	
		,		
	2	Technological progress and productivity expansion	22	
	2.1	Relationship between technological progress, industrialisation and output expansion-Technical progress function and total factor productivity (Solow/Swan).	3	1,3

	2.2	Current Technological Developments-Internet of Things, Robotics, 3D printing, Artificial Intelligence-Economic significance of connected devices.	3	4, 5
	2.3	AI and productivity growth - Economic impact and challenges of machine learning, natural language processing and automation.	3	5, 6
	2.4	AI: Implications for the future of work- labour market effects - Luddite fallacy - Ethical considerations in AI and biotechnology - GPAI.	3	4, 5
	acticum	 Group Discussion on AI and labour market effects. Mini Project: Different AI technologies and their use in the various fields. 	10	4,5,6
		JESON MARIE		
3	Leading issues in technological progress and economic development			
	3.1	Developments in digital payments - Blockchain technology and its uses - Crypto currency: money and asset nature-Regulatory issue-Digital Public Infrastructure in India.	3	2, 3, 5
	3.2	Green and Circular Economy for saving the planet - Energy transition: Challenges and prospects.	2	3, 4
	3.3	Space economics: Economic benefits of space programmes - Private sector in space - India as a global space power-Space startup.	3	2, 3
	3.4	International trade in technology -Technological decoupling between US and China - Global inequality in technological progress.	3	4, 5
	acticum	Prepare schematic assignment showing the benefits of Energy Transition using different energy sources.	7	2,3,4,5
		2. Examine the economic impact of the technological decoupling between the US and China.		

		3. Arrange a group discussion on the role of the private sector and startups in the space sector.		
3	The	MSME landscape and supportive measures.	11	
	4.1	MSMEs -definition-scope-employment and export orientation.	1	2, 3, 5
	4.2 Formation of MSMEs- Udyog Aadhaar Registration-PMEGP-MUDRA-Yojana- CGTMSE- MSE-CDP-ESDP.		3	3, 4
	4.3	Institutional support for MSMEs-Role of Ministry of MSMEs and SIDBI.	2	2, 3
	4.4	NSIC, SIDC, KVIC and SFRUTI-Startup India and Standup India Schemes-SMERA.	2	4, 5
	Practicum	Prepare a draft business plan for starting an MSME	3	3,4
5		Tea <mark>cher</mark> Spec <mark>ific Module</mark>		
Teaching and Learning Approach	CD 1- Lee explain bas innovation, concept of CD 2 - Cd developmen	lisruptive under the eal-world example,		
	the fund of the US an Automation chips for ne			
		oup Discussions: Promote group discussion on topics sucological decoupling etc.	h as chip	
	to prepare	bling students to have practical familiarisation: Instruct an action map for launching an MSME including on, technological adaptation, securing funds, registrat	product	

marketing.

CD5: Expert talk by industry executives and other suitable resource persons.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

Components of CCA

Industry Visit Report, Case Study Report, Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Seminar/Viva, Project/Book Review/Fieldwork.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Desc <mark>r</mark> iptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		

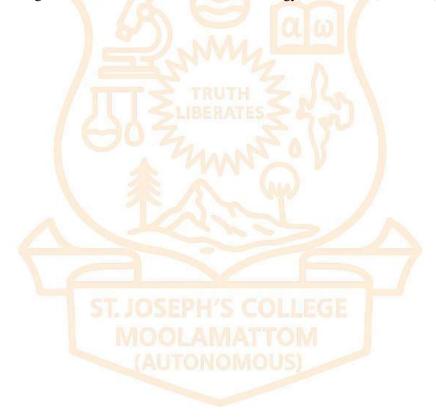
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- 1. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence: Implications for the Future of Work, ILO future of work research paper series, International Labour Office, Geneva, ILO, 2018.
- 2. The Economics of Artificial Intelligence, Ajay Agrawal, Gans Joshua and Avi Goldfarb, Oxford University Press, 2019.
- 3. Economic Impacts of Artificial Intelligence (AI), European Parliamentary Research Service, July 2019.
- 4. Technology, Innovations and Economic Development, Lakhwinder Singh, SAGE India, 2015.
- 5. Intellectual Property Rights, Development, and Catch Up: An International Comparative Study, Hiroyuki Odagiri Hiroyuki Odagiri et al, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. The Economic Rise of East Asia: Development Paths of Japan, South Korea, and China, Linda Glawe, Helmut Wagner, Springer 2022.
- 7. Fourth Industrial Revolution, Klaus Schwab, Portfolio Penguin, 2017.

- 8. The Solow Model of Economic Growth: Application to Contemporary Macroeconomic Issues (Routledge Studies in Economic Theory, Method and Philosophy), Pawel Dykas, Rafal Wisla, Tomasz Tokarski, Routledge, 2022.
- 9. The Space Economy: Capitalize on the Greatest Business Opportunity of Our Lifetime The Space Economy: Capitalize on the Greatest Business Opportunity of Our Lifetime, Anderson, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2023.
- 10. Crypto Currencies and Blockchain: The Future of Money, Jayashree Patil-Dake, Ms. Archana Yadav Kaklij, Xoffencer, 2023.
- 11. Blockchain & The Space Economy, Samson Williams, George Pullen, Book Series, 2022.
- 12. The Great Decoupling: China, America and the Struggle for Technological Supremacy, Nigel Inkster, C Hurst & Co Publishers Ltd,2023.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Technology and Inequality: Concentrated Wealth in a Digital World, Jonathan P. Allen, Palgrave Macmillan, 2017.
- 2. Chip War: The Fight for the World's Most Critical Technology, Chris Miller, Scribner, 2022.





Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	nomics					
Course Name	Mathematical	Economics - 1	п				
Type of Course	DCE						
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO)401	(U)				
Course Level	400-499						
Course Summary	mathematical mathe	The course is designed to equip students with the necessary skills to understand mathematical modelling of dynamic problems. The course introduces to the student the fundamental concepts of differential and difference equations and the basic methods to address dynamics in economics.					
Semester	8	10 %	Credit	50	4	Total Hours	
Course Details	Learning	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	220018	
	Approach	3		1	\Rightarrow	75	
	V I						

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

COUR	SE OUTCOMES (CO)		
CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:		
1	Understand how dynamic problems in economics can be modelled mathematically	U	1,2
2	Understand the fundamental concepts of differential and difference	U	2

	equations and their solutions.		
3	Understand some of the fundamental applications of differential and difference equations in economics.	U	1
4	Apply methods to solve first order differential and difference equations in the context of economic problems.	Ap	2
5	Evaluate economic problems and create simple dynamic models	С	1,2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Differential Equations		
	1.1	Meaning and concepts, order and degree, solution		1
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
	1.2	First order linear differential equations: with constant coefficient and constant term (homogeneous and non-homogeneous) – verification of the solution, with variable coefficient and variable term(homogeneous and non-homogeneous)	5	1,2
	1.3	Exact differential equations and partial integration, integrating factors and rules for the integrating factor, separation of variables Phase diagrams for differential equations		1,2,4
	1.4			1,2, 4
	1.5	Higher Order differential equations(concept only)	1	1,4
	Practicum	Discuss on the relevance of order and degree and solution	7	1,2

		Discuss on about first order linear differential equations and different types of integration		
2	App	lications of differential equations in economics	16	
	2.1	Demand and Supply analysis and the dynamics of market price, elasticity of demand	5	3, 5
	2.2	National Income determination model	2	3
	2.3	Solow growth model	2	3
	Practicum	Discuss on Demand and Supply analysis and the dynamics of market price, elasticity of demand, National Income determination model, Solow growth model	7	3
3		Difference Equations	21	
	3.1	Meaning and concepts, Discrete time	2	1
	3.2	First-Order difference equation – solution - iterative method – General method	4	1,2, 4
	3.3	The dynamic stability equilibrium and the stability conditions	3	1,2, 5
	3.4	Phase diagrams for difference equations	3	1,2
	3.5 Higher Order difference equations(concept on		1	1, 4
	Practicum	Apply the solution techniques to solve real-world problems modeled by first-order difference equations. Interpret the solutions in the context of the original scenario.	8	1,2

4	App	17		
	4.1 Cobweb model		3	3
	4.2	Lagged income determination model	3	3
	4.3	Harrod model	3	3
	Practicum	Discuss real-world scenarios where the cobweb model might be applicable, such as agricultural markets with time lags between planting and harvesting. Analyze the limitations of the cobweb model, including its simplifying assumptions and potential for unrealistic outcomes (persistent oscillations).	8	3
5	1	Teacher Specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom can provide brainstormin through inte Suggested boards/LCD	Procedure (Mode of transaction) Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures esolid factual knowledge, Active-interactive learning, and, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement eractive class discussions Course Delivery Methods CD1 - Lecture by use of projectors/ Projectors etc, CD2 - ssignments, CD3 - Class Seminars, CD4 - Peer group		

Assessment Types	MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks
	Components of CCA
	Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,
	Assignments, Case study Report,
	Seminar/Viva
	Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

Enc	End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks			
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =2			
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 5$			

Reference

- 1. Chiang, A. C., & Wainwright, K. (2013). Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics.
- 2. Dowling, E. (2000). Schaum's Outline of Introduction to Mathematical Economics, 3rd Edition. McGraw Hill Professional
- 3. Anthony, M., Biggs, N., & Biggs, N. L. (1996). *Mathematics for Economics and Finance: Methods and Modelling*. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Simon, C. P. (2010). Mathematics For Economists.
- 5. Jacques, I. (2017). *Mathematics for Economics and business*.
- 6. Henderson, J. M., & Quandt, R. E. (1980). *Microeconomic Theory: A Mathematical Approach*. McGraw-Hill Companies.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Holden, K., & Pearson, A. W. (1992). *Introductory Mathematics for Economics and Business*.
- 2. Mik Wisneiwski(1998): Introductory Mathematical Methods in Economics, 2nd Ed McGraw-Hill
- 3. Michael Hoy, et. al (2009): Mathematics for Economics, 2nd Ed, PHI.
- 4. Geoff Renshaw(2009): Maths for economics, 2nd Ed, OUP.
- 5. Akihito Asano(2013): An Introduction to Mathematics for Economics



<u> </u>									
Programme	BA (Hons) Eco	A (Hons) Economics							
Course Name	Fire and Mari	e and Marine Insurance							
Type of Course	DCE		Λ						
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO	0402	$/\Lambda$	1					
Course Level	400-499	15							
Course Summary				the origin and nat , premium calculat					
Semester	8	1113	Credits	314	4	Total Hours			
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Pr <mark>acticu</mark> m	Others	220028			
		3	1	(M) 1		75			
Pre- requisites, if any		X			4				

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	understanding fire insurance fundamentals, policy management, risk assessment, and claims processing.	U	1
2	analysing of fire insurance underwriting principles, rate fixation methods, regulatory frameworks, and industrial risk ass	An	2

3		U	10
	To understand the nature and scope of marine insurance contracts, principle of marine insurance, policy conditions conditions		
4	To familiarize the learners with marine losses and procedure for payment of compensation.	An	2

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module						
1		Introduction to Fire Insurance	21			
	1.1	Definition – History And Origin Of Fire Insurance -Causes Of Fire – Prevention Of Loss – Fire Insurance Contracts- Kinds Of Fire Insurance Policies	4	1		
	1.2	Policy Conditions – Implied And Express Conditions – Reinsurance – Definition – Advantages And Methods	2	1		
	1.3	Principles Of Fire Insurance-Standard Fire Policy-Add On Covers-Various Fire Warranties	2	1		
	1.4	Ex-Gratia Settlement-Procedures Related To Claim Settlement-Role Of Surveyors—Process Of Survey And Loss Assessment-Waiver And Estoppel	3	1		
Practicum:		n experience involving case studies or simulations to apply al knowledge in real-world settings.	10	1		
2		Underwriting and Rate Fixation in Fire Insurance	19			
2	2.1	Fire Insurance UnderwritingFire Insurance Practice In India- Underwriting Experience Of Fire Insurance Portfolios – During Tariff Regime As Well As During Tariff-Free Regime-	3	2		
	2.2	Underwriting Traditional Approach – New Dimensions As Per Irda Regulators	2	2		

	2.3	Processes – Principles Of Rate Fixation – Basis Of Tariff Rates — Salvage Corps – Average Clause – Pro-Rata Condition Of Average.	3	2
	2.4	Structure Of All India Tariff-Rules And Regulations- Types Of Industrial Hazards-v Industrial Risk Policy-Petro Chemical Risk- Progress Of Fire Insurance	3	2
Practicum		ase studies, risk assessments, simulation exercises, and to underwriting practices in insurance companies or brokerage	8	2
3		Marine Insurance Contract, policies and conditions	15	
	3.1	Basic Aspects- Historical Background, Meaning & Scope - Subject Matter of Marine Insurance-	2	3
	3.2	Principles of Marine Insurance	2	3
	3.3	types of marine insurance contracts - Freight, cargo and vessel- Types of Marine Insurance Policies	3	3
	3.4	Policy Conditions- Clauses in Marine Policies - Classes of policies - policy conditions	3	3
Practicum		relevant examples discuss the nature and scope of marine e business in India.	5	3
4	Marine l	Losses and Payment of Compensation	20	
	4.1	Total loss, partial loss, particular average loss and general average loss	6	4
	4.2	Procedure for preparation and presentation of claim	4	4
	4.3	Payment of compensation	3	4
Practicum:	1. Collect settlement	t important documents required for marine insurance claim	7	4
5		Teacher Specific Module		

Teaching and Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) **Learning Approach** Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods o CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc. o CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments o CD3 - Class Seminars o CD4 - Peer group discussions **Assessment Types** MODE OF ASSESSMENT Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks **Components of CCA** Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report, Seminar/Viva Project/Practicum/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc. B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours. **End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours** Number of questions Descriptive type **Word Limit** Marks to be answered Short Answer 30 words 10 out of 15 $10 \times 2 = 20$ **Short Essay** 150 words 10 out of 15 $10 \times 5 = 50$ **70**

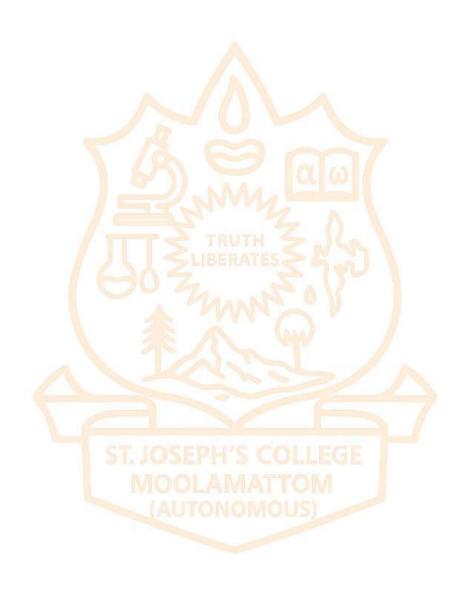
Reference

1. K.C. Mishra | G.C. Thomas (2009), General Insurance: Principles and Practice, National Insurance Academy | Cengage Learning, New Delhi.

Total Marks

2. M.N. Mishra | S.B Mishra (2008), Insurance: Principles and Practice, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.

- 3. P.K. Gupta (2008), Fundamentals of Insurance, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 4. Periasami P. (2008), Principles and Practice of Insurance, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 5. Rodder, Marine Insurance, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 6. Patukale (2009), Insurance for Everyone, Macmillan India Ltd
- 7. Palande, Insurance in India, Sage Publications, Delhi
- 8. Bodla (2008), Insurance Management, Deep & Deep Publications, Delhi
- 9. Tripathy et al, (2009), General Insurance Business Operations and Decisions Making, National Insurance Academy | Cengage Learning, New Delhi.





Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Responsib	ole Publicatio	on Eth <mark>ics in A</mark>	cademic Resear	ch	
Type of Course	DCE	B	70	7	-	
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO403					
Course Level	400 - 499		TRUTE	31	1	
Course Summary	This course provides a comprehensive overview of responsible publication ethics in academic research. It delves into Philosophy and Ethics, covering the definition, nature, and relevance of philosophy, along with ethics in academic research. The course focuses on Scientific Conduct, addressing ethical considerations, intellectual honesty, and scientific misconduct. Module 3 dives into Publication Ethics, covering best practices, conflicts of interest, and dealing with publication misconduct. Learners explore Open Access Publishing tools and engage in group discussions and plagiarism detection. This course also covers Databases and Research Metrics, providing insights into indexing, citation databases, and research metrics. The modular structure allows for in- depth exploration and practical discussions on ethical issues in academic publishing.					
Semester	8	8 Credits 4 Fotal Hours				
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical / Practicum	Others	

	3	1	75
Prerequisites, if any			

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	articulate the definition, nature, and scope of philosophy, demonstrating a comprehensive understanding of the concept of philosophy and its relevance in the academic context.	K, U, A	1,3, 6
2	acquire a solid grasp of the ethical considerations inherent in scientific research and role of ethics in research, comprehend moral philosophy's connection to academic ethics, moral judgments and reactions within the context of academic research.	A, C, S	1,4,6
3	demonstrate proficiency in recognizing and addressing scientific misconduct, including Falsification, Fabrication, and Plagiarism (FFP) and its consequences and ethical implications such as redundant publications, duplicate content, and selective reporting of data in research.	E, An, S	4,5,6,10
4	possess a comprehensive understanding of publication ethics, including its definition, significance, and introduction on COPE and WAME, and will be able to identify and navigate conflicts of interest in the publication process.	E, An, AP	2,3,5,6
5	apply skills in responsible publishing, particularly in the areas of open-access initiatives, tools for open-access publishing, group discussions on publication misconduct, and the use of software tools for detecting plagiarism.	Ap, I, S	2,6,8,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

Content for Classroom Transactions (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Philosophy and Ethics	16	
	1.1	Definition, nature, and scope of philosophy - Concept of philosophy and its relevance in academia	2	1, 2, 3
	1.2	Overview of the branches of philosophy and their implications in research - Definition of ethics and its role in research	2	1, 2,3
	1.3	Moral philosophy and its connection to academic ethics - Nature of moral judgments and reactions in the context of academic research - Understanding the ethical considerations in scientific research	3	2, 3, 4
	1.4	Importance of maintaining intellectual honesty and research integrity - Overview of Falsification, Fabrication, and Plagiarism in academic research - Consequences and ethical implications of FFP	3	1,3,4
	Practicum	Analyze examples of plagiarism (not citing sources, paraphrasing too closely) and how to avoid them	6	1,3,4
2		Publication Ethics	19	
	2.1	Definition, significance, and introduction to publication ethics	2	1,4
	2.2	Overview of COPE (Committee on Publication Ethics), WAME (World Association of Medical Editors), and other guidelines - Conflicts of interest in the publication process	3	1,3,5

	2.3	Types of publication misconduct - Violation of publication ethics, issues related to authorship and contributor-ship - Identifying and addressing publication misconduct - Dealing with complaints, appeals, and predatory publishers	4	1,2,5	
	2.4	Understanding open access and its impact on academic publishing - Overview of open access initiatives and their benefits	3	1,3,4,5	
	Practicum	Bring class room discussions on prominent open access journals across various disciplines.	7	1,3,4,5	
3		Publication Misconduct and Databases			
	3.1	Subject-specific ethical issues and discussions on FFP, authorship, and conflicts of interest - Real-life examples of complaints and appeals from India and abroad	4	1,4, 5	
	3.2	Addressing redundant publications, duplicate and overlapping publications, and salami slicing - Recognizing selective reporting and misrepresentation of data in research.	3	4,5	
	3.3	Practical use of plagiarism detection software such as Turnitin, Urkund, and other open-source tools	3	3, 5	
	Practicum	Developing a Research Proposal: Draft a research proposal for a study in your field.	10	1,3,4,5	
		Integrate ethical considerations into your proposal design, ensuring your research adheres to relevant codes and guidelines.			
4		Research Metrics	20		
	4.1	Utilizing SHERPA/RoMEO to check publisher copyright and self-archiving policies - Software tools for identifying predatory publications	4	4,5	

	4.2	Journal finder and suggestion tools: JANE, Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer Journal Suggester		5
	4.3	Understanding indexing databases - Citation databases: Web of Science, Scopus, and their significance in research - Exploring impact factors of journals using Journal Citation Report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite Score - Metrics such as hindex, g index, i10 index, altmetrics, and their relevance in evaluating research output		2,4,5
	Practicum	Explore software tools like Beall's List of Predatory Journals/Publishers and Cabell's Blacklist to identify potential predatory journals. Analyze the criteria used by these tools to identify predatory practices	7	2,4,5
5				
and Learning Approach	CD1 Tradition experienced content when discussions. It ime discussions time discussions. CD2. Interact lectures with method is idented to publication CD3. Online transact continuities. Online publication electron electr	concepts need to be explained, and students can engage in It's also effective for addressing ethical principles through real- ons and case studies. Extive Workshops: Conduct interactive workshops combining hands-on activities, group discussions, and case studies. This eal for engaging students in problem-solving activities related in ethics and developing practical skills in publication ethics. Modules and Tutorials: Identify or suggest online platforms to tent asynchronously, including video lectures, tutorials, and interplatforms are effective for covering theoretical aspects of thics and providing tutorials on databases and research metrics. Idents to learn at their own pace. The Project-Based Learning: Incorporate a research project or ication into the course, where students apply the concepts odules 1 and 2 to a real-world problem. This method is highly reinforcing learning outcomes related to publication ethics, trics, and databases. It encourages practical application and ing. Its Sessions: Invite guest speakers who are experts in research		

methodology and practitioners in the field. Experts enhance the understanding of practical aspects of Publications in Journals. Industry practitioners can share insights on ethical considerations and effective presentation skills. These delivery methods can be combined or adapted based on the specific needs and preferences of the students and the course instructor.

Assessment Types

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks

If and Door Assassments Onen Book Tests

Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests,

Components of CCA

Assignments, Case study Report,

Seminar/Viva

Project//Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
ST. J	70				

References:

- 1. Beauchamp, Tom L., and James F. Childress. *Principles of Biomedical Ethics*. Oxford University Press, 2019.
- 2. Shamoo, Adil E., and David B. Resnik. *Responsible Conduct of Research*. Oxford University Press, 2009.
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- 6. Pimple, Kenneth D. *Ethical Issues in Biomedical Research: A Biostatistician's Perspective*. John Wiley & Sons, 2019.
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- 15. International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE). "Defining the Role of Authors and Contributors." ICMJE, 2019. www.icmje.org/recommendations/browse/roles-and-responsibilities/defining-the-role-of-authors-and-contributors.html
- 16. COPE. "How to Handle Authorship Disputes: A Guide for New Researchers." COPE, 2016. publicationethics.org/files/Authorship_Disputes.pdf
- 17. Smith, Richard. "Conflict of Interest and Medical Journals." *BMJ*, vol. 321, no. 7258, 2000, pp. 110.
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- 19. Tharyan, P. "Publishing research: A stepwise guide to predatory journals." *Indian Journal of Medical Research*, vol. 144, no. 3, 2016, pp. 323–326.
- 20. Gupta, B. M., et al. "Indian contribution to WoS-indexed publications in mental health: A case study of eight mental health institutes." *Indian Journal of Psychiatry*, vol. 56, no. 2, 2014, pp. 151–154.
- 21. Satyanarayana, K. "Research metrics: What they are, why they matter, and how they may influence funding and promotion." *Indian Journal of Ophthalmology*, vol. 68, no. 5, 2020, pp. 616–621.



Programme	BA (Hons) Economics					
Course Name	Kerala Economy: P	atterns and (Challenges			
Type of Course	DCE	/R	$\widetilde{\mathbb{Q}}$	1	,	
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO404		NAW.	αω		
Course Level	400-499	II §	TRUTH IBERATES	340		
Course Summary	This advanced course operates at a higher cognitive level, facilitating learners to engage with the intricacies of the Kerala economy through a pedagogical approach. Module 1 initiates an in-depth exploration of the geographical, historical, and cultural dimensions of Kerala, delving into economic structures, historical policies, and contemporary challenges. Module 2 shifts focus to Social Indicators and Human Development, scrutinizing education, healthcare, poverty, and migration dynamics. Environmental Sustainability in Module 3 investigates challenges, policies, natural resource management, and climate change implications. The course culminates in Module 4, Economic Reforms and Future Prospects, critically assessing past reforms, industrialization, globalization, and proposing policy recommendations for sustainable and inclusive development in Kerala"					
Semester	8		Credits		4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others	

	3		1	75
Pre- requisites, if any				

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome	Learning Domains *	PO No
	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to;		
1	illustrate the geographical, historical, and cultural context of Kerala, comprehending the unique social and political factors that have shaped the state's economy over time.	ט	2,3,4, 10
2	analyze the primary, secondary, and tertiary sectors in the Kerala economy, evaluating the roles of agriculture, industry, and services in shaping its economic structure.	A , E	1, 2, 6, 8, 10
3	examine historical economic policies, understanding their impact on the current economic scenario in Kerala, providing a historical perspective on the state's economic development.	E, An	6,8,9,10
4	theorize current challenges faced by the Kerala economy and explore potential opportunities for growth and development, fostering a critical understanding of the state's economic landscape.	An, C, Ap	2, 3, 4, 7
5	Compile social indicators, human development policies, and challenges in Kerala, proposing strategies to address these challenges and promoting overall well-being. Additionally, they will review case studies and identify best practices for application and improvement in the context of human development.	S, I, Ap	4,5,6,8

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1	F	Soundations of Kerala Economy	20	
	1.1	Introduction to the geographical, historical, and cultural context of Kerala. Evolution of the economy in the context of Kerala's unique social and political landscape. Growth and Development since 1956-Trends and Pattern of GSDP	4	1, 2
	1.2	Sectoral Analysis: primary, secondary, and tertiary sectors in the Kerala economy. Role of agriculture, industry, and services in shaping the economic structure.	3	1,2
	1.3	Economic policies and development strategies adopted in different periods-Impact of historical policies on the present economic scenario.	2	1,2
	1.4	Current challenges faced by the Kerala economy (Financial Crisis)-Potential opportunities for economic growth and development.	3	1,2
	Practicum	Identify the current challenges faced by the Kerala economy especially Financial Crisis. Suggest solutions and prepare report.	8	1,2
2	Social	Indicators and Human Development	18	

	2.1	The key social indicators, including education, healthcare, and poverty. Human Development Index (HDI) and its relevance in the Kerala context.	3	3, 4
	2.2	Policies promoting social inclusion and gender equality-Impact of these policies on economic development.	2	3, 4
	2.3	Role of migration and remittances in the Kerala economy-Economic and social implications of migration.	3	3,4
	2.4	Challenges affecting human development in Kerala-Strategies to address these challenges and enhance overall well-being.	3	4
	Practicum	Explore the trends in migration in your locality.	7	3,4
		Environmental Sustainability	17	
3	3.1	Environmental issues affecting the state- Impact of economic activities on the environment.	2	4, 5
	3.2	Policies and initiatives promoting environmental sustainability-Balance between economic growth and environmental conservation.	3	4, 5
	3.3	Management of natural resources in Kerala. Strategies for sustainable utilization and conservation.	2	4, 5

	3.4	Implications of climate change on the Kerala economy-Adaptation strategies for Kerala's economic resilience.	3	4, 5
	Practicum	Local climate change impacts through farmer dialogue and bring classroom discussion.	7	4,5
4	Econ	omic Reforms and Future Prospects	20	
	4.1	Overview of economic reforms and their impact on economic growth and development. Analysis of industrial policies and initiatives fostering innovation.	4	2, 3, 5
	4.2	Exploration of opportunities for industrial growth. Analysis of trade patterns and opportunities for global engagement.	4	2, 4, 5
	4.3	Potential future scenarios for the Kerala economy-Formulation of policy recommendations for sustainable and inclusive development.	4	1,2,3,4,5
	Practicum	Develop policy recommendations and strategies for issues pertaining in Kerala.	8	1,2,3,4,5
5		Teacher specific Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach Classroom Lectures and Authentic learning: Traditional lectures can provide a solid factual knowledge in the case of Unit 1.2 and 1.3 (Agriculture Growth and Performance-Trends in production and productivity - Land Reforms and Land use pattern - Changes in Cropping Pattern - Agricultural Wages - Collective farming Initiatives—green armyCrop Insurance Schemes -Special Agricultural ZoneFinance to AgricultureLivestock-				

Fisheries-Water Resources and-Forestry - Agricultural Crisis - Food Security - Industry-Growth and Performance-Industrial Backwardness - Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Sector-Issues and Challenges - Central Sector Investment - State Public Sector Undertakings - Industrial Financing - MSMEs—Traditional Industries—Electronic industry- KELTRON and Electronic Parks).

Active-interactive learning, brain storming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions and this can be applied in the case of Module 2 (Growth and performance of Service Sector-Income Generation and Employment Issues - Performance of service Sub-Sectors- Economic Infrastructure—Transport—Energy-- Communication --Social Infrastructure- Health and Education - Tendencies of Exclusion - Kerala Disability Census 2015—Economic and Community Services - Demographic Profile of the State—Demographic Transition in Kerala—Sex Ratio— Nutrition, Morbidity and Ageing. - Trends, Pattern and Problems of Migration—Rehabilitation Issues of Return Migrants.

Debate and Group Discussions under the Guidance of Course Faculty: This method can be used in the case of Module 4 and 5 as well as the topics like Decentralised Planning—Financing of Local Government Plans. - Rural Development Programmes— Kudumbasree - Development and Utilisation of Natural Resource—Issues of Reclamation - Tourism and Environmental impact—Waste management—Policies and programmes— Impact of Flood 2018 and Rebuilding initiative etc will be discussed in the class room.

Course Delivery methods

- o CD1 Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ OHP/Projectors.
- o CD2 Tutorials/Assignments by the Guidance of course Faculty.
- o CD3 Class Seminars.
- o CD4 Peer group Discussions.
 - o CD5 Debate and Group Discussions by the Guidance of course Faculty.

Assessment Types MODE OF ASSESSMENT A. Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks Components of CCA Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Tests, Assignments, Case study Report,

	Seminar/Viva Project/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.					
	B. End Semester Ex	camination (ES	SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	nours.		
	End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	S		
	Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks		
	Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
	Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
		Total Mar	ks	70		
	/=	TRUT	301			
Mode of Transaction	Lecture based classes	s, group discuss	sion, demonstration, prese	entation.		

References / Suggested Readings

- 1. "Kerala: A Short History"; K. M. Panikkar
- 2. "A Survey of Kerala History"; 'A. Sreedhara Menon
- 3. "Land Reforms in India: Volume 9. Kerala"; B. S. Baviskar
- 4. "Land Reforms in India: Kerala"; V. J. Varghese
- 5. Prakash, B. A. (1984). Changes in agrarian structure and land tenures in Kerala: A historical review. State and Society, 5(1), 1-18
- 6. "Industrial Development in Kerala: A Historical Perspective"; K. K. George
- 7. "Economic Transition in Kerala: A New Industrial Economy?; B. A. Prakash
- 8. Book Title: "Education and Social Change in Kerala" Author: K. N. Panikkar
- 9. Book Title: "Education, Society, and Development in Kerala: A Historical Overview" Author: J. Devika
- 10. "Kerala's Education: Decadal Development and Changing Scenario"; P. K. Michael Tharakan
- 11. Nabae, K. (2003). The Health Care System in Kerala Its Past Accomplishments and New Challenges -.
- 12. V Raman Kutty, Historical analysis of the development of health care facilities in Kerala State, India, *Health Policy and Planning*, Volume 15, Issue 1, March 2000, Pages 103–109,
- 13. "Public Health and Society: A Historical Perspective of Health Services in Kerala"; K. S. James
- 14. 'Health Status Of Kerala" PGK Panikar and C R Soman, CDS. 1984. pp.159.
- 15. "Social Welfare in India: Policies and Programs"; Ramesh Arora
- 16. "Social Welfare Administration: Concept, Practices, and Challenges"; Ram A. Cnaan
- 17. "Kerala Economy: Trajectory of Growth and Development"; G. Mohan Gopal
- 18. "Economic Development in Kerala: Problems and Prospects"; K. P. Kannan

- 19. "Sustainable Development: Issues and Perspectives"; Velayudhan Puthiyidath
- 20. "Sustainable Development: Principles, Policies, and Practices"; S. S. Pophale
- 21. "Challenges to Kerala Economy: An Agenda for Revitalization"; R. Mohan
- 22. "Economic Challenges and Policy Issues in Early Twenty-First Century Kerala" K. P. Kannan
- 23. "Kerala's Economic Development: Performance and Problems in the Post-Liberalization Period"; K. P. Kannan
- 24. "Economic Survey of Kerala"; Kerala State Planning Board
- 25. "Economic Reforms and Development in Kerala: A Critical Assessment" K. P. Kannan;
- 26. "Emerging Kerala: The Growth Challenges Ahead"; D. Narayana
- 27. "Kerala's Economic Vision 2030: Sustaining High Growth Path"; K. M. Chandrasekhar
- 28. "Economic Challenges in the Changing Global Landscape; "Atul Kohli
- 29. Kerala State Planning Board. (2022). Economic Review 2022 Kerala.
- 30. Kerala Budget Analysis.
- 31. Gulati Institute of Finance and Taxation. (2020). Kerala Economy Journal Issues from 2020.
- 32. Ghosh, B. N. (2009). *The Economy of Kerala: Yesterday, Today And Tomorrow* (2009th ed.). Serials Publications.
- 33. Kerala State Planning Board. (2021). Kerala Development Report 2021: Initiatives, Achievements, and Challenges.

Additional Readings

- 1. Mani, S. (Ed.). (2020). Kerala and World Economy (W.P. No. 488). CDS.
- 2. United Nations. (2000). Poverty, Unemployment and Development Policy: A Case Study of Selected Issues with Reference to Kerala (Reprint). pp. 235.
- 3. Zachariah, K.C., Kannan, K.P., & Irudaya Rajan, S. (2002). Kerala's Gulf Connection: CDS Studies on International Labour Migration from Kerala State in India. CDS. pp. 230.
- 4. Prakash, B. A. (2022). COVID-19 Pandemic and Exodus of Keralite Emigrant Workers from GCC Countries: Causes of Return, Activity Status of Returnees and Economic Impact (W.P. No. 507). CDS, April 2022.
- 5. Irudaya Rajan, S., Pattath, B., & Zachariah, K.C. (2021). Kerala Return Emigrant Survey 2021: What Next for Return Migrants of Kerala? (W.P. No. 504). CDS, September 2021.
- 6. Irudaya Rajan, S., & Zachariah, K.C. (2019). *Emigration and Remittances: Evidences from the Kerala Migration Survey, 2018* (W.P. No. 483). CDS, January 2019.
- 7. Isaac, T. M. Thomas, & Mohan, R. (2016). Sustainable Fiscal Consolidation: Suggesting the Way Ahead for Kerala (W.P. No. 469). CDS, April 2016.
- 8. Zachariah, K.C., & Irudaya Rajan, S. (2015). Dynamics of Emigration and Remittances in Kerala: Results from the Kerala Migration Survey 2014 (W.P. No. 463-CDS). CDS, September 2015.



Programme	BA (Hons) Econ	nomics					
Course Name	Open Economy	Macroecon	nomics				
Type of Course	DCE	1/3	Z E	9 6007			
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO	405	J'W	M			
Course Level	400-499	囚	LIBER	TH ATES AND			
Course Summary	assumed to have Macroeconomic thinking critical economies will l	e some backges. Understands Iy about the be a major for	ground in the ading the economic the economic underlying as ocus. Student	conomy macroeconomics area of International Trade nomic intuition behind the assumptions and how well the will be challenged to think temporary policy issues in	and Basic models as v ney fit actua k about the	vell as il open relevance	
Semester	8	ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE MOOLA Credits TOM 4 AUTONOMOUS Total Hours					
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practicum	Others		
		3		1		75	

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COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Evaluating further upon the already known basic concepts related to International trade.	Е	1, 10
2	Analysing the validity of the well-known open economy models under different regimes.	An	10
3	Analysing how things have played out in this domain with special focus on real world phenomena.	An	1, 2,10
4	Evaluating the consequences of trade to Small Economies.	E	1,6,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Open Economy Macroeconomics	16	

		-		
	1.1 Basic Concepts- Exchange Rates- Fixed-Floating- Intermediate-Integration of Goods Markets-Gains from trade- Barriers to international integration- Integration of Financial Markets-Do financial markets work in practice as they do in theory?			
	1.2	Parity Conditions, Balance of Payments Accounting.	3	1
	1.3	Brief Overview of the Global Financial Architecture. Devaluation and the Trade Balance-The elasticities approach to the trade balance-The Marshall-Lerner condition.	4	1
	Practicum	Analyse historical trends in India's trade balance and exchange rate.	4	1
2		THE MUNDELL-FLEMING MODEL	24	
	2.1	The open-economy Keynesian model-The Mundell-Fleming model with a fixed exchange rate-The Taylor Rule	4	1, 2
	2.2	Unconventional Monetary Policies-Monetary policy at the Zero Lower Bound-The real interest rate in the model International reserve flows- Reserve flows in the Mundell-Fleming model-The example of China's sterilization of inflows, 2003-08.	5	1, 2
	2.3	Mundell-Fleming with a floating rate: The model when the exchange rate is flexible-The example of Japan's 2012-15 monetary expansion - Mundell Fleming with perfect capital mobility: The model when the country loses control over its interest rate-The Impossible Trinity.	5	2

	1			
	Practicum	 Case Study: Japan's Quantitative Easing (2012-2015): Research Japan's aggressive monetary expansion during this period. Analyze the impact of quantitative easing on the Japanese yen exchange rate. Evaluate the effectiveness of this policy in stimulating economic growth and inflation. Research the recent debate on currency internationalization and the potential for the Indian Rupee to become a global reserve currency. Analyse the implications for India's exchange rate regime and monetary policy autonomy. 	10	1,2,3
		TA 9 may		
3		Special Open economy Topics	18	
	3.1	Global current account imbalances: what does the future hold in store?- Exchange rate policy as a tool of development policy - Exchange rate-based stabilization programs in developing countries.	4	1,3
	3.2	The Choice of Exchange Rate Regime: Fixed, Flexible, or Intermediate? - Reserve accumulation: costs and benefits - Time series properties of macroeconomic variables. Some basic issues.	4	1,2,3
	Practicum	Select a developing country that has implemented a recent ERBS program (e.g., Argentina's Convertibility Plan, Mexico's Tequila Crisis). Gather information about the program's goals, specific	10	1,2
		policies implemented (e.g., pegging the exchange rate), and its historical context. Research the economic situation of the chosen country		
		before the ERBS program. Analyze the factors that contributed to high inflation and external imbalances. Consider alternative policy options that might have been pursued .Student's will gain valuable insights into		
		the complexities of economic stabilization in		

		developing countries.		
4		SMALL OPEN ECONOMIES	17	
	4.1	The Salter-Swan SOE model- Devaluation in small open economies-Currency mismatch, balance sheets & contractionary devaluations.	5	1,3
	4.2	Introduction to crises in Emerging Market Economies (EMEs)- Sudden stops-Managing outflows The Dutch Disease-Macroeconomic consequences of a natural resource boom.	6	1,4
	Practicum	Select a country or region that has experienced a recent natural resource boom (e.g., oil discovery, mineral exploration). Discuss the potential signs of Dutch disease. Practicum 2: Kerala and the Dutch Disease. Discuss potential signs of the Dutch Disease in Kerala's economy.	6	1,3,4
5		Teacher specific Module		
	Teaching and Learning Approach	Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction) Classroom Lectures and Authentic Learning: Traditional lectures can provide solid factual knowledge Active-interactive learning, brainstorming, seminar, group activities: Foster student engagement through interactive class discussions Suggested Course Delivery Methods: CD1 - Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/ Projectors etc, CD2 - Tutorials/Assignments, CD3 - Class Seminars, CD4 - Peer group Discussions		
Assessment Types	A. Continu	MODE OF ASSESSMENT ous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) – 30 Marks		
		Components of CCA		
		Class Tests, Self and Peer Assessments, Open Book Test	s,	

Assignments, Case study Report,
Seminar/Viva
Project/Quiz/Book Review/Fieldwork etc.

B. End Semester Examination (ESE): 70 marks; Time 2 hours.

End Semester Examination (ESE) 2 Hours					
Descriptive type	Word Limit Number of questions to be answered Marks				
Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20		
Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$		
Total Marks 70					

References:

- 1. Gandolfo, G., International Finance and Open Economy Macroeconomics (Springer, 2001).
- 2. Rodseth, A., Open Economy Macroeconomics (Cambridge University Press, 2000).
- 3. Robert A. Blecker, Taming Global Finance: A Better Architecture for Growth and Equity (Washington: Economic Policy Institute, 1999).
- 4. Dornbusch, Rudiger, Open Economy Macroeconomics (New York: Basic Books, 1980).
- 5. Marrewijk, C. 2004. ``An Introduction to International Money and Foreign Exchange Markets,'` Working Paper Number 2004-02, The University of Adelaide.
- 6. Caves, Frankel & Jones, World Trade and Payments (WTP), 2007, Chapters 15 & 17.2
- 7. Caves, Frankel & Jones, WTP, Chapter 16.1 (pp.291-97) & Supplemt (pp. S43-S44).
- 8. Caves, Frankel and Jones WTP, Chapters 17.1, 17.3 & 18.1-18.2
- 9. Trevor Swan, 1963, "Longer Run Problems of the Balance of Payments," in H.W.Arndt & W.M.Corden, eds., The Australian Economy (Cheshire, Melbourne).
- 10. Guillermo Calvo, Leo Leiderman and Carmen Reinhart, 1996, "Inflows of Capital to Developing Countries in the 1990s," Journal of Economic Perspectives, 10, 2, Spring, 123-139.
- 11. W. Max Corden and J. Peter Neary, 1982, "Booming Sector and De-industrialisation in a Small Open Economy," The Economic Journal. Vol. 92, No. 368, Dec., pp. 825-848.
- 12. Jeffrey Sachs, 2007, "How to Handle the Macroeconomics of Oil Wealth," Escaping the Resource Curse, Humphreys, Sachs & Stiglitz, eds. (Columbia U. Press), pp.173-193



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Programme	BA (Hons) Econo	omics				
Course Name	Heterodox Econo	omics	\wedge			
Type of Course	DCE	A	√ 0	M	7	
Course Code	SJC8DCEECO40	06	WW(200	7(
Course Level	400-499	ДŢ.	TRUTI	ES	2)	
Course Summary	traditions such as feminist and green economic concept a critical stance th	Marxism, instance of the conomics, as that are being at concentrate arvey contem	titutionalism, j and more. The ng extensively es on philosop porary heteroo	post-Keynesiand a sim of this control was a sim of this control was a simulated and methodox approaches	schools of thought nism, evolutionary purse is to revisit a onomics curriculur nodological conside s to economic resea	economics, set of mbut with erations.
Semester	8	ST. JOS	Credits	COLLEG	4	Total Hours
Course Details	Learning Approach	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Others (Practicum)	
		3		1		75

Pre-	
requisites,	if
any	

An understanding of the evolution of the subject of Economics starting with the classical political Economy and ranging upto the modern schools of thought.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

CO No.	Expected Course Outcome Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	Learning Domains *	PO No
1	Understand the differences between Heterodox and Mainstream Economics.	U	10
2	Evaluate the Heterodox View of the Economy.	Е	01,10
3	Analyse the Heterodox perspectives with regard to central activities of the Economy.	An	01,10
4	Appreciate how Heterodox theories are critical of the Conventional Economic Theories.	Ap	01,06,10

^{*}Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Skill (S), Interest (I) and Appreciation (Ap)

COURSE CONTENT

Content for Classroom transaction (Units)

Module	Units	Course description	Hrs	CO No.
1		Introduction to Heterodox Economics	19	
	1.1	Heterodox Economics: Definition-Nature, Characteristic and Features of Heterodox Economics- Heterodox Vs Orthodox/Mainstream	4	1

 -			
	Eco	nomics	
	Lee	ionnes.	

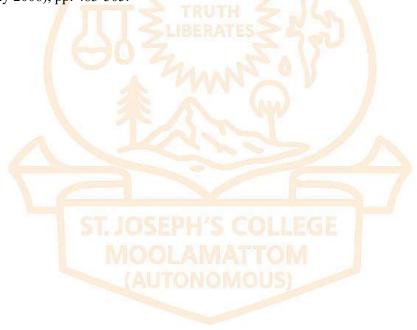
_				
	1.2	Various Heterodox Schools: Marxian, Institutional, Post Keynesian, Feminist, Ecological etc.(Overview only).	3	1
	1.3	Precursors of Heterodox Economics: Marx, Veblen and Keynes	2	1
	Practicum	Choose an economic issue: Pick a real-world economic problem, like income inequality or climate change.	10	1
		Analyze it from different perspectives and research how mainstream economics approaches the issue.		
		Explore how different heterodox schools (e.g., Marxist, feminist) view the same issue.		
		Compare & contrast the ideas and have a discussion in the classroom		
2		The Heterodox View of the Economy	18	
	2.1	Classical Political Economy- Transition From Classical Political Economy to Neoclassical Economics-Escape from Neoclassicals by the Heterodoxy and the revival of the socially embedded view of the economy of the Classical Political Economy.	5	2
	2.2	The Social Provisioning Process- Social surplus approach: Classical, Neoclassical and Heterodox.	4	2
	2.3	Cambridge controversies in the theory of capital-Heterodox views on Inequality, welfare, and economic performance.	3	2
	Practicum	Analyze the social provisioning of any of the resources through the lens of classical, neoclassical, and heterodox economics. Discuss it in class room.	6	2
3		On Production, Value and Distribution	19	
	3.1	Monetary theory of production: Capitalism as a Monetary Circuit- The	5	3
		principle of effective demand: Marx, Kalecki, and Keynes.		

1			1	ı
	3.2 Heterodox theories of value—Adam Smith, Ricardo, Marx and Sraffa. Heterodox theories of distribution—Classical, Marxian and Sraffian, The functional-size distribution nexus.		6	3
	3.3	Micro-Macro link in heterodox economics—Aggregates and aggregation—Problem of compositional Fallacy.	3	3,4
	Practicum	Research how different heterodox schools (e.g., Marxist, Post-Keynesian) approach the micro-macro link and income inequality.	5	3, 4
4		Heterodox Critique of Mainstream theories	19	
	4.1	Invention of Money and the Barter Myth, Heterodox reconstruction of trade theory: Criticism of the traditional trade theories.	4	4
	4.2	Heterodox Critique of Mainstream Exogenous theories of the Business Cycles: Marxian and Keynesian Approaches. Growth Critique: South and Marxian Approaches. Financialization and the crisis of Capitalism.	6	4
	Practicum	Can opt for any of the following activity: Research the work of economists critical of financialization, such as James Tobin, Hyman Minsky, and Joseph Stiglitz. Explore resources from organizations like the Bank for International Settlements (https://www.bis.org/) that analyze financial stability and propose regulatory reforms. Gain a basic understanding of financialization and its potential link to economic crises. Develop critical thinking skills by analyzing the issue from different perspectives. Explore potential policy solutions for promoting a more stable financial system.	9	4
		illianciai system.		

5			Teacher speci	fic Module		
Teaching and Learning Approach		Classroom Procedure (Mode of transaction)				
		Classroom Lectures solid factual knowled		Learning: Traditional 1	ectures can pro	vide
				torming, seminar, groutive class discussions.	p activities: Fo	oster
		Suggested Course D	elivery Metho	ds		
		o CD1 - Lecture by	use of boards/I	CD projectors/ Projector	rs etc.	
		o CD2 - Tutorials/A	ssignments			
		o CD3 - Class Semi	nars			
		o CD4 - Peer group	Discussions	αω		
Assessment Types		Class Te Assignm Seminar Project/0	Comests, Self and Penents, Case study Viva, Quiz/Book Rev	OF ASSESSMENT Assessment (CCA) – 30 I ponents of CCA eer Assessments, Open B by Report, iew/Fieldwork etc. SE): 70 marks; Time 2 h	ook Tests,	
		End	Semester Exa	mination (ESE) 2 Hour	s	
		Descriptive type	Word Limit	Number of questions to be answered	Marks	
		Short Answer	30 words	10 out of 15	10 x 2 =20	
		Short Essay	150 words	10 out of 15	$10 \times 5 = 50$	
			Total Marl	KS	70	

References:

- 1. Tae-Hee Jo, Lynne Chester, and Carlo D'Ippoliti, "The Routledge Handbook of Heterodox Economics: Theorizing, Analysing, and Transforming Capitalism", Routledge, New York.
- 2. David Colander, Richard P.F. Holt and J. Barkley Rosser Jr., "Live and Dead Issues in the Methodology of Economics", Journal of Post Keynesian Economics, Vol. 30, No. (Winter, 2007-2008), pp. 303-312.
- 3. David Dequech, "Neoclassical, Mainstream, Orthodox, and Heterodox Economics", Journal of Post Keynesian Economics 30(2):279-302.
- 4. Frederic Lee, "A History of Heterodox Economics Challenging the Mainstream in the Twentieth Century", Routledge, New York.
- 5. Frederic S. Lee (2018): Microeconomic Theory: A Heterodox Approach, Routledge.
- 6. Hendrik Van den Berg (2015): International Economics: A Heterodox Approach, Routledge.
- 7. Jonathan P. Goldstein and Michael G. Hillard (2009): Heterodox Macroeconomics: Keynes, Marx and globalization, Routledge.
- 8. Marc Lavoie, "Post-Keynesian Economics: New Foundations", Edward Elgar.
- 9. Marc Lavoie, "Introduction to Post-Keynesian Economics", Palgrave Macmillan.
- 10. Sheila Dow, "Heterodox Economics: A Common Challenge to Mainstream Economics?", in Eckhard Hein, Achim Truger, "Money, Distribution and Economic Policy: Alternatives to Orthodox Macroeconomics", Edward Elgar Publishing.
- 11. Tony Lawson, "The Nature of Heterodox Economics", Cambridge Journal of Economics, Vol. 30, No. 4 (July 2006), pp. 483-505.



Project

The student attending the Honours Programme in Economics should complete a project. The project has 12 credits and its intended to develop research skills of the students.

Project (Semester 8)		
Course Code	Course Abbreviation	Credit
SJC8PRJECO400	PRJ	12

The programme awards 12 credits for the project component, and the assessment has two components –Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) and End Semester Examination (ESE). Mark division and the components for the two segments are shown in the table.

Type of assessment	Mark <mark>s</mark> for the Project	Marks for the Components
CCA	60 marks	(a) Research Problem and its presentation (10), (b) Methodology (15), (c) Analysis (20), (d) Interpretation, Findings and Suggestions (15).
ESE	140 marks	(a) Project Report (100) and (b) Viva (40).
Total	200 marks	

Formal requirements for the Project Report

Each student should prepare a Project Report, typed on a computer and comply with the following requirements: a) Font: Times New Roman/Verdana/Bookman Old Style/Georgia (or any other suitable font), font size 12 and a line spacing of 1.5. The minimum length of the internship report is 60 pages (A4 Size) excluding the references, endnotes, appendices and the cover/certificate/content pages. A soft copy of the project in PDF/Word format should also be kept by the Department for future reference.

Internship Evaluation Guidelines

Each student attending the programme should complete an internship programme. The internship evaluation has two components internal and external with a total mark of 50. Internal evaluation has 15 marks whereas external evaluation has 35 marks. Following are the criteria for internal and external valuations.

Internship Report:- Total Marks: 50

The internship evaluation has two components: (A) Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) for 15 marks and (B) Internship Report Evaluation (ESE) for 35 marks.

(A) Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA): 15 marks

Contin	Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)				
Sl No	Components				
1	Definition of the Internship Work/Area/Problem.	5			
2	Use of Methodology.				
3	Analysis/Argumentation/Findings and Suggestions.				
	Total	15			

(B) Internship Report Evaluation (ESE): 35 marks

Intern	Internship Report Evaluation		
Sl No	Components	Marks	
1	Definition of the Internship Work/Area/Problem.	10	
2	Use of Methodology.	10	
3	Analysis/Argumentation/Findings and Suggestions.	15	
	Total	35	

Formal requirements for the Internship Report

The Report must be typed on a computer and comply with the following requirements: a) Font: Times New Roman (or any other suitable font), font size 12 and a line spacing of 1.5. The minimum length of the internship report is 25 pages (A4 Size) excluding the references, endnotes, appendices and the cover/certificate/content pages. The Report should follow the following recommended structure:

A) Introduction, B) Nature of the internship engagement C) Internship Problem or Area/ D) Data and Methodology (if required), E) Skills, Analysis techniques applied during internship, F) Summary of the internship engagement and conclusion and, g) References.
